

Service Manual

Design

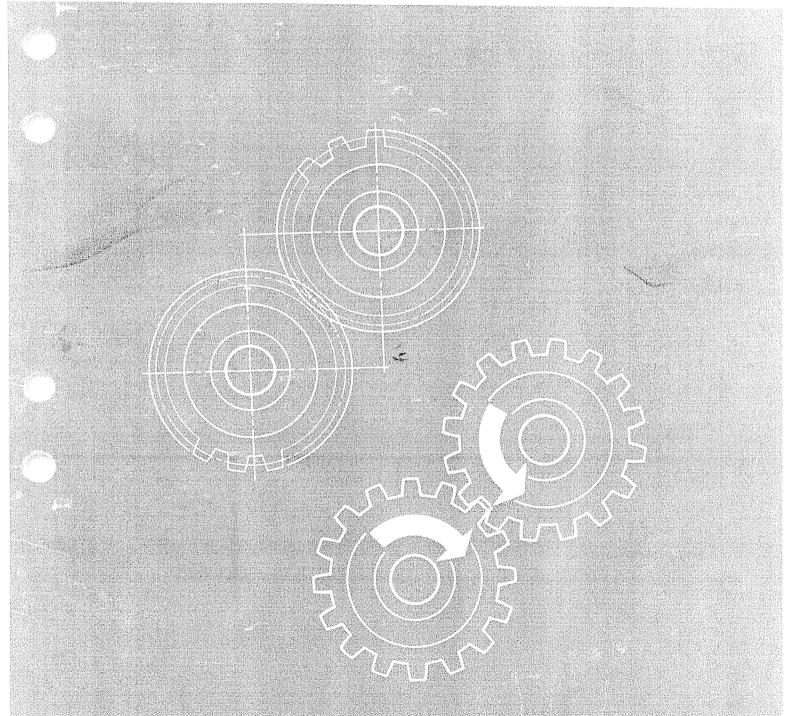
Function

Section 2

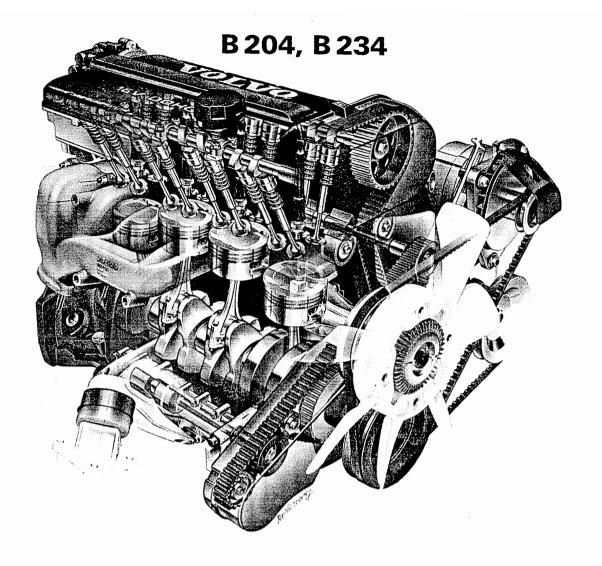
Engine B234F

740, 1988-19 . . .

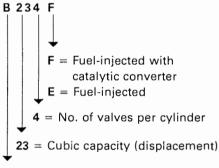
TP 31304/2 09.88



Volvo Car Corporation



Key to designations



B = Petrol (gasoline)

B234 = Basic engine

B 204 = B 234 with smaller bore

This manual deals with the following engine types:

Туре	Model year
B 204 E	1989–
B 234 F	1988–

Volvos are sold in versions adapted for different markets. These adaptations depend on many factors including legal, taxation and market requirements.

This manual may therefore show illustrations and text which do not apply to cars in your country.

Volvo owners planning to export their car(s) to another country should investigate the applicable safety and exhaust emission requirements. In some cases it may be impossible to comply with these requirements.

Order No.: TP 31311/1

We reserve the right to make alterations

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Part number: TP 31311/1

The right to introduce changes without prior notice is reserved.

Important information





Tightening torques

The torques specified in this manual are shown in one of two ways:

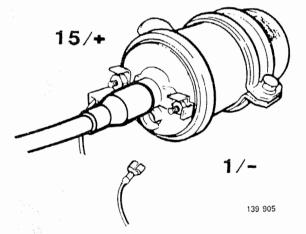
- Values which must be applied with a torque wrench are indicated in bold print, thus: Tighten to 40 Nm (29 ft.lb).
- Recommended values which need not be applied with a torque wrench are shown in ordinary print, thus: Tighten to 40 Nm (29 ft.lb).

Ignition system

Warning! The ignition system operates at high power, with dangerous voltages in both the low-tension and high-tension circuits.

Dangerous voltage levels occur in all parts of the ignition system, including connectors and similar fittings.

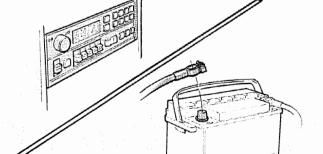




Compression testing

Disconnect the lead from **terminal 1** on the ignition coil to prevent flashover to the electrical system wiring.

Disconnect the injector connectors to avoid flooding the engine, diluting the engine oil etc.



Battery

Do not disconnect the battery leads while the engine is running.

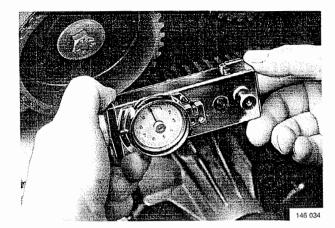
Disconnect the battery leads when boost charging.

Do not use a supply higher than 15 A/16 V when jump starting the engine.

Radios with microprocessors

To avoid damage to the microprocessor, the radio must be switched off before disconnecting the battery earth lead.

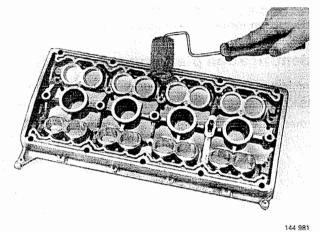
Important information



Timing and balance shaft belts

It is essential that the timing and camshaft belts be tensioned **exactly** to the values stated in the specifications. (See page 11.)

Belt tension gauge 998 8500 must be used for this purpose

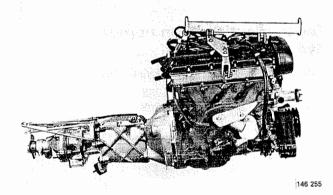


Liquid sealing compound

The joint between the camshaft carrier and cylinder head on the B 204 E and B 234 F engines is sealed with a liquid sealing compound (liquid gasket).

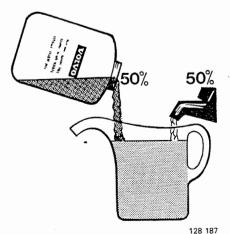
It is essential that the joint faces be **thoroughly cleaned** and that all traces of oil be removed before applying the compound.

The compound is applied with a short-haired roller.



Suspended engine

Caution! Before carrying out work on a suspended engine, ensure that the lifting equipment is securely attached and is in perfect condition.



Coolant

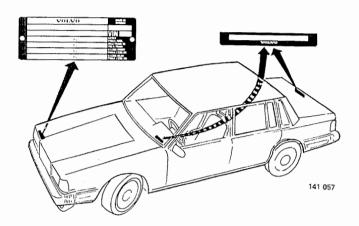
Genuine Volvo coolant diluted with **clean** water in proportions of **50/50** is the only coolant which can be guaranteed by Volvo. This mixture prevents corrosion and freezing damage.

Type C coolant (blue-green) must not be mixed with any other type.

The coolant must be changed **every second year** to ensure continued protection against corrosion.

Use only type C coolant as a replacement.

Group 20 General



PLATES AND LABELS

Product plate

Located over right-hand headlamp.

Information includes identification number (type designation).

Identification plate (type designation)

Scandinavia: Located on upper rear member in boot.

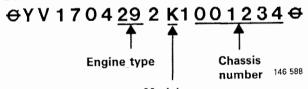
USA, Canada: Located at top left of instrument panel.

Other markets: No plate.

USA/Canada

⊕YV1DX894XK1000000€

Other



Model year designation

Key to identification number (type designation)

Engine type

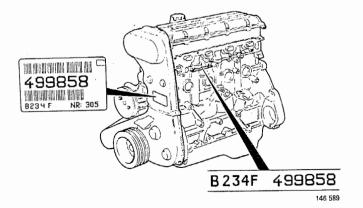
Model year designation

29 = B 204 E

J = 1988

89 = B 234 F

K = 1989

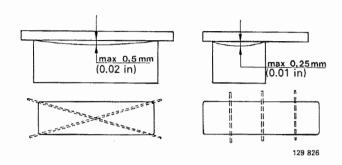


Engine serial and part numbers

Punched on left-hand side of cylinder block.

The transmission (timing) cover also carries a label specifying the engine type, part number and serial number.

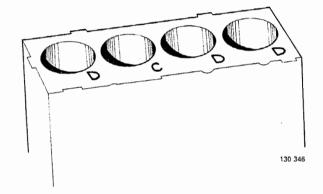
Group 21 Engine



CYLINDER HEAD

Max. distortion

Max. distortion without machining: Longitudinal 0.50 mm (0.02 in) Lateral 0.25 mm (0.01 in)
The cylinder head must be replaced if the distortion exceeds 1.0 mm (0.04 in) along the length or 0.50 mm (0.02 in) across the width.
Height of cylinder head as new
machining



CYLINDER BLOCK

Bores

Standard	B 204	B 234
Bore marked C	88.90 mm	96.00
	(3.5000 in)	(3.7795 in)
Bore marked D	88.91 mm	96.01 mm
	(3.5004 in)	(3.7799 in)
Bore marked E	88.92 mm	96.02 mm
	(3.5008 in)	(3.7803 in)
Bore marked G	88.94 mm	96.04 mm
	(3.5016 in)	(3.7811 in)

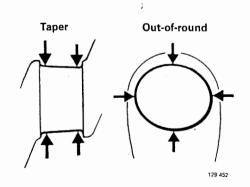
Oversize

Oversize 1	89.29 mm	96.30 mm
	(3.5154 in)	(3.7913 in)
O O	00 07	06 60
Oversize 2	89.67 mm	96.60 mm



Crankshaft journals

Max. out-of-round 0.01 mm		
Max. taper	(0.0003	in)
Diameter, standard49.00 mm	(1.9646	in)
undersize 1 48.75 mm	(1.9193	in)
undersize 2 45.50 mm	(1.7913	in)
Bearing seat width . 25.00±1.1 mm (0.9834	±0.0433	in)



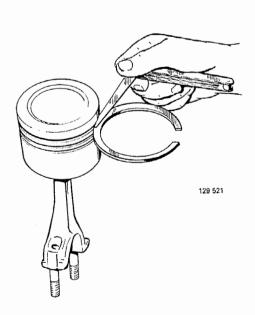
A D 137 551

A = Total height of piston

B = Height from gudgeon pin centre to crown

 Piston diameter to be measured at right-angles to gudgeon pin hole, at distance C from edge of skirt

D = Piston diameter



PISTONS

Piston diameter

Engine type	Dimensions, mm (in)		
•	А	В	С
B 204	67.1 (2.64)	39.1 (1.54)	13.4 (0.53)
B 234	68.7 (2.70)	39.9 (1.57)	11.0 (0.43)

Piston diameter (D)

B 204	B 234
88.88 mm ^{+0.01}	95.98 mm ^{+0.01}
$(3.4992 in {}^{+0.0004}_{0)}$	$(3.7787 in {}^{+0.0004}_{0)}$
88.89 mm ^{+0.01}	95.99 mm ^{+0.01}
(3.4996 in +0.0004	(3.7791 in +0.0004
88.90 mm ^{+0.01}	96.00 mm +0.01
(3.5000 in +0.0004	(3.7795 in +0.0004
88.91 mm +0.01	96.02 mm ^{+0.01}
$(3.5004 in {}^{+0.0004}_{0})$	(3.7803 in +0.0004 o)
89.27 mm ^{+0.01}	96.28 mm ^{+0.01}
(3.5146 in +0.0004	(3.7906 in +0.0004
89.65 mm ^{+0.01}	96.58 mm ^{+0.01}
(3.5295 in +0.0004	(3.8024 in +0.0004 o)
	88.88 mm +0.01 (3.4992 in +0.0004 88.89 mm +0.01 (3.4996 in +0.0004 88.90 mm +0.01 (3.5000 in +0.0004 88.91 mm +0.01 (3.5004 in +0.0004 89.27 mm +0.01 (3.5146 in +0.0004 89.65 mm +0.01 (3.5295 in +0.0004

Piston weight

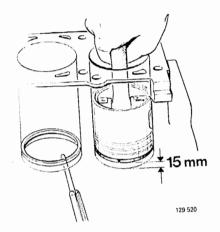
B 204	
Max. difference in weight between pistons in same engine:)

Piston clearance

B 204, B 234..... 0.010-0.030 mm (0.0004-0.0012 in)

Piston rings, side clearance

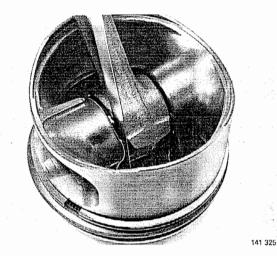
Upper compress	
B 204	. 0.040-0.072 mm (0.0016-0.0028 in)
B 234	. 0.060–0.092 mm (0.0024–0.0036 in)
Lower compress	on ring
В 204	. 0.030-0.062 mm (0.0012-0.0024 in)
	. 0.040-0.072 mm (0.0016-0.0028 in)
Oil scraper ring	
B 204	. 0.020-0.055 mm (0.0008-0.0022 in)
	. 0.030-0.065 mm (0.0012-0.0026 in)



Piston ring gap

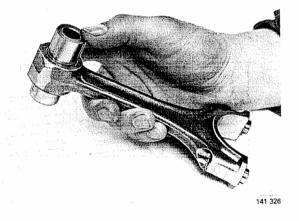
Piston ring gap is measured with crown of inverted piston 15 mm(0.6 in) from bottom of cylinder.

	mpression rings 0.30-0.50 mm (0.012-0.020 in) 0.30-0.55 mm (0.012-0.022 in)
Oil scraper ring	
B 204	0.25–0.50 mm (0.010–0.020 in)
B 234	0.30–0.60 mm (0.012–0.024 in)



Piston/connecting rod, side clearance

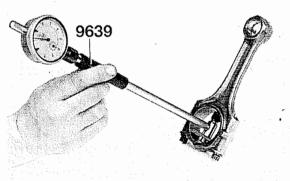
B 204, B 234 0.15–0.45 mm (0.006–0.018 in)



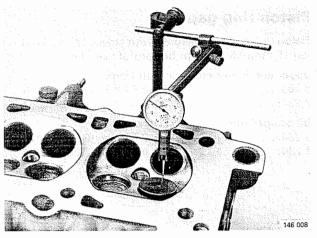
Gudgeon pin, fit in con rod

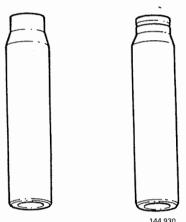
The gudgeon pin should slide through the hole without noticeable play when pressed gently with the thumb.

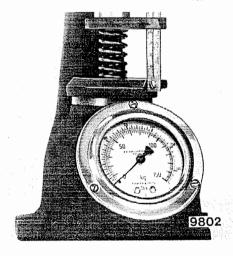
B 204, B 234 Gudgeon pin diameter23.0 mm (0.9055 in)



Connecting rods, big end bearing seat











VALVE ASSEMBLIES

Valve guides

Lift yalve approx. 2–3 mm (1/10 in) clear of seat when checking guides.

Clearance between new components:

Max. clearance, used components:

Marking and dimensions of valve guides

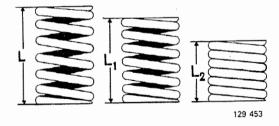
Guide, P/N	
No. of grooves:	
Guide, P/N	
Oversize: Outside dia	12.1 mm (0.4764 in)
No. of grooves:	

Valve springs

Outside dia	26.2 mm	(1.0315	in)
Inside dia	18.1 mm	(0.7126	in)

Length, mm (in)	Load, N (lb)
1 · 43.0 (1.69)	0 (0)

L1: 37.0 (1.46) 232±20 (52±4.5) L2: 26.5 (1.04) 640±40 (144±9)



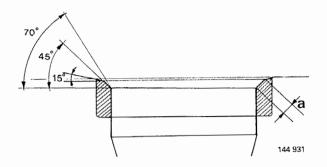
Valve seats

Since the seats are not marked, the dimensions must be measured.

Valve seat diameter B 234	Intake	Exhaust
Standard	36.14 mm (1.4228 in)	
Oversize	36.64 mm (1.4425 in)	
B 204		
Standard	34.14 mm	
•	(1.3441. in)	
Oversize		31.64 mm (1.2457 in)

146 027

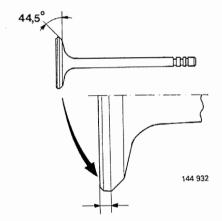
146 009



Valve seats, machining

Machine valve seats to following angles:

Seating face, intake/exhaust 45° Relief angle, upper 15° Relief angle, lower 70°
Valve seat width (a) Intake

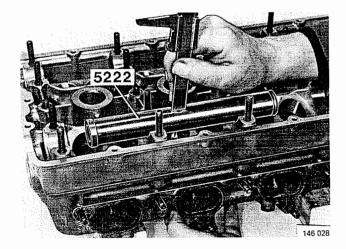


Valves, machining

Machine-grind intake valves to following angles:

_						
Seating face				'	14	. 5 °
Edge width, new valve	1.	5 n	nm	(0.05	9	in)
Min. edge width after grinding	1.	2 n	nm	(0.04)	7	in)

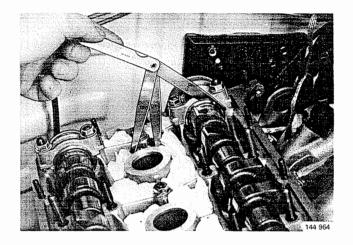
Caution! Exhaust valves are stellite-coated and must be ground only with grinding paste (carborundum).



Valve stems

Valve stem height 49.4 ± 0.4 mm (1.9449±0.0157 in)
Max. machining allowance 0.4 mm (0.0157 in)
Length, new valve:
Intake
Exhaust 122.25 ± 0.2 mm (4.8130 ± 0.0079 in)

N.B. Correct valve stem height is essential to satisfactory operation of hydraulic tappets.



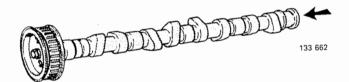
CAMSHAFTS

Axial clearance

Place camshafts in bearing seats.

Replace rear bearing caps and tighten nuts.

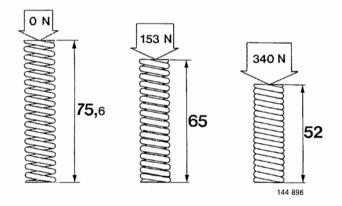
Axial clearance 0.05–0.40 mm (0.0020–0.0157 in)



Marking, lift height

The camshafts are marked at the rear.

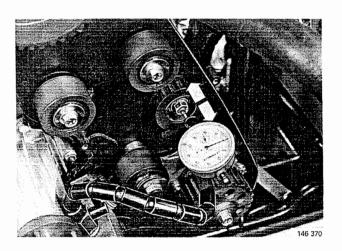
Camshaft profile	Marking
Intake	U1
Exhaust	U



Timing belt, tensioning spring

Length, mm (in)	Load, N (lb)
75.6 (2.98)	0 (0)
65.0 (2.56)	153 (34.5)
52.0 (2.05)	340 (76.5)





BALANCE SHAFTS

Axial clearance

Axial clearance 0.06-0.19 mm (0.0024-0.0075 in)

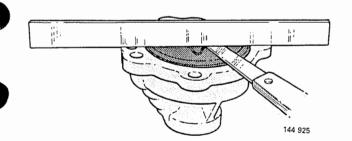
Belt tension - table of values

	Timing belt			Balance shaft belt		
Coolant temp.	Check measurement, limiting values*	Existing belt	New belt	Existing belt	New belt	
20°C (68°F)	< 2,5 > 3,5	3,2±0,3	3,8±0,3	3,4±0,2	3,8±0,2	
40°C (104°F)	< 3,2 > 4,2	3,9±0,3	4,4±0,3	3,9±0,2	4,3±0,2	
87°C (187°F)	< 4,6 > 5,3	5,1±0,2	5,5±0,2	4,6±0,2	4,9±0,2	

^{*}Check to be carried out 10 000 km(6 250 miles) (USA: 5 000 miles) after belt replacement

< = less than

> = greater than

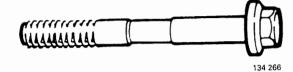


OIL PUMP

Axial clearance of rotors

Axial clearance of inner and outer rotors in pump housing:

Specified clearance . 0.05-0.10 mm (0.0020-0,0040 in) (Measured with pump dry)



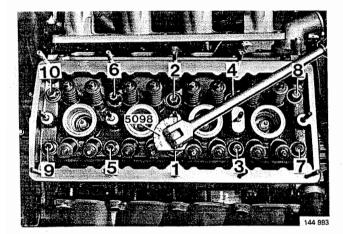
TIGHTENING TORQUES

Specified torque values refer to oiled nuts and bolts. Degreased (washed) components must be oiled prior to assembly.

Any bolt showing signs of elongation must be replaced. This will be indicated clearly by thinning of the mid-section.

Bolts should be reused not more than 5 times.

Replace bolts if in any doubt regarding above.



Cylinder head

Insert and tighten bolts in three stages in specified order (see illustration):

 $1 = 20\pm2 \text{ Nm} (15\pm1.5 \text{ ft.lb})$

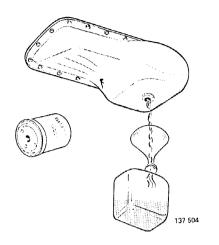
 $2 = 40 \pm 5 \text{ Nm} (30 \pm 4 \text{ ft.lb})$

3 = Tighten through 115°±10°

Component	Nm	(ft.lb)
Crankshaft,* stage 1	20	(15)
stage 2tighten through		
Flywheel (use new bolts)	70	(52)
Spark plugs (do not oil)	25 (±5)	(18 ± 4)
Camshaft drive pulleys		(37)
Timing belt idler pulleys		(18)
Timing belt tensioner		(37)
Camshaft bearing caps	20	(15)
Balance shaft drive pulleys	50	(37)
Balance shaft belt tensioner	40	(30)
Camshaft carrier (central bolted joint)	20	(15)
Oil pump		(7)
Oil pump pulley, stage 1	20	(15)
stage 2tighten through	60°	
Crankshaft, pulley centre bolt, stage 1	60	(44)
stage 2 tighten through	60°	

^{*} Original bolts may be used if length does not exceed 55.5 mm (2.19 in)

Group 22 Lubrication system



Engine oil

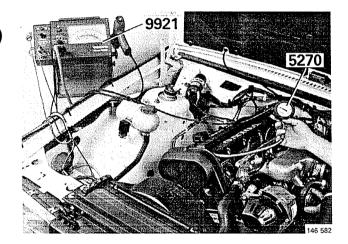
When replacing filter only: Top up with 0.5 I (0.5 US qt).

GRADE OF OIL

As per API-Service......min. SF*
As per CCMC......class G2/G3

* Oils designated SF/CC and SF/CD fulfil this requirement.

Volvo does not recommend the use of additives, since these may have an adverse effect on engine life.

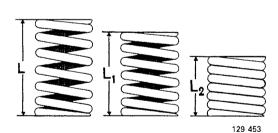


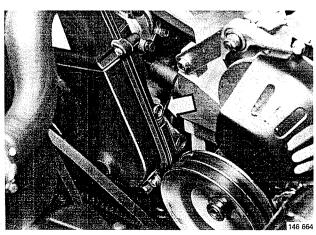
OIL PRESSURE (min)

15 r/s (900 r/min)	0.10 MPa (14.5 lb/in²)
33 r/s (2000 r/min)	0.25 MPa (36 lb/in²)
50 r/s (3000 r/min)	0.50 MPa (72.5 lb/in ²
Max. oil pressure (relief valve setting)	0.80 MPa (116 lb/in²)
$(1 \text{ MPa} = 145 \text{ lb/in}^2)$	

Relief valve spring (length at different loads):

Load, N (lb)	Length, mm (in)
0	
44±4 (10±0.9)	
61±6 (14±1.4)	

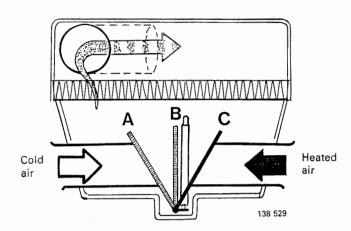




Relief valve

Tightening torque..........40 \pm 4 Nm (29.5 \pm 3 ft.lb)

Group 25 Intake and exhaust system

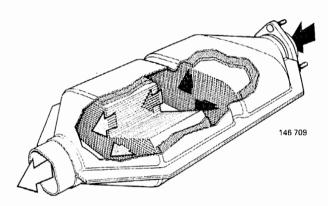


Air cleaner

Damper setting at different outside temperatures:

 $A = < +5^{\circ}C$ (41°F) (heated air only) $B = approx. +10^{\circ}C$ (50°F)

 $C = +15^{\circ}C$ (59°F) (cold air only)



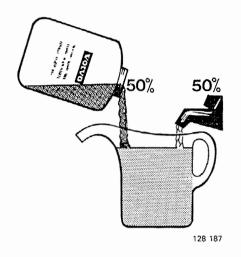
Catalytic converter

The catalytic converter has the effect of reducing the CO content on reaching ignition temperature (450°C/840°F).

Tightening of flange bolts

The catalytic converter mounting flange bolts must be pulled up after the first 1 000–2 000 km (625– 1 250 miles) of driving.

Group 26 Cooling system



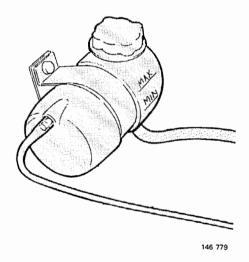
Coolant - composition - warranty

Genuine Volvo coolant diluted with clean water in proportions of 50/50 is the only coolant guaranteed by Volvo to prevent corrosion and freezing damage.

Type C (blue-green) coolant may not be mixed with any other type.

The coolant must be changed every second year to ensure protection against corrosion.

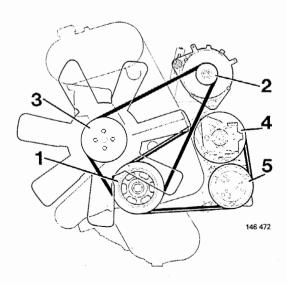
Only type C coolant should be used as a replacement.



Expansion tank

Thermostat

Marking	87
Opening commences at86-88	
Full opening at	97°C (207°F)



Auxiliary drive belts

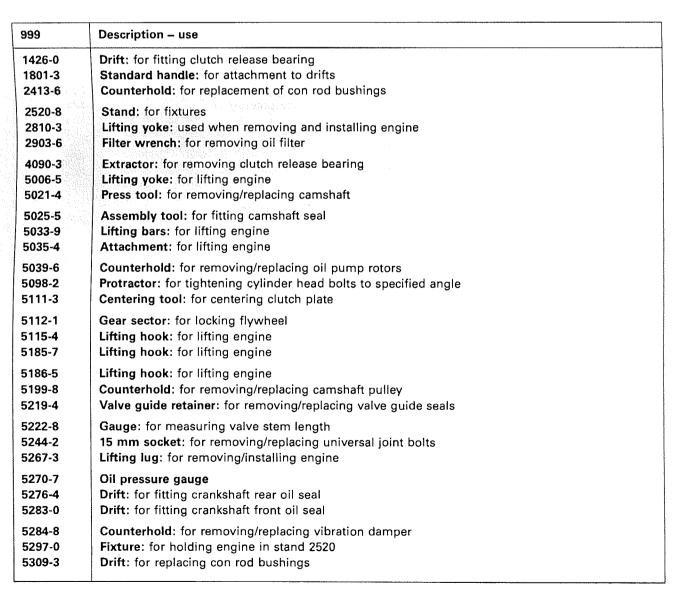
On cars with AC, the compressor and servo pump are driven by twin drive belts.

- 1. Crankshaft pulleys
- 2. Alternator
- 3. Radiator fan
- Servo pump
 AC compressor

AlternatorHC 4	17*1288*1
Servo pumpHC 5	0*1063*1
AC compressor/servo pump	50*1188*2

Description – use
Starter switch: for turning engine
Milling tool: for machining valve seats
Piston ring compressor: for fitting pistons in block
L155 extension sleeve: for compression tester

998	Description – use	
5424-2	Piston ring holder: for removing/refitting piston rings	
5496-0	Pressure tester: for pressure testing cooling system	
6045-5	Mira valve seat milling tool	
6052-0	Valve clamp: for removing/refitting valve collets	
8500-6	Belt tension gauge: for checking tension of timing/balance shaft belts	

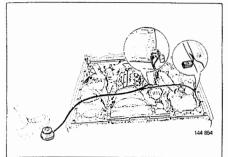




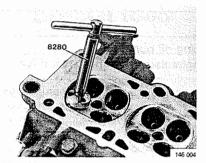




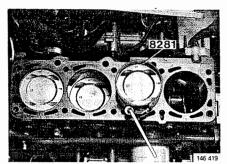
999	Description – use
5361-9 5362-2 5363-0	Assembly tool: for replacing oil pump seal Counterhold: for removing/replacing balance shaft drive pulley Fixture: for removing/replacing valve guides
5364-8 5365-5 5366-3	Drift: for removing/replacing valve guides Drift: for removing/replacing valve guides Drift: for removing/replacing valve guides
5367-1 5368-9 5369-7	Reamer: for reaming valve guides internally Drift: for fitting intake valve seats Drift: for fitting exhaust valve seats
5373-9 5376-2 5377-0	Reamer: for oversize valve guides Extractor: for removing balance shaft housing Drift: for fitting intake valve seats
5378-8 5379-6 5871-2	Drift: for fitting exhaust valve seats Drift: for fitting valve stem seals Lifting lug: for removing/installing engine
5872-0 5972-8 5996-7	Guide: spacer for 5284 Fixture: for removing/installing gearbox Assembly tool: for fitting balance shaft seals
9639-9 9678-7 9689-4	Dial gauge: for internal measurements Honing tool: dia. 60–105 mm Compression tester: for petrol engines
9701-7 9702-5 9704-1	Micrometer: 0–25 mm Micrometer: 25–500 mm Micrometer: 75–100 mm
9802-3 9921-1	Spring tester: for measuring spring load/length Volvo Monotester



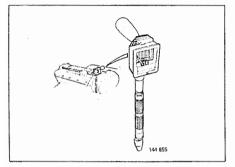
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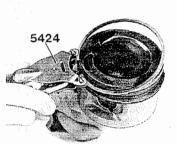
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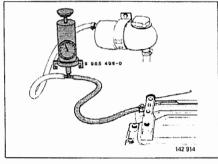
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115 **8540**

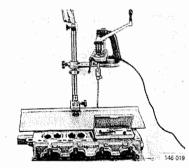


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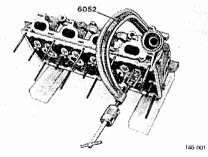


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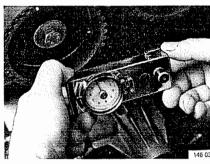
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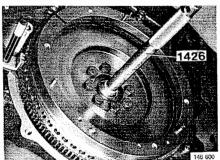
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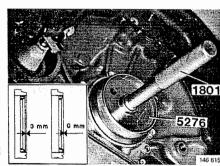
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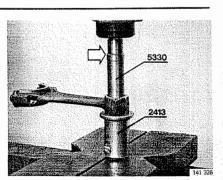
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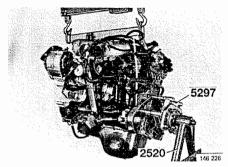
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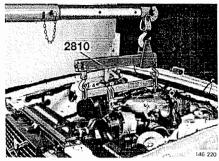


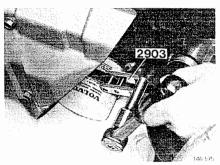
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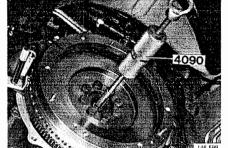


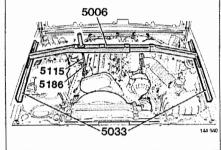


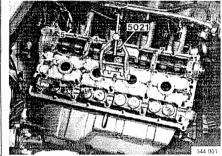
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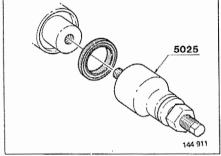


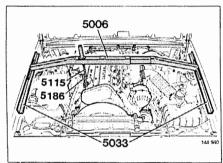


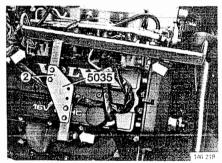
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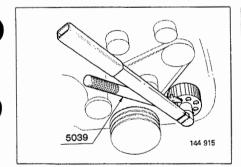


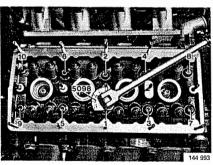


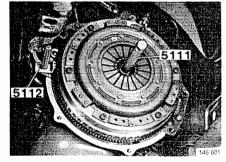
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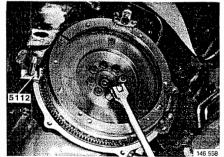


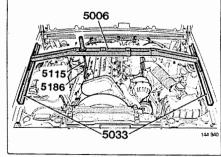


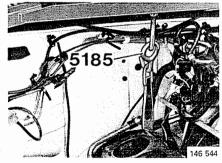
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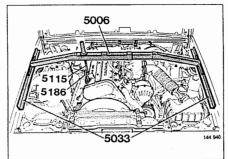


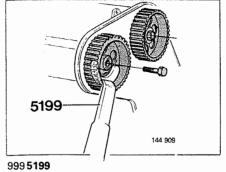
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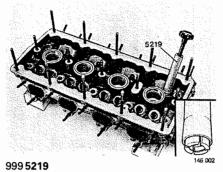
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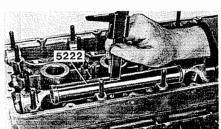
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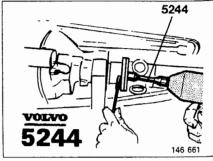
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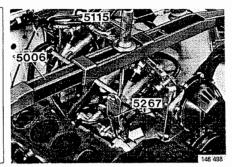








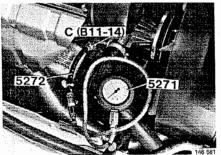


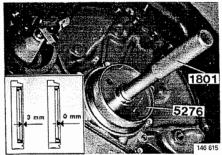


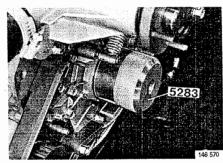


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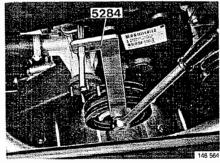


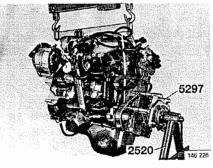


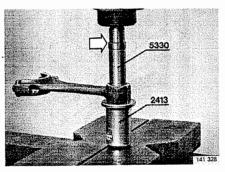
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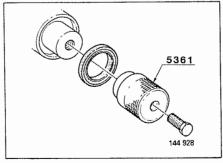


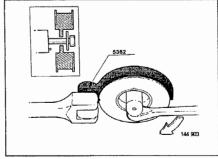


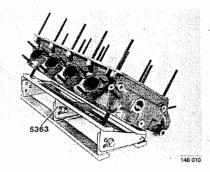
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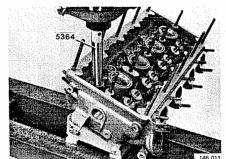




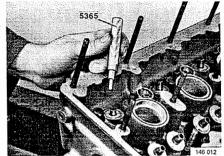
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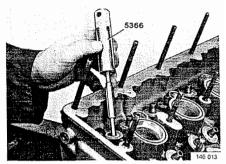
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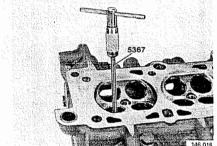
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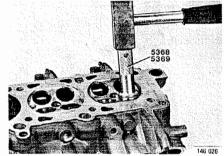
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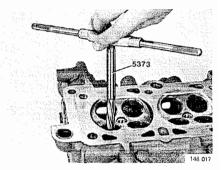
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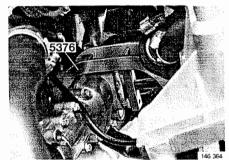
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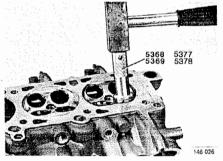
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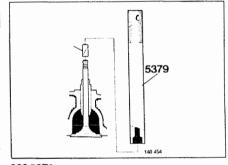
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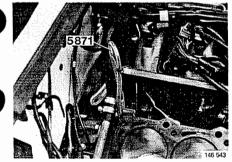
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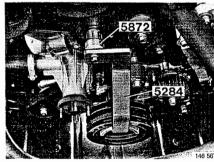
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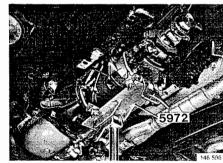
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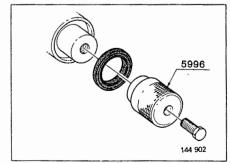
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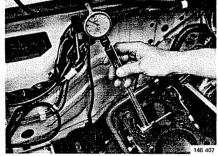
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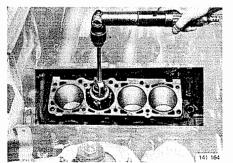
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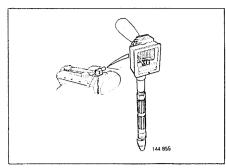
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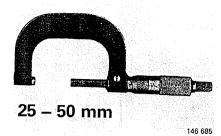


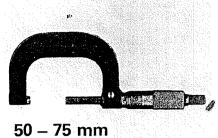
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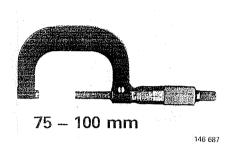


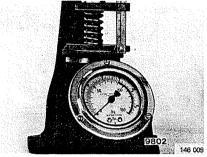
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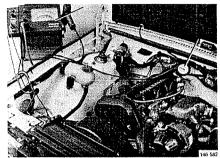
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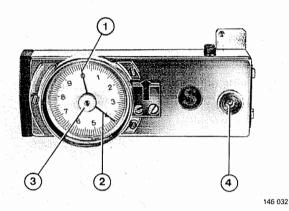
999**9921**

Belt tension gauge - use and calibration

Group 20 General

Belt tension gauge - use and calibration

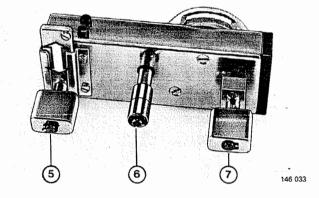
It is essential that the belts be **correctly tensioned** to ensure maximum reliability and long life. Gauge **998 8500** must be used to adjust the tension to the correct value.

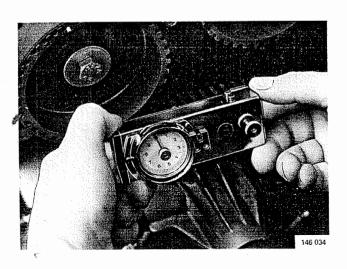


Components of gauge

- 1. Indicator
- 2. Indication marker
- 3. Marker adjuster
- 4. Movable guide latch

- 5. Movable guide
- 6. Sensing roller
- 7. Fixed guide



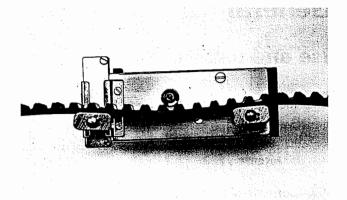


Measurement

Check that gauge is zeroed

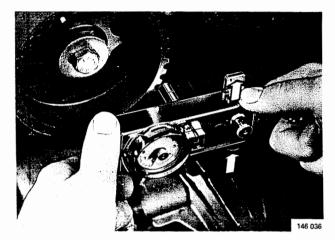
Turn dial to zero indicator. Release movable guide.

Belt tension gauge - use and calibration



Place gauge on belt

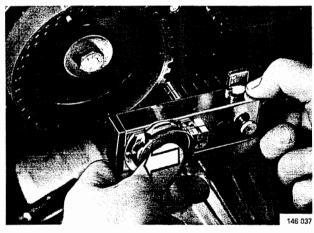
Position sensing roller between two teeth.



Raise movable guide

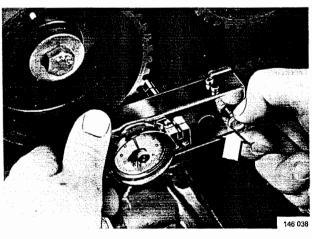
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Raise guide until it locks in upper position.



Hold gauge in neutral position against belt

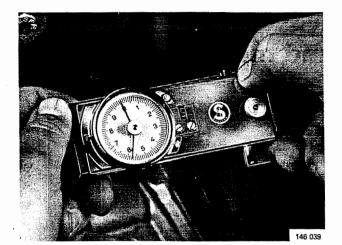
Hold gauge without pressing upwards or downwards. Set indication marker to coincide with indicator.



Release movable guide

Pull out movable guide latch.

Belt tension gauge - use and calibration



Remove gauge from belt and read indicated value

Calibration

146 040

Gauge must be calibrated

- after prolonged use (approx. 100 measurements),
- following exposure to minor shocks.

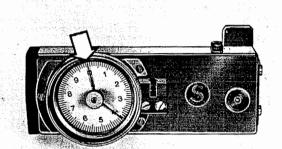


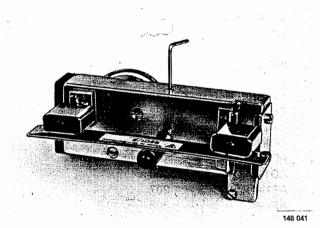
Turn dial until indicator reads zero.

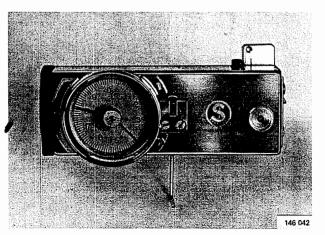


Position plate with projections in contact with guides.

Press movable guide upwards until locked in upper position.







Calibration value

Gauge should now read 4.0 units.

If value is incorrect: Adjust using 1.5 mm Allen key inserted in hole 1 in bottom of gauge.

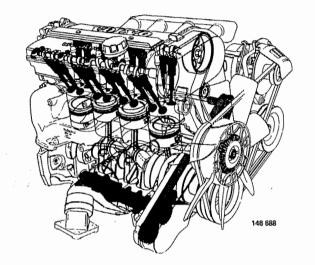
Caution! Adjustment must be limited to within \pm 1 unit of the calibration value. If error is greater, return instrument to Volvo Parts for repair.

Group 21 Engine and mountings

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Design/function Engine

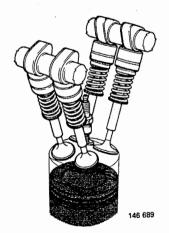


Features common to B 204 and B 234 engines:

- In-line, 4-cylinder, liquid-cooled engine
- Inclined 20° to right for installation purposes
- Cast iron cylinder block with cylinders bored directly in block
- Cast light-alloy pistons
- Forged steel connecting rods and crankshaft
- Light-alloy cylinder head
- Cross-flow configuration i.e. intake and exhaust passages located on opposite sides of combustion chambers
- Twin overhead camshafts
- Four valves per cylinder
- Two externally-mounted balance shafts
- Camshafts, balance shafts and oil pump driven by toothed belts

Differences between basic B 204 engine and B 234:

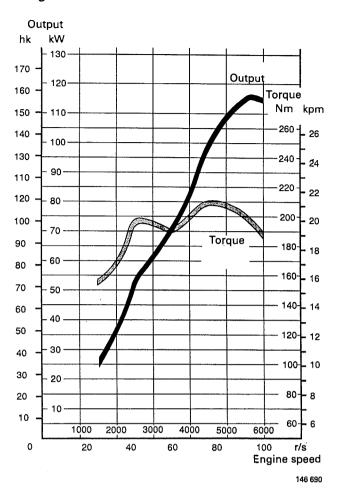
- Cubic capacity (2.0 litre)
- Pistons (smaller diameter)
- Valves (smaller diameter)
- Balance shafts (lower moment of inertia)



Four valves per cylinder

The introduction of four valves per cylinder improves engine 'breathing'. Gas flow conditions in the cylinders are improved, producing more complete combustion of the fuel/air mixture and improving the efficiency of the engine.

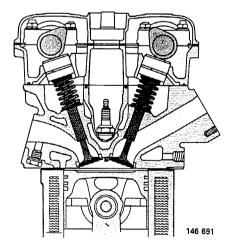
Design/function



Output and torque diagram for 1988 <u>B 234 F</u> engine

As the curves show, maximum output is achieved at 5800 r/min while maximum torque is developed at 4450 r/min.

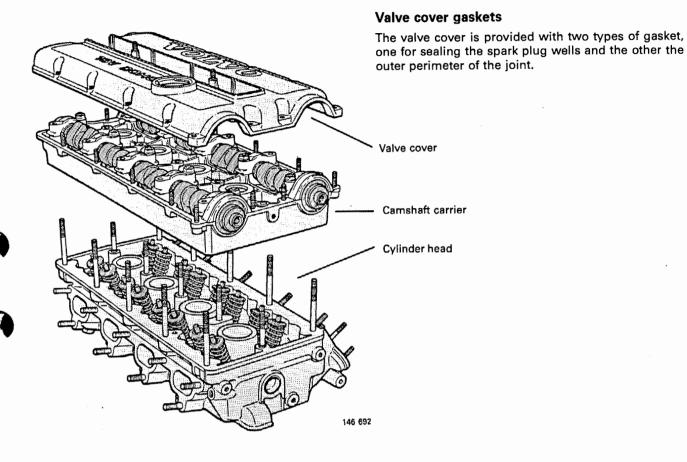
Overrun protection operates at 6200 r/min. (Maximum speed varies somewhat depending on market and model variant.)

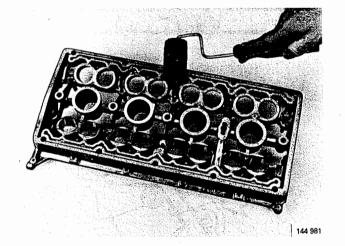


Twin overhead camshafts

The valves are operated by twin overhead camshafts through hydraulic tappets. The oil-filled tappets are self-adjusting.

Since the valve guides are inclined at an angle of 19° to the vertical, the use of a special tool is recommended when replacing the components.





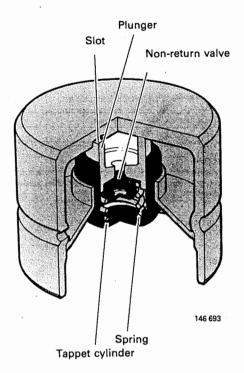
The joint between the camshaft carrier and cylinder head is sealed in two ways:

- The spark plug wells are sealed using four O-rings and a liquid sealing compound (liquid gasket).
- A liquid sealing compound is used to seal the flat mating surfaces between the components.

It is essential that the surfaces be thoroughly cleaned and that all traces of oil be removed before applying new sealing compound.

The compound is applied with a short-haired roller.

Design/function

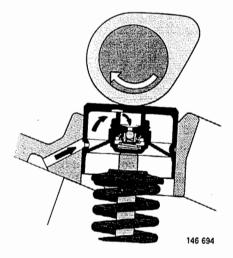


Hydraulic tappets

The valves are operated by twin overhead camshafts through hydraulic tappets. The oil-filled tappets are self-adjusting.

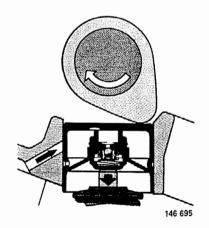
Each tappet is held in contact with the camshaft by a spring in the tappet cylinder. The spring force is lower than that of the valve spring to ensure that the valve is free to expand linearly.

A non-return valve prevents the escape of oil when the camshaft is operating the tappet and when the oil pressure in the tappet cylinder is higher than the engine oil pressure.



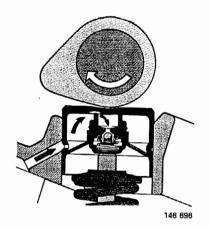
Tappet in contact with base circle of cam

Oil from the camshaft carrier is forced into the tappet through a groove and a series of holes in the side, entering the plunger through a slot in the top. Since the engine oil pressure is higher than that in the tappet cylinder when the tappet is not operated by the cam, the oil flows through the non-return valve into the tappet cylinder.



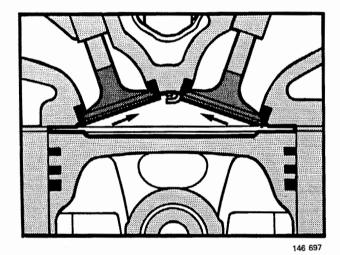
Tappet operated by cam

The oil pressure in the tappet cylinder now exceeds the engine oil pressure, closing the non-return valve and effectively making the assembly a solid component.



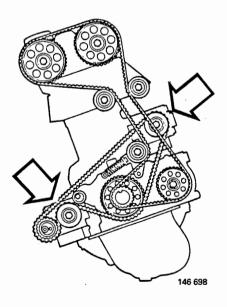
Tappet resumes contact with base circle of cam

The engine oil pressure again exceeds that in the tappet cylinder, opening the non-return valve and admitting oil to maintain the tappet in contact with the cam.



Combustion chamber

The 'pent-roof' combustion chamber features squish zones which force the fuel/air mixture towards the centre of the chamber as the piston approaches top dead centre (TDC) on the compression stroke — a feature which promotes excellent mixing as the fuel approaches the spark plug. The resultant short combustion path promotes rapid combustion, reducing the risk of selfignition (or knock) and enabling a high compression ratio to be used. This, in turn, yields high performance at low fuel consumption.

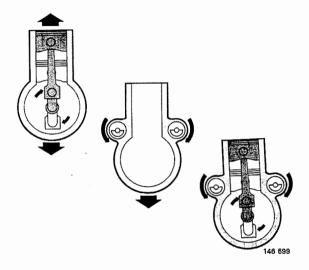


Balance shafts

The vibrations caused by the reciprocating movement of the pistons are counterbalanced by two counterrotating balance shafts running at twice the engine speed.

Each of the two externally-mounted balance shaft housings is split. Made of die-cast aluminium, the housings are located at different heights on the block. The block casting is provided with bosses which are milled out to provide a press fit for the housings. Securely located, the housings are then bolted in position. The right-hand housing also supports the drive belt tensioner.

The joint between the housing halves is sealed with a liquid sealing compound in the same manner as that between the camshaft carrier and cylinder head.



Equalization of upward and downward forces

In a 4-cylinder engine, vibrations are caused by the reciprocating action of the pistons as they move upwards and downwards in pairs. The two outermost pistons (1 and 4) are at top dead centre (TDC) when the inside pair (2 and 3) are at bottom dead centre (BDC), and vice versa. However, since the forces developed by each pair of pistons differ, they do not cancel each other completely. (The force due to a piston and crankshaft is greater at TDC than at BDC since, in the latter position, the mass of that portion of the crankshaft above the centre line is partly counterbalanced by that below.)

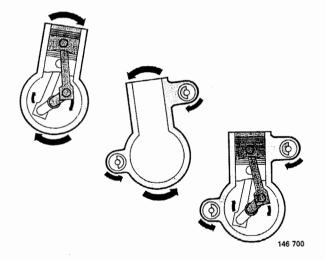
The purpose of the balance shafts is to increase the force developed by the piston pair reversing at BDC, thereby equalizing that due to the pair at TDC.

Since two piston reversals occur during each revolution of the crankshaft, the balance shafts rotate at twice the speed of the engine. The balance weights mounted on the shafts reach their lowermost position each time one of the piston pairs reverses at BDC.

As a result, the force developed by this particular pair is increased, equalizing that of the pair at TDC and producing smoother running.



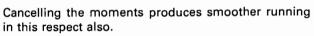




Equalization of lateral forces

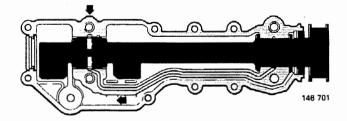
The lateral forces produced by the action of the pistons at TDC and BDC cause the engine to pivot about an axis located approximately at the mid-point of the block.

The balance shafts are located at different heights on the block to counteract the resultant moment. The forces due to the balance weights combine to exert a moment which opposes that produced by the pistons.







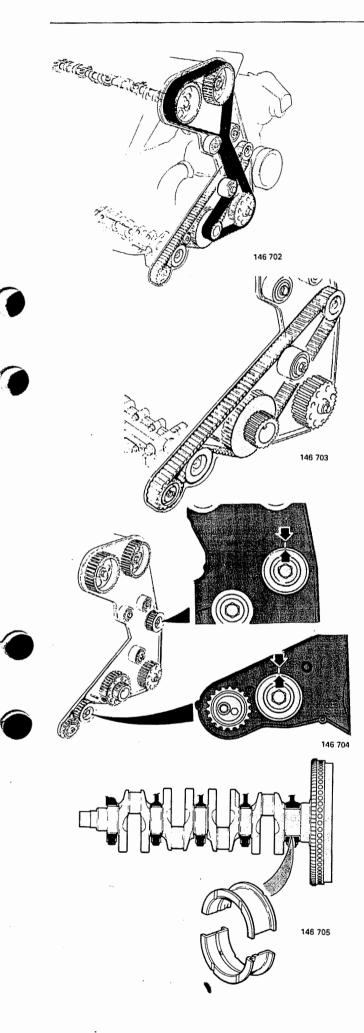


Lubrication of balance shaft

Pressurized oil is supplied to the rear balance shaft bearings, each of which is an extra heavy-duty shell type. The rear section of the shaft is subject to the highest stresses since the balance weights are located at that end.

The front bearing is machined in the housing and is lubricated from the rear bearing through a channel formed by matching grooves formed in the two halves. The oil is discharged through an outlet in the bottom half of the housing.





Camshaft and balance shaft drives

Camshaft drive

The camshaft drive consists of a conventional singletoothed belt which drives both camshafts and the oil pump.

The belt tension is controlled by a spring-loaded tensioner, while alignment is maintained by two idler pulleys.

Balance shaft drive

Rotating in opposite directions, the two balance shafts are driven from the crankshaft by a double-toothed belt.

The left-hand shaft is driven by the inside teeth and the right-hand shaft by the outside teeth.

Tensioning of balance shaft belt

A tensioner mounted eccentrically on the housing below the right-hand balance shaft is used to control the belt tension, the alignment of which is maintained by an idler. Since tensioning of the balance shaft belt must be carried out with the greatest accuracy, the instructions in the workshop manual must be followed exactly.

Overtensioning of the belt may damage the balance shaft housings, while insufficient tension may cause misalignment.

Crankshaft

The crankshaft main bearings are 63 mm in diameter. The 35.5 mm wide thrust bearing (rear main bearing) is of the flanged shell type with a bearing surface of 2x360°. The big-end bearings on the connecting rods are of the low-friction type, while the gudgeon pins are located in a high position in the pistons – a feature which minimizes friction and vibration, although imposing greater demands in terms of cooling and lubrication. The engine is fitted with a 'heavy' flywheel weighing 12.7 kg (28 lb).

A. Compression testing

Special tools: 9689, 115 8263, 115 8540

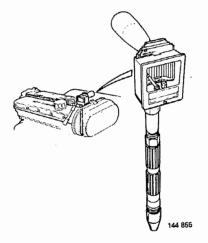




Ignition system

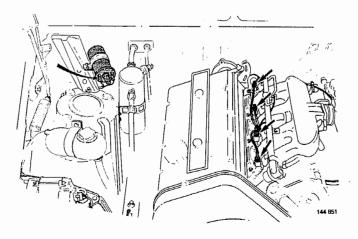
Warning! The ignition system operates at high power, with dangerous voltages in both the low-tension and high-tension circuits.

Dangerous voltage levels occur in all parts of the ignition system, including connectors and similar fittings.



Measure compression at full throttle with engine hot

N.B. Above value applies when engine is hot, throttle is fully open and engine is turned at 4.2-5.0 r/s (250-300 r/min) using starter motor.



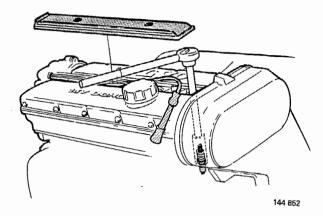
A1

Disconnect:

- lead from terminal 1 on ignition coil (to prevent flashover to electrical system wiring)
- injector connectors (to prevent flooding of engine and dilution of engine oil)

A2

Compression testing

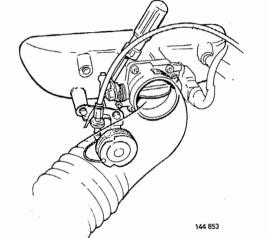


Remove:

- ignition lead cover plate
- ignition leads from plugs
- plugs from cylinder head

Clean spark plug wells as required before removing plugs. Check condition of plugs.

N.B. Always grip ignition leads by **caps** when removing to avoid damage to leads.

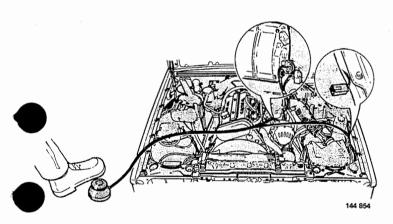


A3

A4

Lock throttle in fully open position

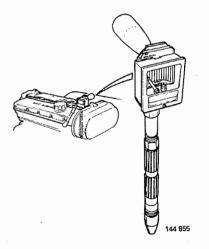
Use tool such as screwdriver for this purpose.



Connect starter switch

Use special tool 115 8263-4.

Connect switch in series with alternator (+) and service point on left-hand wheel housing.



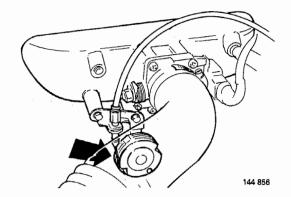
A5

Measure compression

Use compression tester 9689 and extension sleeve 115 8540.

Measure compression in all cylinders.

Compression testing

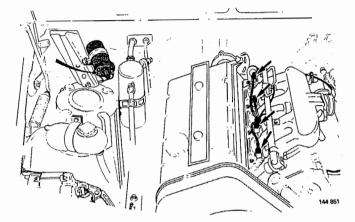


A6

Disconnect/remove:

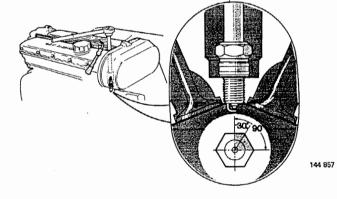
- starter switch
- throttle 'lock'

Check that throttle cable is seated in pulley groove.



Reconnect:

- injector connectors
- lead to terminal 1 on ignition coil



A8

Install spark plugs

Screw in each plug until sealing ring is in firm contact with cylinder head.

Alt. 1

Tighten new plugs through further 90°. Tighten used plugs through further 30°.

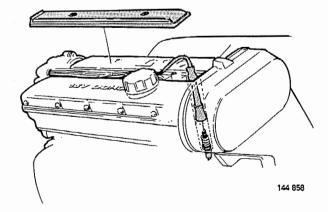
Alt. 2

Tightening torque 25 \pm 5 Nm (18.5 \pm 4 ft.lb)

A9

install:

- ignition leads (in correct firing order)
- ignition lead cover plat



Timing belt, checking/adjustment

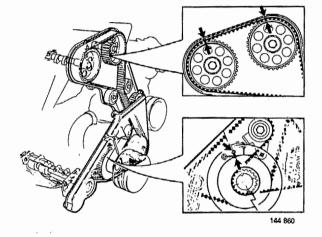
B. Timing belt, checking/adjustment

Special tool: 998 8500

To be carried out 10000 km (6250 miles) (USA: 5000 miles) following belt replacement.

Procedure to be carried out with engine warm to touch (approx. 40°C/104°F).

Caution! See table in specifications if checking/ adjustment is carried out at other engine temperature.



Checking

В1

Turn engine to TDC in No. 1 cylinder

Remove upper transmission cover (1).

Check that markings on camshaft pulleys are opposite markings on transmission mounting plate.

Check that marking on crankshaft is opposite TDC marking.

В2

Check belt tension

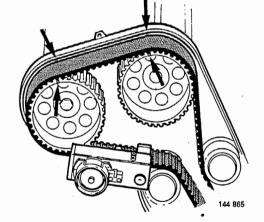
Position gauge **998 8500** between exhaust camshaft pulley and tensioner.

Read gauge.

If belt tension is correct, reading should be between 3.2 and 4.2 units.

If tension is correct, install transmission cover (1).

If tension is incorrect, belt must be adjusted as described in operations B3-B10.

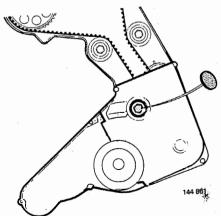


Adjustment

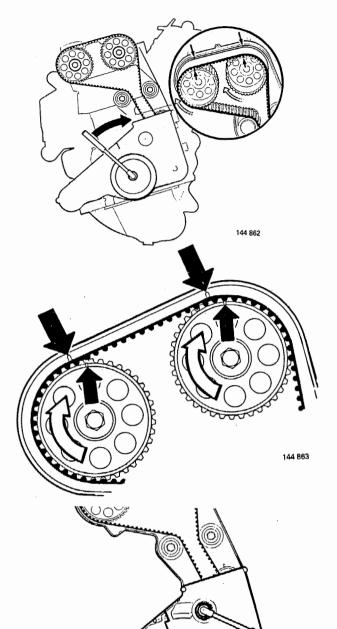
В3

Slacken tensioner locknut

Remove protective rubber cap in transmission cover. Slacken locknut.



Timing belt, checking/adjustment



144 864

144 862

Turn crankshaft clockwise through one revolu-

Camshaft pulley markings should again coincide with markings on transmission mounting plate.

N.B. Engine must **not** be rotated counterclockwise during belt tensioning procedure.

B5

B4

Turn engine further clockwise

Turn engine until camshaft pulley markings are 1 1/2 teeth past markings on transmission mounting plate.

N.B. Rotate crankshaft smoothly.

B6

Tighten tensioner locknut

B7

Turn crankshaft clockwise to complete one revolution

Turn crankshaft to return to TDC.

Check that all markings coincide.

38

B8



Position gauge 998 8500 between exhaust camshaft pulley and idler pulley.

Read gauge.

Belt tension should now agree with specified value of 3.9±0.3 units.

N.B. If reading is still outside correct range, adjust as described in operation B11.

B9

Tighten tensioner locknut

Tighten to 50 Nm (37 ft.lb)

Install:

- protective rubber cap over tensioner locknut
- upper transmission cover (1)

Check operation

Test run engine.

B10

B11

Tension timing belt

144 867

Slacken tensioner locknut.

Position gauge in measuring zone.

Insert screwdriver between tensioner pulley and end of spring carrier pin.

If belt tension is too low:

Move pulley to adjust reading to 4.4±0.3 units.

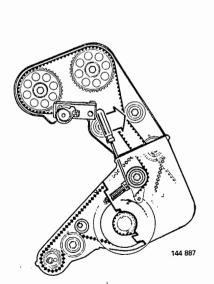
If belt tension is too high:

Adjust to obtain reading of 3.4±0.3 units.

Tighten tensioner locknut.

Recheck belt tension as per operations B7-B8.

Complete adjustment as per B9-B10.

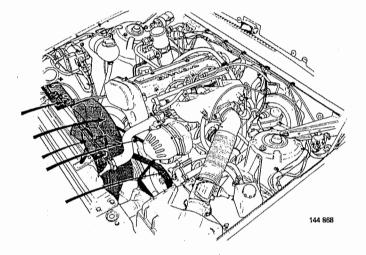


C. Timing/balance shaft belts, replacement

Speciał tool: 998 8500

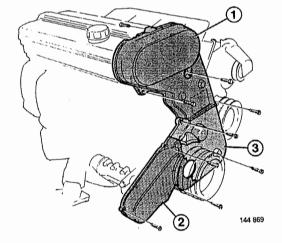
Important

See table in specifications in belt replacement is carried out at engine temperature **other** than that specified.



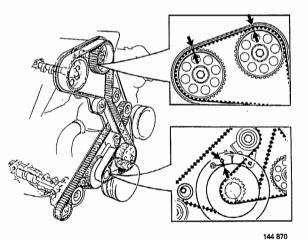
Remòve:

- battery (-) lead
- alternator drive belt
- radiator fan and pulley
- fan shroud
- servo pump and (if fitted) AC compressor drive belts



Remove all three transmission covers

Remove all bolts.
Remove covers, stagting with topmost (1).



Turn engine until camshaft/crankshaft markings coincide

Turn engine to TDC in No. 1 cylinder.

Check that markings on camshaft pulleys coincide with those on transmission mounting plate.

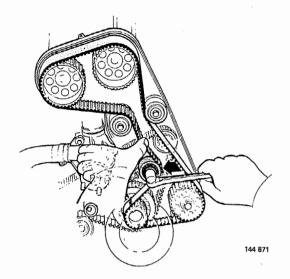
Check that marking on belt guide plate on crankshaft is opposite TDC marking on cylinder block.

C2

C3

C1

40



Removal of timing belt

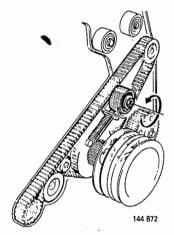
C4

C5

Remove timing belt

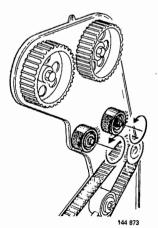
Slacken tensioner locknut. Compress tensioner spring. Tighten tensioner locknut. Remove belt.

Caution! Crankshaft and camshafts must not be rotated while timing belt is slack or has been removed.



Check tensioner

Spin tensioner pulley and listen for bearing noise. Check that pulley surface in contact with belt is clean and smooth.



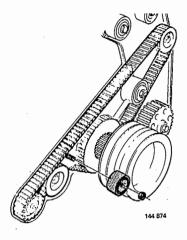
C6

Check timing belt idler pulleys

Spin pulleys and listen for bearing noise.

Check that pulley surfaces in contact with belt are clean and smooth.

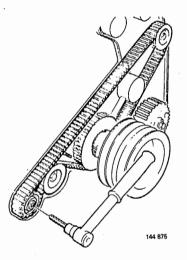
Check pulley mountings. Torque: 25 Nm (18.5 ft.lb).



Removal of balance shaft belt

C7

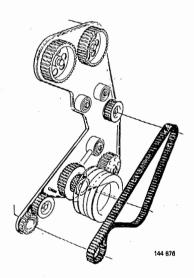
Remove balance shaft belt idler pulley Check pulley surface and bearing for faults.



Slacken belt tensioner

Slacken locknut.

C9



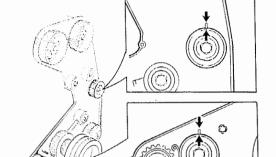
Remove balance shaft belt

Slide belt off drive pulleys and tensioner.

Work belt out under crankshaft pulley assembly.

Check tensioner bearing and inspect for oil leakage from shaft seals.

C10

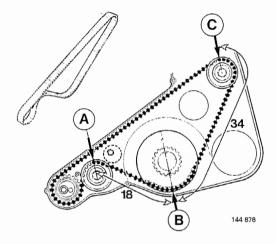


144 877

Check balance shaft and crankshaft markings

Check that balance shaft markings coincide with markings on transmission mounting plate.

Check that crankshaft marking is opposite TDC marking on cylinder block.



Installation of balance shaft belt

C11

Balance shaft belt markings (3)

A. RH balance shaft (yellow dot).

B. Lower marking on crankshaft (blue dot).

C. LH balance shaft (yellow dot).

A-B = 18 teeth

B-C = 34 teeth



Install balance shaft belt

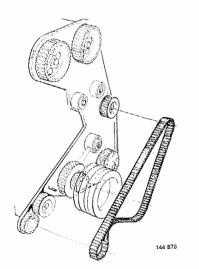
Carefully work belt in under crankshaft pulley assembly.

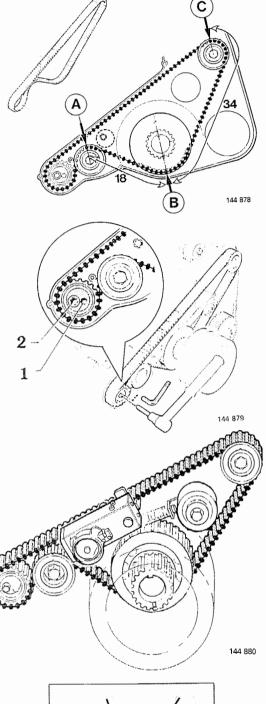
Ensure that blue dot (marking B) is opposite bottom (TDC) marking on belt guide plate (at bottom of crankshaft).

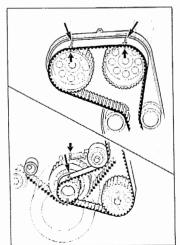
Fit belt **around** left-hand (upper) balance shaft with marking C opposite marking on pulley.

Fit belt **on** right-hand (lower) balance shaft with marking A opposite marking on pulley.

Fit belt around tensioner.







144 881

C13

Check balance shaft and crankshaft markings

Check that markings are still aligned.

C14

Tighten tensioner

Tension belt using Allen key inserted in adjusting hole (1) in tensioner.

Turn crankshaft **carefully** through a few degrees on either side of the TDC position to ensure that belt engages properly in pulleys.

Return crankshaft to TDC position.

Adjusting hole in tensioner must be **immediately below** '3 o'clock' when tightening locking bolt.

Tighten locking bolt (2) to **40 Nm** (29.5 ft.lb). Use Allen key inserted in adjusting hole (1) as **counterhold**.

C15

Check belt tension

Use gauge 998 8500.

Position gauge immediately above location of dismantled idler.

Belt tension must be within 1-4 unit range.

N.B. If belt tension is outside above range, slacken tensioner and repeat operation C14.

Installation of timing belt

C16

Install timing belt

Align double-line marking on belt with **top** marking on belt guide plate (at top of crankshaft).

 ${f N.B.}$ Arrows on belt should point towards front (i.e. away from engine).

Stretch belt around crankshaft pulley and place over tensioner and right-hand idler.

Place belt on camshaft pulleys. Both single-line markings should coincide with pulley markings.

Place belt **around** oil pump drive pulley and press belt onto **left-hand** idler.

.

C17

Check markings

Check that **all** markings are aligned and that engine is turned to TDC in No. 1 cylinder.

C18

Slacken tensioner locknut

C19

Turn crankshaft clockwise

Crankshaft pulleys should rotate one turn until **pulley markings** again coincide with those on transmission mounting plate.

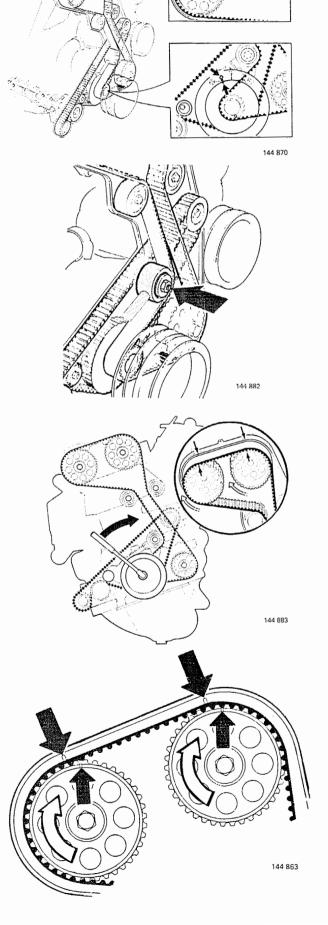
 $\ensuremath{\text{N.B.}}$ Engine must $\ensuremath{\text{not}}$ be rotated counterclockwise while belt is being tensioned.

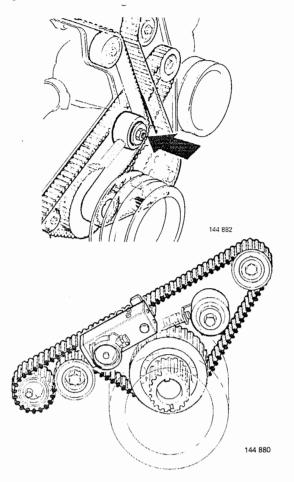
C20

Turn crankshaft further clockwise

Turn crankshaft further clockwise until pulley markings are 1 $^{1}/_{2}$ teeth past markings on housing.

N.B. Rotate crankshaft smoothly.







C21

C22

Check/adjust balance shaft belt tension

Use gauge 998 8500. Measure tension above location of dismantled idler.

Belt tension should be 3.8±0.2 units at 20°C (68°F).

If belt tension is too low: Correct by adjusting tensioner clockwise.

N.B. Tensioner may be adjusted clockwise only. Only small adjustments are required.

If belt tension is too high: Repeat operations C14-C15.

Turn crankshaft through one revolution and recheck/ adjust belt tension.

C23



- guide (i.e. ensure that guide is in position)
- middle transmission cover (3)
- fan shroud
- heater hose tie
- radiator fan and pulley
- all auxiliary drive belts
- battery (-) lead

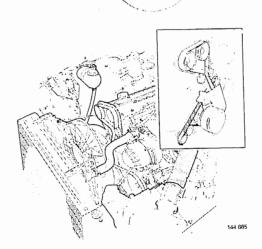
C24

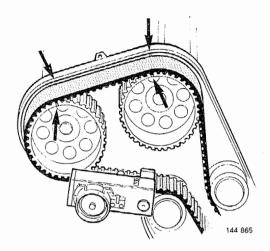
Check operation

Run engine until thermostat opens.

Stop engine.

Caution! Remember that transmission covers (1) and (2) have not been replaced at this point.





Check/adjust timing belt tension after thermostat has opened

C25

Check belt tension

Use gauge 998 8500.

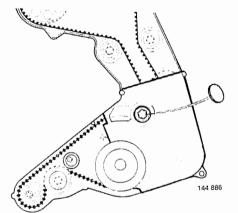
Rotate crankshaft to bring engine to TDC position in No. 1 cylinder.

Position gauge between exhaust camshaft pulley and idler.

Read gauge.

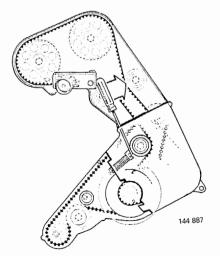
Belt tension must be within the 5.5±0.2 unit range.

N.B. If belt tension is **correct**, proceed to operation C30. If reading is **outside** above range, carry out operations C27-C29.



Slacken tensioner locknut

Remove protective rubber cap over locknut.



C27

C26

Tension timing belt

Position gauge in measuring zone.

Insert screwdriver between tensioner pulley and spring carrier pin.

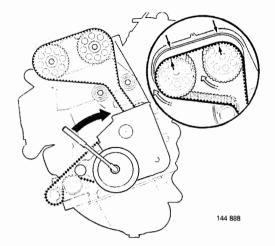
If belt tension is too low:

Move roller to adjust belt tension to 6.0±0.2 units.

If belt tension is too high:

Adjust to obtain reading of 5.0 ± 0.2 units.

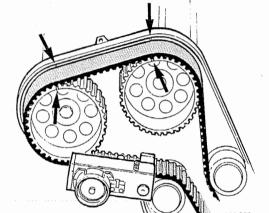
Tighten tensioner locknut.



Turn crankshaft clockwise

C28

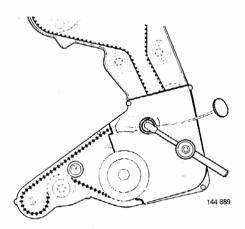
Turn crankshaft to rotate camshaft pulleys through one revolution.



C29

Measure belt tension

Belt tension should now agree with specified value of 5.5 ± 0.2 units.

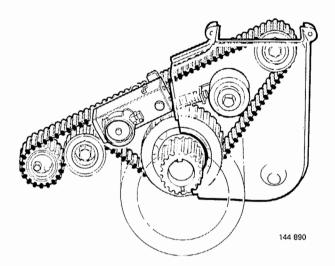


C30

Tighten tensioner locknut

Tighten to **50 Nm** (37 ft.lb).

Replace protective cap over locknut.



Check/adjust balance shaft belt tension after opening of thermostat

C31

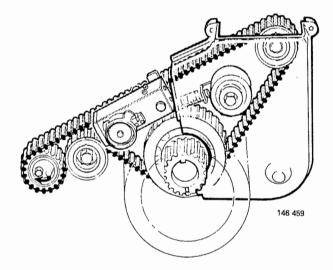
Check belt tension

Use gauge 998 8500.

Position gauge above location of dismantled idler. Belt tension **must** be within the 4.9 ± 0.2 unit range.

N.B. If belt tension is correct, proceed to operations C35-C37.

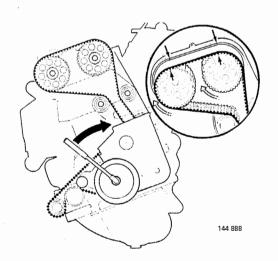
If belt tension is too low, carry out operations C32-C34. If belt tension is too high, repeat operations C14-C15 and continue with operations C32-C34.



C32

Turn tensioner clockwise and read indication on gauge

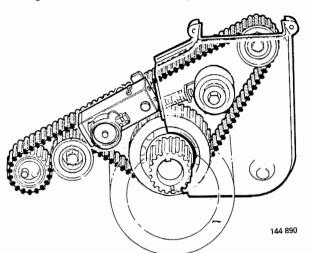
N.B. Tensioner may be turned **clockwise** only. Only small movements are necessary.



C33

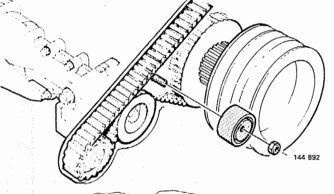
Turn crankshaft clockwise

Turn crankshaft clockwise through one revolution.



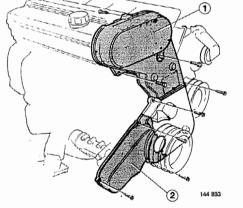
Check belt tension

Belt tension should now agree with specified value of 4.9±0.2 units.



Install idler

Remount idler in position.



Install:

- lower transmission cover (2)

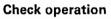
- upper transmission cover (1)

C37

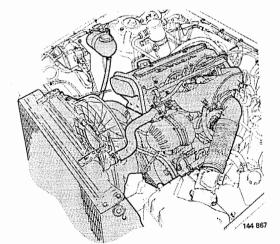
C34

C35

C36



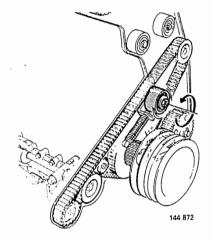
Test run engine.



50

D. Timing belt tensioner, inspection/replacement

Special tool: 9802



Remove timing belt as described in operations C1-C4.

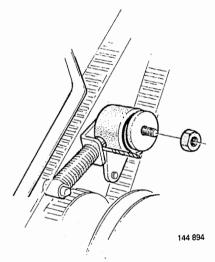
D1

D2

Check tensioner

Spin pulley and listen for noise. Check manually for bearing play.

Check that pulley surface in contact with belt is clean and smooth.



Remove tensioner

Compress tensioner spring and lock with 3 mm drill bit.

Remove:

- tensioner locknut
- pulley (pull straight off)

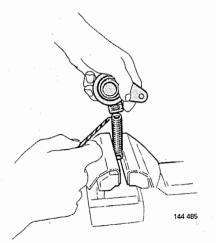
D3

Dismantle tensioner

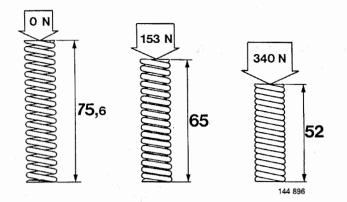
Clamp tensioner between soft jaws in vice.

Compress spring by hand and remove drill bit.

Release spring **slowly**. Separate pulley bracket and spring carrier pin.



Timing belt tensioner, inspection/replacement



Check tensioner spring

Check spring using tool 9802.

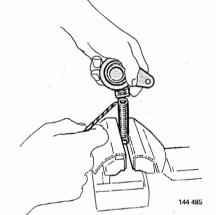
 $(0.41 \text{ in}^{+0.02}_{0})$

D4

Length, mm (in) Load, N (lb)

75.6 (2.98) 0 (0)

65.0 (2.56) 153 (34.5) 52.0 (2.05) 340 (77.5)

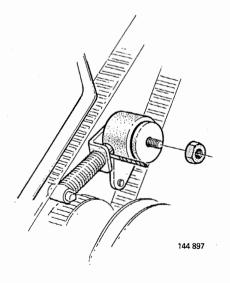


D5

Reassemble tensioner

Clamp spring carrier pin and spring between soft jaws in vice.

Compress spring by hand and hold in position with 3 mm drill bit.



Install tensioner

Mount tensioner on cylinder block.

Tighten tensioner locknut.

Remove drill bit.

Replace timing belt as described in operations C16-21, C23-30 and C36-37.

N.B. See table of tension values in specifications (page11) if replacing existing timing/balance shaft belts.

E. Balance shaft seals, replacement

Special tools: 5362, 5996

Ε1

Check that flame trap is not blocked

Flame trap blockage restricts crankcase ventilation and increases crankcase pressure.

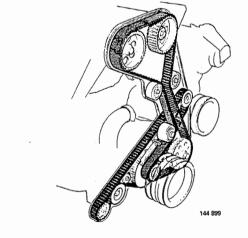
Symptoms of flame trap blockage:

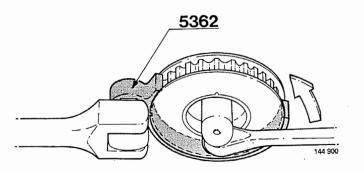
- Oil dipstick tends to lift in tube.
- Oil leakage from cylinder block seals.
- Seals do not always require renewal if leakage is due to this cause. Overhaul flame trap, clean engine and reinspect for seal leakage.
- Engine knocks.

E2

Remove:

timing and balance shaft belts as described in operations C1-C10.



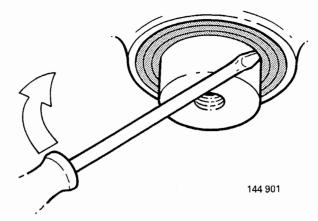


Remove balance shaft pulley

Use counterhold 5362.

E3

Balance shaft seals, replacement



Remove seal

Prise out seal carefully with screwdriver, taking care to avoid damaging seating faces on shaft and housing.

Place paper or waste underneath to soak up leakage oil.

Clean seating in housing and check shaft end for grooving, indicating wear.



E4

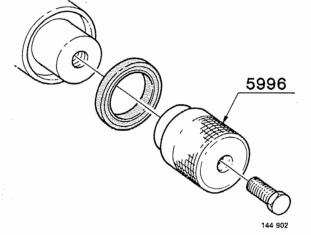


Use assembly tool 5996.

Grease seal.

Press seal into shaft housing. Press in lightly with tool 5996 and use centre bolt together with tool to press home fully.

N.B. Face of seal should normally be flush with chamfered edge in housing. However, if shaft end shows signs of wear, seal may be located approx. 2 mm further in.



5362



Install balance shaft pulley

Use counterhold 5362.

Tighten centre bolt to 50 Nm (37 ft.lb).

N.B. Slot in pulley should engage guide pin on shaft.

Shallower side of pulley should face inwards.

Replace timing and balance shaft belts as described in operations C12-37.

N.B. See table of tension values in specifications (page 11) if replacing existing timing/balance shaft belts.



F1

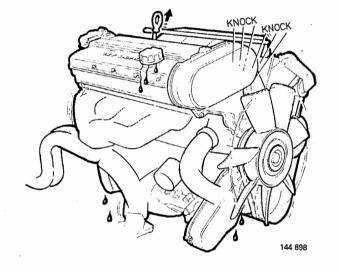
F2

Camshaft seals, replacement

F. Camshaft seals, replacement

Special tools: 5025, 5199

On later versions of engines, seals may be replaced without removing transmission mounting plate.

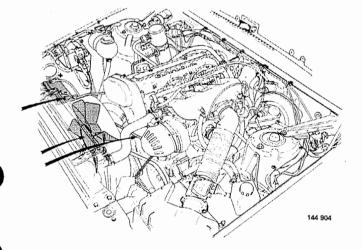


Check that flame trap is not blocked

Flame trap blockage restricts crankcase ventilation and increases crankcase pressure.

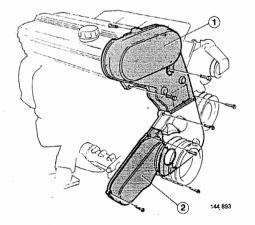
Symptoms of flame trap blockage:

- Oil dipstick tends to lift in tube.
- Oil leakage from cylinder block seals.
- Seals do not always require renewal if leakage is due to this cause. Overhaul flame trap, clean engine and reinspect for seal leakage.
- Engine knocks.



Remove:

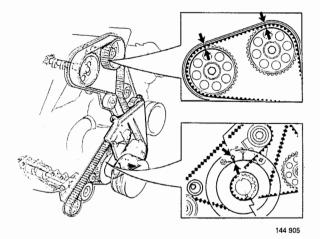
- battery earth lead
- alternator drive belt
- radiator fan and pulley



F3

Remove transmission covers (1) and (2)

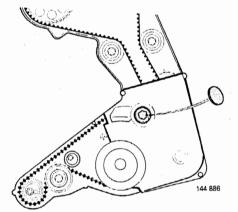
Remove upper (1) and lower (2) transmission covers.



Align camshaft/crankshaft markings

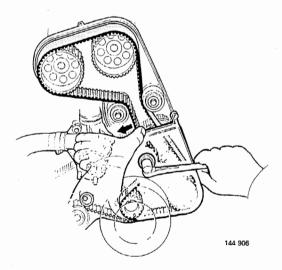
Turn engine to TDC position in No. 1 cylinder.

Check that markings on camshaft pulleys are aligned with those on transmission mounting plate.



Slacken tensioner locknut

Remove protective rubber cap over tensioner locknut. Slacken locknut.



Compress tensioner spring

Compress tensioner spring.

Press timing belt outwards between right-hand idler and tensioner.

Tighten tensioner locknut.

F5

F6

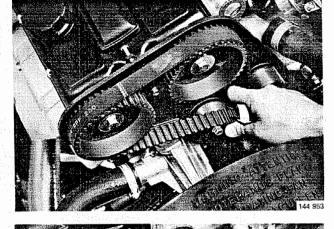
F4

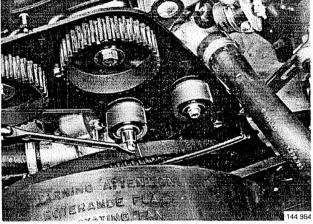
F7

F8

Remove timing belt from crankshaft pulleys

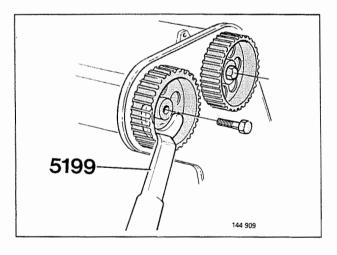
Caution! Crankshaft and camshaft must not be rotated while timing belt is slack or has been removed.





Remove timing belt idlers

Check pulley surfaces and bearings.

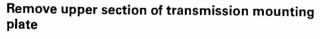


Remove camshaft drive pulleys

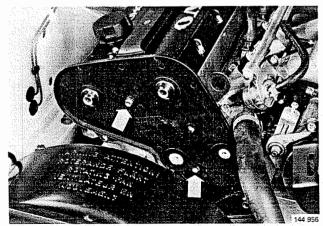
Use counterhold 5199.

F10

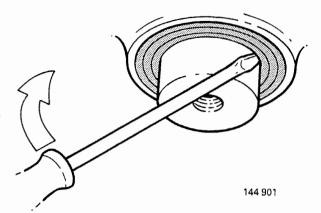
F9



Remove bolts between camshafts and under right-hand idler.



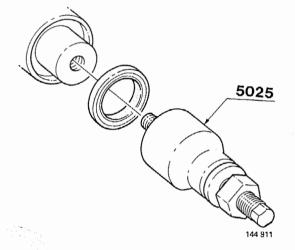




Remove seal

Prise out seal carefully using a screwdriver, taking care to avoid damaging shaft ends and seating surfaces in camshaft carrier.

Clean seats in camshaft carrier and check shafts for grooving, indicating wear.



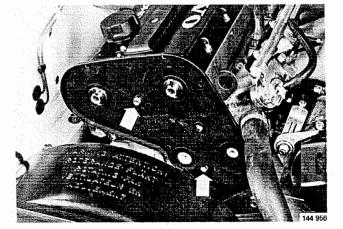
Fit new seals

Use assembly tool 5025.

Grease seals.

Press in seals.

N.B. Camshafts must not be allowed to rotate when fitting seals. Face of seal should normally be flush with chamfered edge in camshaft carrier. However, if shaft end shows signs of wear, seal may be located approx. 2 mm further in.



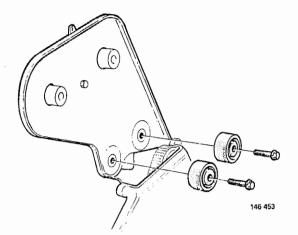
F13

F12

Replace upper section of transmission mounting plate

Adjust plate so that camshafts are centred in holes. Replace bolts between camshafts and under righthand idler.

F14



Replace idlers

Tighten to 25 Nm (18.5 ft.lb).



144 909

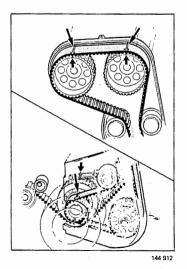
F15

Install camshaft drive pulleys

Use counterhold 5199.

Replace centre bolts and tighten to 50 Nm (37 ft.lb.).

N.B. Camshafts must **not** be allowed to rotate when replacing the centre bolts.



5199

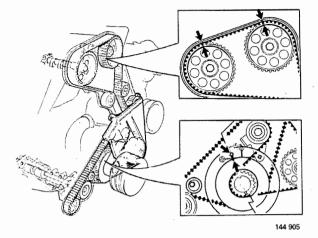
Replace timing belt

Position belt so that double-line marking coincides with **top** marking on belt guide plate (at top of crankshaft).

Place belt on camshaft pulleys, ensuring that singleline markings coincide with pulley markings.

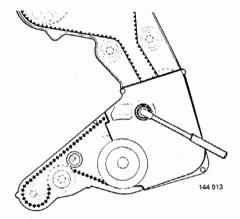
Place belt in position over right-hand and then over left-hand idler.

F16



Check markings

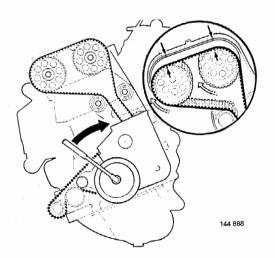
Check that all markings coincide and that the engine is turned to TDC in No. 1 cylinder.



Slacken tensioner locknut

F18

F17



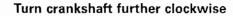
F19

Turn crankshaft clockwise

Crankshaft pulleys should rotate one turn until **pulley** markings again coincide with those on transmission mounting plate.

N.B. Engine must **not** be rotated counterclockwise while belt is being tensioned.

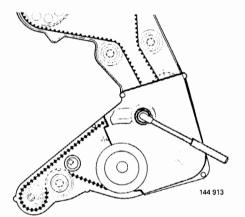
F20



Turn crankshaft further clockwise until pulley markings are 11/2 teeth past markings on housing.

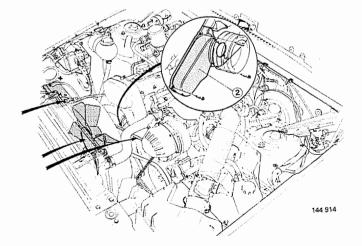
N.B. Rotate crankshaft smoothly.

144 863



Tighten tensioner locknut

F21



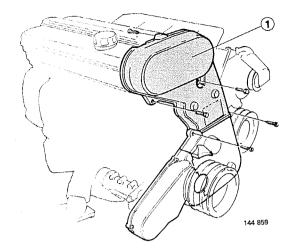
F22

Install:

- lower transmission cover (2)
- radiator fan and pulley
- alternator drive belt
- battery earth lead

Continue with operations C24-25.

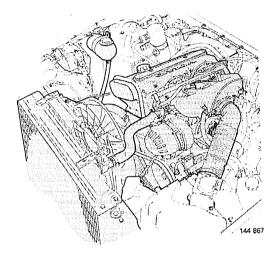
N.B. See table of belt tensioning values in specifications (page 11) if refitting original timing belt.



Install upper transmission cover (1)

F23





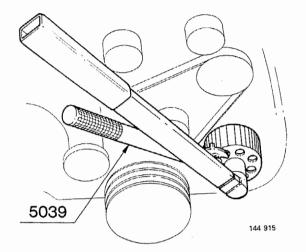
Check operation

Test run engine.

Oil pump seal, replacement

G. Oil pump seal, replacement

Special tools: 5039, 5361



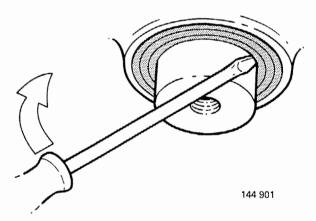
Remove timing belt as described in operations C1-4.

G1

Remove oil pump drive pulley

Use counterhold 5039.

G2



Remove seal

Clean area around drive shaft and seal.

Prise out seal carefully using a screwdriver, taking care to avoid damaging shaft end and housing.

Clean seat in housing and check shaft for signs of wear.

G3

Fit new seal

Use assembly tool 5361.

N.B. Face of seal should normally be flush with chamfered edge in housing. However, if shaft end shows signs of wear, seal may be located approx. 2 mm further in.

G4

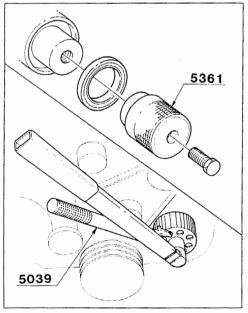
Install drive pulley

Use counterhold 5039.

Rotate pulley to align locating chamfer. Tighten centre bolt to **20 Nm** (15 ft.lb) and through a further **60°**.

Install timing belt as described in operations C16–21, C23–30 and C36–37.

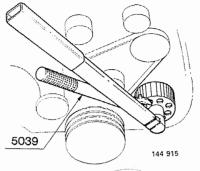
N.B. See table of belt tensioning values in specifications (page 11) if refitting original timing belt.

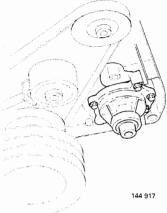


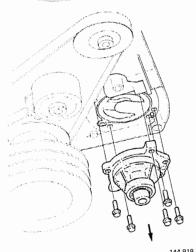
144 916

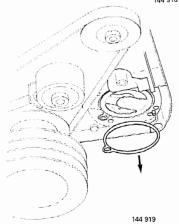
H. Oil pump, replacement

Special tool: 5039









Remove timing belt as described in operations C1-4.

H1

Remove oil pump drive pulley

Use counterhold 5039.

H2

Clean area in vicinity of pump joint

НЗ

Remove oil pump

Remove pump mounting bolts...

Place paper or container on engine splashguard to collect leakage oil.

Remove pump.

H4

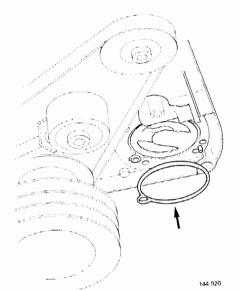
Remove seal

Remove seal from seating groove in cylinder block.

Clean joint face and groove.

Check rear contact faces of rotors.

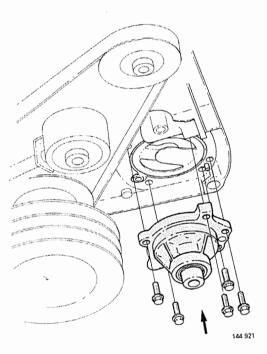
H5



Fit new seal

Seat seal in groove.





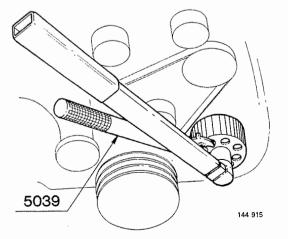
Install oil pump

Lubricate rotors generously.

Position pump on cylinder block.

Tighten mounting bolts to 10 Nm (7.5 ft.lb.).

N.B. Take care not to turn pump so that rotor shaft falls out of position in housing.



Install drive pulley

Use counterhold 5039.

Rotate pulley to align locating chamfer.

Tighten centre bolt to **20 Nm** (15 ft.lb) and through a further **60°**.

Clean and remove paper/oil container.

Install timing belt as described in operations C16–21, C23–30 and C36–37.

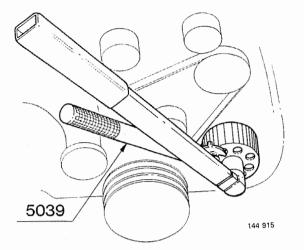
N.B.See table of belt tensioning values in specifications (page 11) if refitting original timing belt.

H7

Oil pump, inspection

I. Oil pump, inspection

Special tools: 5039, 5361



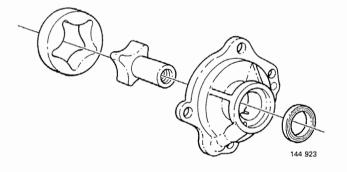
Remove timing belt as described in operations C1—4. Remove oil pump as described in operations H1—4.

11

12

Remove rotors and shaft seal from oil pump housing

Mark outer rotor with felt pen to ensure same direction of rotation on reassembly.



Clean and inspect components

Inspect pump housing, rotors and rotor mating faces for visible signs of wear.

N.B. Note marking of outer rotor.

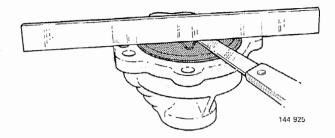


Check pump housing joint for distortion

Use steel rule/sliding calipers.

13

Oil pump, inspection



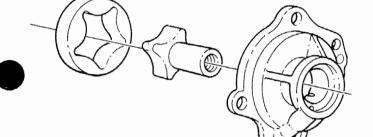
Check axial clearance of rotors

Check axial clearance of outer and inner rotors in pump housing.

Correct clearance: 0.05-0.10 mm (0.0020-0.0040 in) (with pump dry).

15

14



Lubricate rotors and inside of pump housing

Remove rotors. Apply generous lubrication to rotors and inside of pump housing.

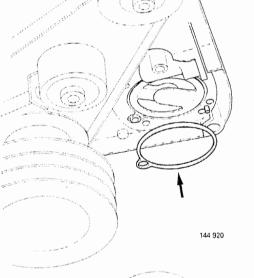
Replace rotors in housing.

16



144 926

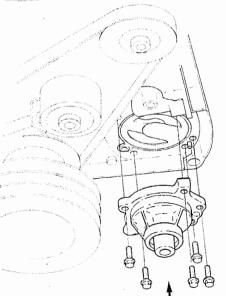
Seat seal in groove.



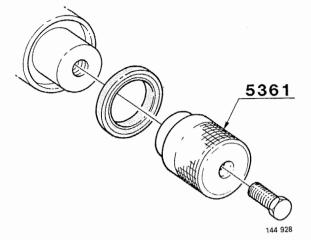
17

Replace oil pump

Tighten mounting bolts to 10 Nm (7.5 ft.lb).



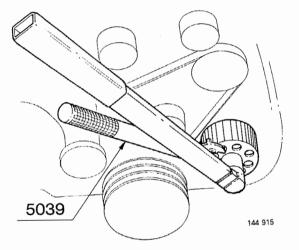
Oil pump, inspection



Fit new seal

Use assembly tool 5361.

N.B. Face of seal should normally be in line with chamfered edge in housing. However, if shaft end shows signs of wear, seal may be located approx. 2 mm further in.



Replace drive pulley

Use counterhold **5039**.

Rotate pulley to align locating chamfer.

Tighten centre bolt to **20 Nm** (15 ft.lb) and through a further **60°**.

Clean and remove paper/oil container.

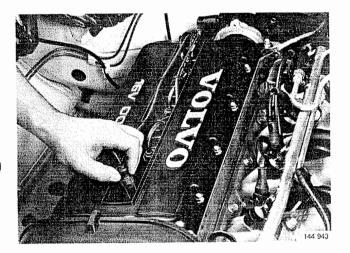
Replace timing belt as described in operations C16–21, C23–30 and C36–37.

N.B. See table of belt tensioning values in specifications (page 11) if refitting original timing belt.

19

18

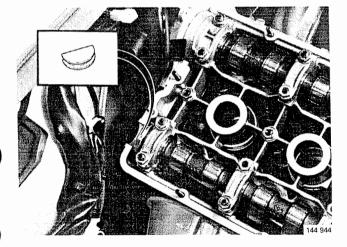
J. Valve cover gaskets, replacement



Remove/disconnect:

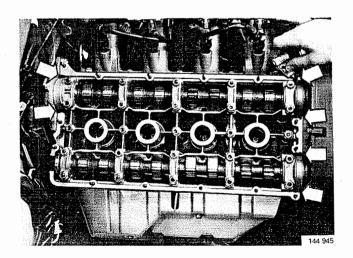
- ignition lead cover plateignition leads from plugs

N.B. Always grip ignition leads by caps when removing to avoid damage to leads.



Remove valve cover and gaskets

Remove remains of gaskets and clean joint faces. Inspect rubber seal at rear of exhaust valve camshaft.



J3

Apply sealer at front and rear camshaft bearing caps

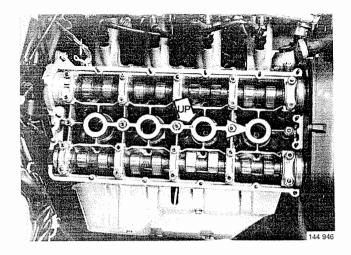
Use silicone sealer.

Apply bead of sealer to angle between cap and joint face.

J1

J2

J4



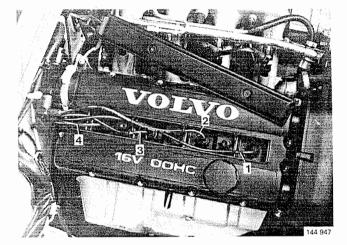
Install new gaskets and replace valve cover

Position spark plug well gasket with arrow pointing to No. 1 cylinder and marking facing upwards.

Shape outer gasket to fit camshaft bearing caps.

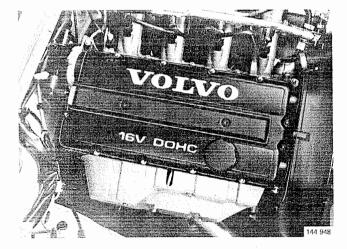
Place gasket in position and replace valve cover.

N.B. Remember to connect earth lead to distributor.



Install:

- ignition leads (in correct firing order)
- ignition lead cover plate



Check operation

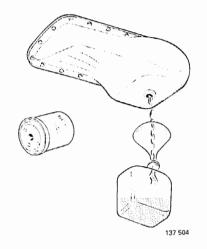
Check operation/sealing.

J6

J5

K. Camshafts and tappets, replacement

Special tools: 5021, 5199



Replacement of camshafts due to wear

It is imperative that engine be flushed clean before installing new components.

In most cases, damage to tappets and camshafts is due to engine oil contamination.

Flush engine

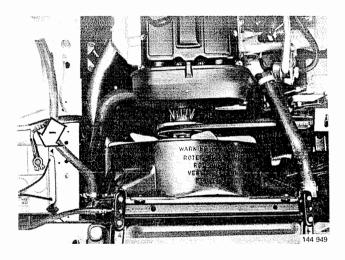
Change oil and filter.

Run engine for approx. 10 minutes.

Drain oil and remove filter.

Install camshafts.

Fit new filter and fill engine with fresh oil of correct grade.



Removal of camshafts

N.B. Procedure describes removal of all tappets. To ensure sealing function of liquid sealing compound between camshaft carrier and cylinder head, tappets should be exposed only on one side at a time.

Κ1

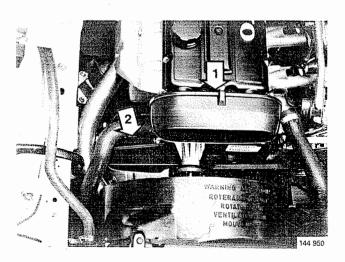
Remove/disconnect:

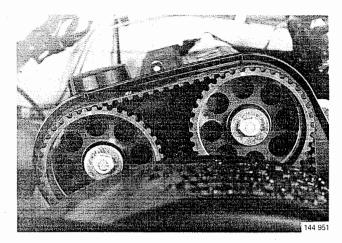
- battery earth lead
- alternator drive belt
- radiator fan and pulley

К2

Remove transmission covers (1) and (2)

Remove upper (1) and lower (2) transmission covers.

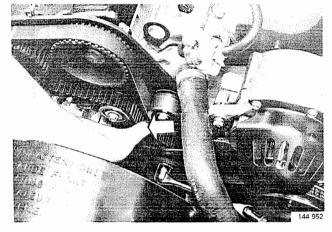




Align camshaft/crankshaft markings

Turn engine to TDC position in No. 1 cylinder.

Check that markings on camshaft pulleys are aligned with those on transmission mounting plate.

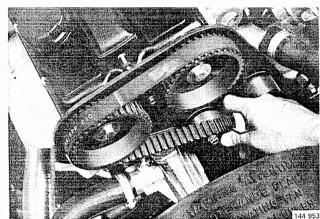


Slacken tensioner locknut

Remove protective rubber cap over locknut. Slacken locknut.

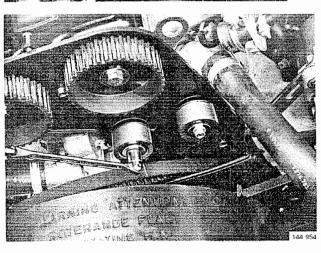
Compress tensioner spring.

Tighten locknut.



Remove timing belt from crankshaft pulleys

Caution! Crankshaft and camshafts must not be rotated while timing belt is slack or has been removed. .



K6

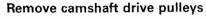
K5

КЗ

Remove timing belt idlers

Check pulley surfaces and bearings.

K7



Use counterhold 5199.





Remove:

- upper section of transmission mounting plate
- ignition lead cover plate
- ignition leads at plugs and distributor cap
 ignition coil high-tension lead at distributor cap

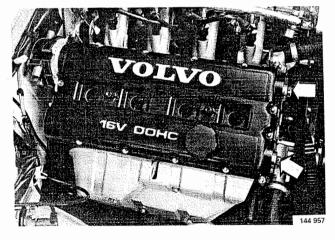
N.B. Always grip ignition leads by caps when removing to avoid damage to leads.



K10

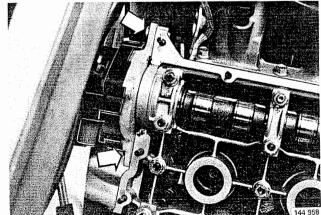
Remove valve cover and gaskets

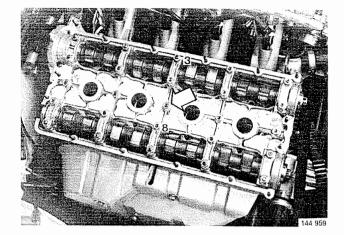
Remove gasket remains and clean joint faces.



Detach distributor housing from camshaft carrier

N.B. Remove ignition lead clip beside left-hand bolt.





Remove camshaft centre bearing caps

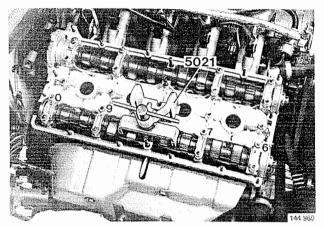
Plug openings in camshaft carrier (around spark plug wells) with paper.

Remove camshaft centre bearing caps (No. 3 on intake side, No. 8 on exhaust side). Mark caps as required.

Remove third nut in central bolted joint.



K11



Remove exhaust side camshaft

Use press tool **5021**. Place tool in No. 8 bearing cap position.

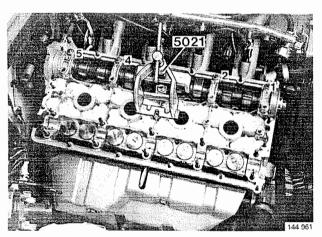
Clamp press tool on camshaft.

Remove remaining bearing cap nuts and caps (6, 7, 9 and 10).

Inspect bearing surfaces for signs of wear.

Remove press tool 5021 and lift out camshaft.





Remove intake side camshaft

Use press tool **5021**. Place tool in No. 3 bearing cap position.

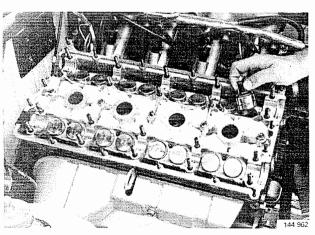
Clamp press tool on camshaft.

Remove remaining bearing cap nuts and caps (1, 2, 3 and 5).

Inspect bearing surfaces for signs of wear.

Remove press tool 5021 and lift out camshaft together with distributor.

K14



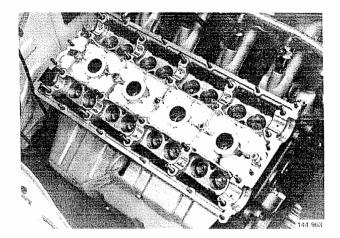
Remove tappets from camshaft carrier

Magnet or suction cup may be used to facilitate tappet removal.

Inspect tappets for signs of wear.

N.B. Store tappets upside down to prevent drainage of oil. Ensure tappets are placed in order – they must not be interchanged.

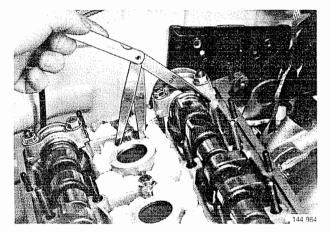
K15



Clean/inspect camshaft carrier

Clean and inspect camshaft bearings and tappet bores for signs of wear.

Camshaft axial clearance



Camshaft axial clearance

K16

Check camshaft axial clearance

Place camshafts in position.

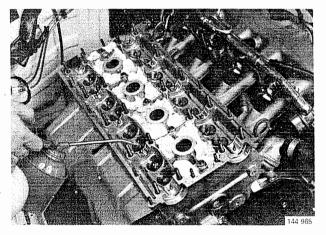
Install rear bearing caps and tighten nuts.

Axial clearance 0.05-0.40 mm (0.0020-0.0157 in)

Measure clearance with feeler gauges.

Install new rear bearing cap if clearance is excessive.

Remove bearing caps and camshafts.



Camshaft installation

K17

Oil components

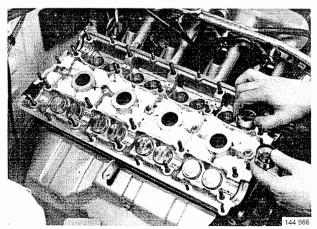
Oil bearings and sliding surfaces on camshaft carrier, bearing caps, camshafts and tappets.

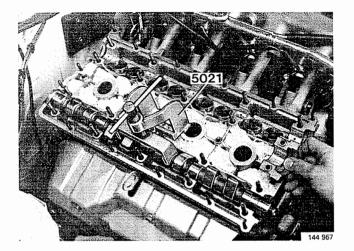


K18



Tappets must be replaced in original order.





K19

Install exhaust side camshaft

Place camshaft in camshaft carrier with pulley guide pin facing upwards.

Press camshaft into place with press tool 5021 (using rear bearing cap as guide).

Install bearing caps in original order.

Apply liquid sealing compound to joint face between camshaft carrier and front bearing cap (No. 6).

Install bearing cap nuts in stages.

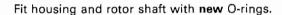
Remove press tool 5021 and install centre bearing cap (8).





Place camshaft in camshaft carrier with pulley guide pin facing upwards.

N.B. Turn distributor shaft to align driver with markings on distributor housing.



Press camshaft into position with press tool **5021** (using rear bearing cap as guide).

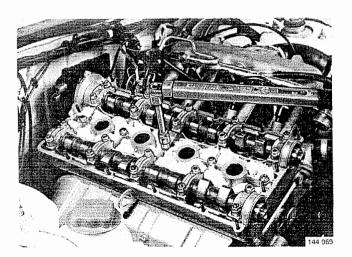
Install bearing caps in original order.

Apply liquid sealing compound to joint faces between camshaft carrier and front and rear bearing caps (Nos. 1 and 5).

Install bearing cap nuts in stages.

Remove press tool 5021 and install centre bearing cap (8).

Install camshaft carrier centre nut.

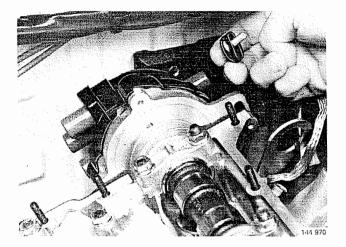


K21

Tighten bearing cap nuts and centre nut

Tighten to 20 Nm (15 ft.lb).

K22



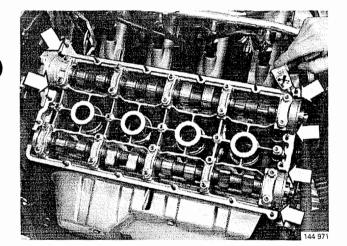
Refit distributor

Reconnect high-tension lead between distributor cap and ignition coil.

Remove paper in camshaft carrier openings.

N.B. Replace ignition lead clip beside left-hand bolt.

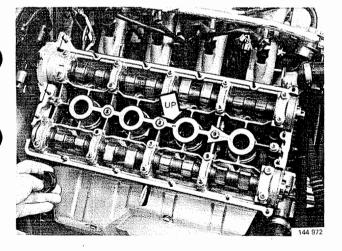




Seal front and rear camshaft bearing caps

Use silicone sealer.

Apply bead of sealer to angle between cap and joint face.



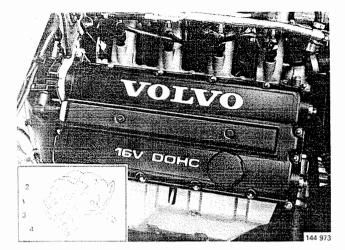
K24

Install new gaskets and replace valve cover

Inspect rubber seal behind camshaft on exhaust side. Position spark plug well gasket with arrow pointing to No. 1 cylinder and marking facing upwards.

Shape outer gasket to fit camshaft bearing caps. Place gasket in position and replace valve cover.

N.B. Remember to connect earth lead to distributor.

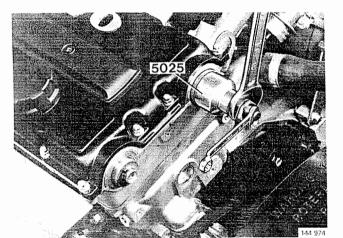


Install:

- ignition leads (in correct firing order)
- ignition lead cover plate



K25



Fit camshaft front oil seals

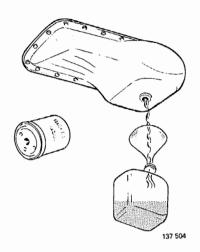
Fit seals as described in operations F12-24.

 $\ensuremath{\text{\textbf{N.B.}}}$ Install new oil filter and fill engine with fresh oil of correct grade.

Caution! Some noise may be heard from tappets when engine is first started. However, this will disappear as tappets are filled with oil.

Engine must not be run at speed higher than 3000 r/min while tappet noise is present.

L. Hydraulic tappets, inspection



If noise is heard from tappets:

Check tappets for 'spongy' feeling. No play is permissible between camshafts and tappets.

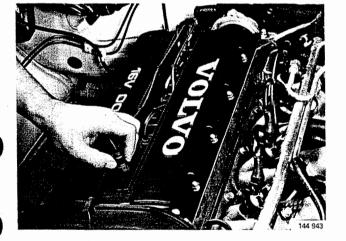
Flush engine

Change engine oil and filter. Run engine for approx. 10 minutes. Drain oil and remove filter.

Fit new filter and fill engine with fresh oil of correct grade.

Immediately prior to above, run engine at 2000-3000 r/min for approx. 15 min at correct oil level and pressure.

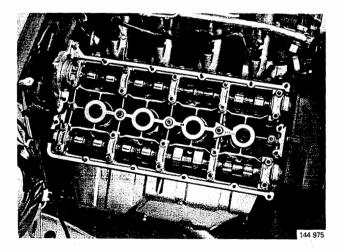
N.B. Engine must not be run at speed higher than 3000 r/min if noise is heard from any of tappets.



Remove:

- ignition lead cover plate
- ignition leads from plugs

N.B. Always grip ignition leads by **caps** when removing to avoid damage to leads.

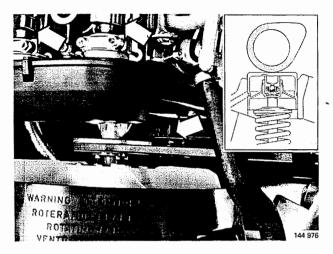


Remove valve cover

L2

L1

Tappets, inspection



Turn engine to TDC (ignition) in No. 1 cylinder

Cam pairs on intake/exhaust sides of No. 1 cylinder should be facing away from tappets.

N.B. Check is carried out with tappet in contact with base circle of cam (i.e. cam profile must not be in contact with tappet).



L3



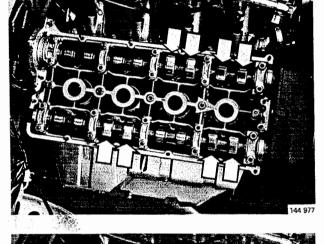
Depress tappets firmly with thumb or brass rod.

Check following tappets:

No. 1 cylinder intake/exhaust

No. 2 cylinder intake

No. 3 cylinder exhaust



L3

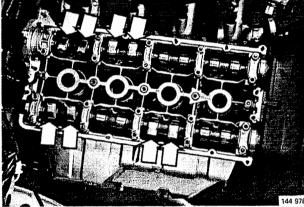
Turn engine to TDC (ignition) in No. 4 cylinder

Check following tappets:

No. 2 cylinder exhaust

No. 3 cylinder intake

No. 4 cylinder intake/exhaust





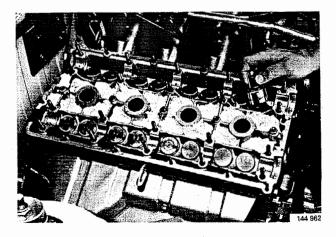
Replace any tappet which feels spongy

Tappet replacement:

Remove as described in operations K1-8 and K10-15. Replace as described in operations K17-26.

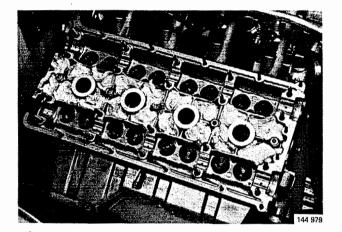
If tappets are in satisfactory condition:

See operations J3-6.



Camshaft carrier/cylinder head joint, resealing

M. Camshaft carrier/cylinder head joint, resealing



Remove camshafts as described in operations K1-14.

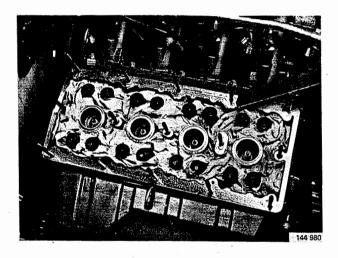
M1

M2

Separate camshaft carrier from cylinder head

Remove four remaining nuts from central bolted joint. Detach carrier from head. Tap carrier carefully with plastic mallet if component is stuck to head.

Remove O-rings around spark plug wells.



Clean camshaft carrier/bearing seats and cylinder head

Plug openings in cylinder head with paper.

Dissolve remains of sealing compound with solvent.

Carefully scrape joint surfaces clean with plastic putty knife or similar implement.

Blow camshaft carrier completely clean with compressed air.

Wipe surfaces with degreasing agent.

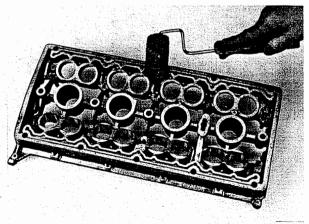


Apply liquid sealing compound

Apply compound to joint between camshaft carrier and cylinder head, and to bearing cap joint faces (1, 5 and 6).

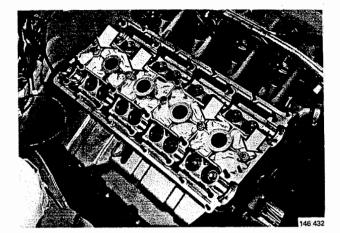
Apply compound with a short-haired roller.

N.B. Remove excess compound from oilways prior to reassembly.



144 981

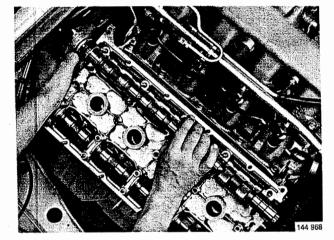
Camshaft carrier/cylinder head joint, resealing



Install camshaft carrier

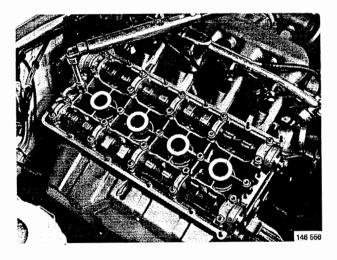
Fit new O-rings in grooves around spark plug wells. Position camshaft carrier on cylinder head and replace nuts 1, 2, 4 and 5 in central bolted joint.

Plug openings around spark plug wells with paper.



Insert tappets and install camshafts as described in operations K17-20

(Liquid sealing compound has already been applied to camshaft bearing caps.)



M6

M5

M4

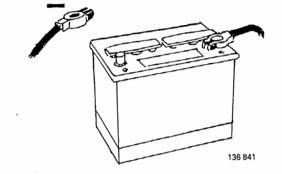
Tighten five nuts on camshaft carrier and all bearing caps

Tighten five nuts in central bolted joint and on all bearing caps.

Tighten to 20 Nm (15 ft.lb).

Carry out operations K22-26 and F12-24.

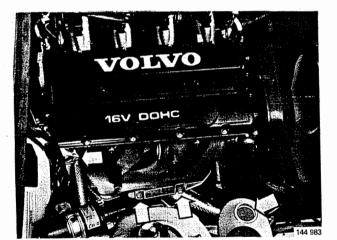
Special tool: 5098



Disconnect battery earth lead

N1





Drain coolant

Remove heat shield over exhaust manifold.

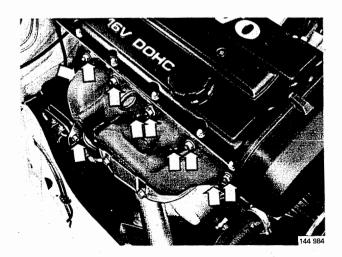
(Only the two bottom bolts on the plate need be removed.)

Remove expansion tank cap.

Drain coolant through cock on right-hand side of cylinder block. Fit tube to cock to facilitate collection of coolant.

Remove tube and close drain cock on completion of drainage.

N3

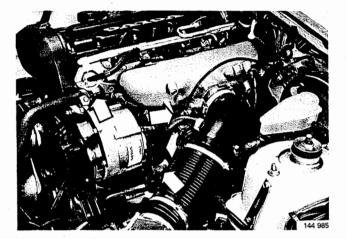


Strip right-hand side of cylinder head

Unbolt exhaust pipe from bracket.

Remove manifold nuts.

Detach manifold from cylinder block.



Strip left-hand side of cylinder head

Remove support under intake manifold. Remove bottom bolt in cylinder block.

Detach and tie up manifold in suitable manner.

Disconnect temperature sensor connectors.

Disconnect heating hose under No. 3 and 4 cylinder intake branches.

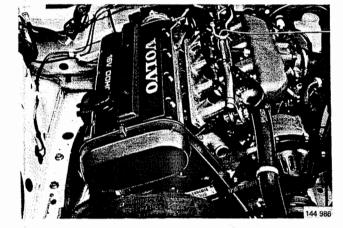
Disconnect upper coolant hose at thermostat.



N4

Strip front and top of cylinder head

Carry out operations K1-14.

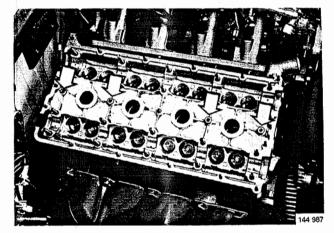


N6

Separate camshaft carrier from cylinder head

Remove four remaining nuts from central bolted joint. Detach carrier from head. Tap carrier **carefully** with plastic mallet if component is stuck to head.

Remove O-rings around spark plug wells.



N7

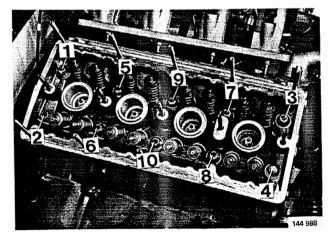
Remove cylinder head

Wipe remaining oil from cylinder head.

Undo bolts in order shown, commencing at rear of engine.

Remove cylinder head and gasket.

Caution! Cylinder head is made of aluminium. Place on pair of clean wooden blocks or similar supports to avoid scoring.



N8

Clean and inspect all cylinder head joint faces

See operation M2 regarding cleaning of camshaft carrier and removal of sealing compound.

Clean and inspect cylinder block joint faces.

N9



Clean and inspect cylinder head bolts

Bolts should be replaced if any evidence of elongation is observed. (This will be indicated by thinning of midsection.)

Bolts should be used no more than 5 times.

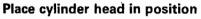
Replace bolts if in any doubt regarding above.

Fit:

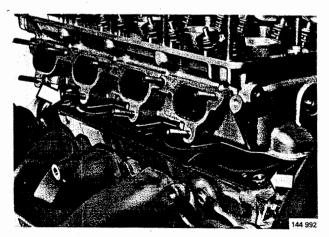
- new cylinder head gasket
- new O-ring seal for water pump

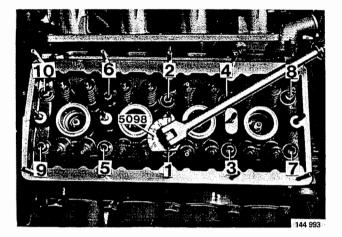
N11

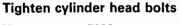
N10



Lower head carefully into position over guides, taking care to avoid damaging gasket.







Use protractor 5098.

Oil bolts.

Insert and tighten bolts in three stages, in order shown.

 $1 = 20\pm2 \text{ Nm} (15\pm1.5 \text{ ft.lb})$

 $2 = 40 \pm 5 \text{ Nm} (30 \pm 4 \text{ ft.lb})$

3 = Tighten through further 115° ± 10°.



Install exhaust manifold

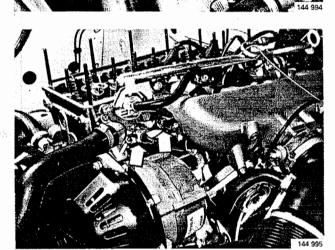
Use new gasket.

Place manifold in position. Replace and install nuts.

Bolt lifting lug in position between No. 2 and 3 exhaust branches.

Reattach front exhaust pipe to bracket.

Install bottom heat shield.

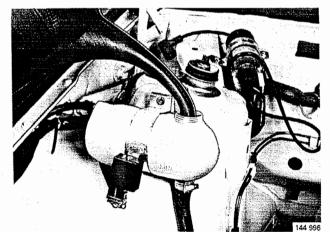


Reconnect:

- temperature sensor connectors

- heating hose under No. 3 and 4 cylinder intake branches
- upper coolant hose to thermostat.

Caution! Note marking on hose. Clearance between hose and alternator drive belt must be at least 25 mm (1 in).



N15

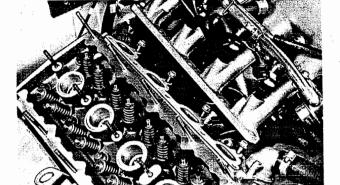
N14

Fill cooling system

Check system for leaks.

N12

N16



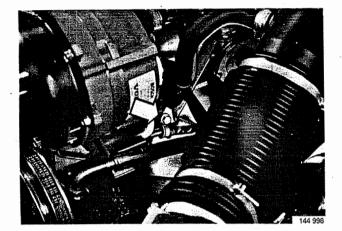
Install intake manifold

Use new gasket.

Screw in bottom bolts a few turns.

Place intake manifold and lifting lugs in position. Tighten manifold from centre outwards.

N17

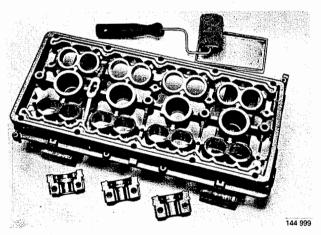


Reattach support under intake manifold

Install cable clip.

Check connections on and underneath manifold.

N18



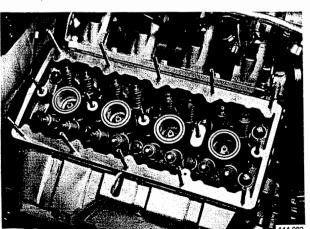
Apply liquid sealing compound

Apply compound to joint between camshaft carrier and cylinder head, and to bearing cap joint faces (1, 5 and 6).

Apply compound with a short-haired roller.

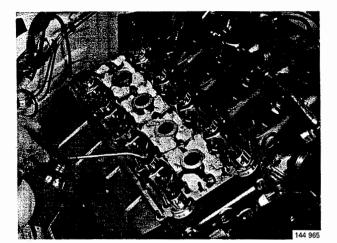
N.B. Remove excess compound from oilways prior to reassembly.

N19



Install camshaft carrier

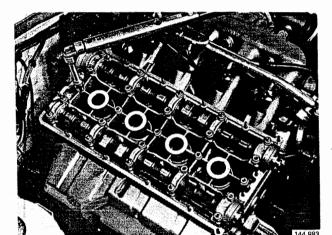
Fit new O-rings in grooves around spark plug wells. Position carrier on cylinder head and replace nuts 1, 2, 4 and 5 in central bolted joint.



N20

Insert tappets and install camshafts as described in operations K17-20

(Liquid sealing compound has already been applied to camshaft bearing caps.)



N21

Tighten five nuts on camshaft carrier and all bearing caps

Tighten five nuts in central bolted joint and on all bearing caps.

Tighten to 20 Nm (15 ft.lb).

Carry out operations K22-26 and F12-24.

Cylinder head, dismantling/inspection

O. Cylinder head, dismantling/inspection

Special tools: 5219, 9802, 998 6052, 115 8280

Remove cylinder head as described in operations N1-7

Caution! Cylinder head is made of aluminium. Place on pair of clean wooden blocks or similar supports to avoid scoring.

Stripping

Remove:

- spark plugs
- temperature sensors and pipe branches
- thermostat housing and thermostat

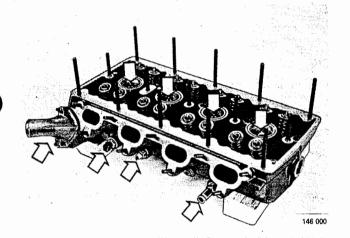
Remove:

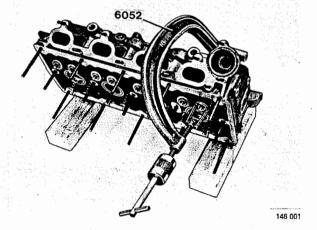
- valve collets, using clamp 998 6052
- upper spring collars
- valve springs
- vaives

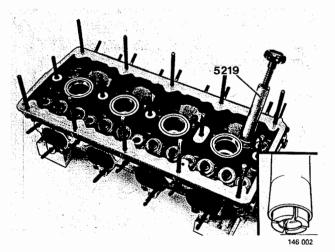
N.B. Ensure that **position** of every part removed is **identified**. Parts must not be interchanged.

Remove:

- valve stem seals, using tool 5219
- lower spring collars





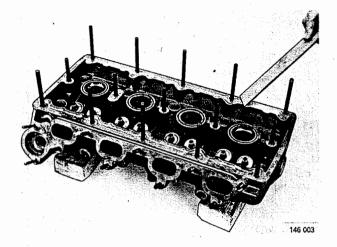


03

01

02

Cylinder head, dismantling/inspection



Cleaning and inspection

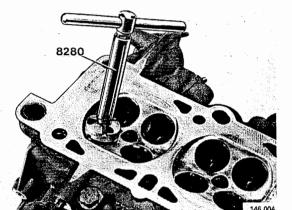
04

Clean:

- joint faces

Remove all traces of liquid sealing compound as described in operation M2.

O5



Clean:

- combustion chambers
- intake/exhaust passages
- valve seats

Clean all valve seats.

Use tool 115 8280 with 7 mm dia. spindle and 45° cutter.

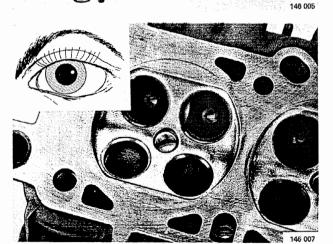
 $\ensuremath{\text{\textbf{N.B.}}}$ Ensure that tool is clear of combustion chamber walls.

06



- spark plug mating threads
- valves
- valve springs and spring collars

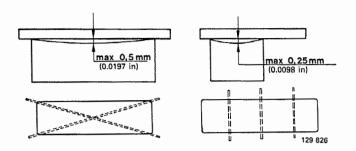
07

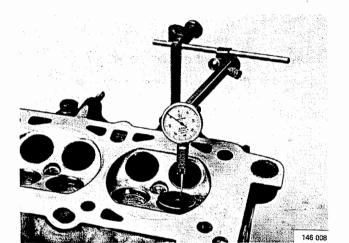


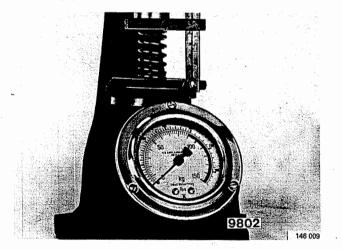
Inspect cylinder head and dismantled components

Inspect head and components visually for signs of wear or damage.

Cylinder head, dismantling/inspection







Measure cylinder head distortion

Use steel rule and feeler gauges.

Max. distortion without machining:

Cylinder head must be replaced if distortion exceeds 1.0 mm (0.0394 in) along length or 0.50 mm (0.0197in) across width.

Height of cylinder head as new 103.50 ± 0.5 mm $(4.0780\pm0.0197 \text{ in})$

Minimum height after machining 102.5 mm (4.0354 in)

09

08

Measure valve guide wear

Use magnetic stand and dial gauge.

Lift valve approx. 2–3 mm (1/10 in) clear of seat when checking guide.

Clearance between new components:

Max. clearance, used components:

Intake/exhaust 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

010

Measure valve springs

Use spring tester 9802.

Length, mm (in)

Load, N (lb)

L: 43.0 (1.69) L1: 37.0 (1.46) 0 (0)

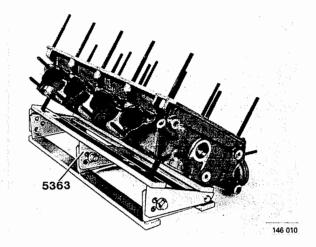
L2: 26.5 (1.04)

232±20 (52±4.5)

640±40 (144±9)

P. Cylinder head, overhaul

Special tools: 5222, 5363, 5364, 5365, 5366, 5367, 5368, 5369, 5373, 5377, 5378, 998 6045



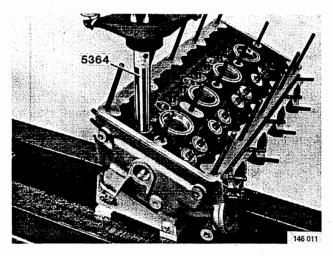
Replacement of valve guides

P1

Mount cylinder head on fixture 5363

Adjust angle of inclination. Use locating holes No. 2 in fixture supports.

Clamp head to fixture. Use locating holes No. 2 on face.

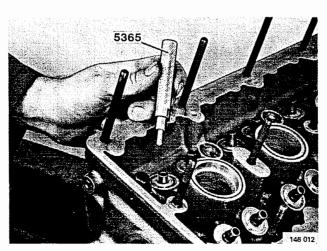


Press out guides to be replaced. (Procedure is carried out in three stages)

P2

1. Free guide using drift 5364

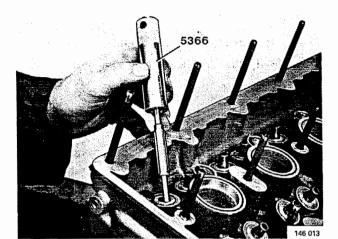
Press slowly until drift bears against valve spring seat.



2. Press out further using drift 5365

Press **slowly** until drift bears against valve spring seat. Inspect upper section of guide bore.

P4



3. Place new valve guide on drift 5366 and press home

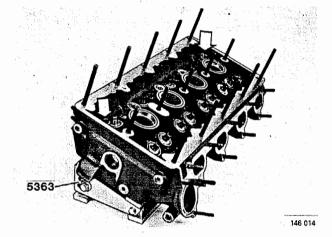
Press guide **slowly** into head until drift bears against valve spring seat.

Top of guide should project by 15 \pm 0.2 mm (0.5906 \pm 0.0079 in)

(Height is set by tool.)

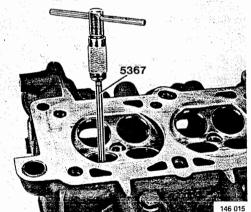
Important! Press force must be at least 9000 N (2025 lb). If force is lower, guide must be removed and bore reamed out for fitting oversized guide.

P5



Remove cylinder head from fixture 5363

P6



Ream valve guides internally

Use reamer 5367.

Ream from combustion chamber side.

N.B. Valve and seat **must** be ground in following installation of new guide.

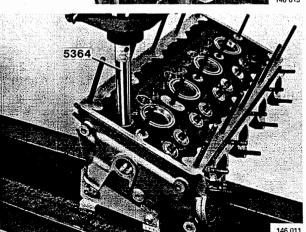


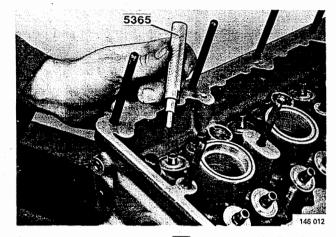
Important! Oversized guides must be fitted if press force is less than $9000\,$ N (2025 lb) or if guide bores in cylinder head are damaged.

P7

Press out guide using drift 5364

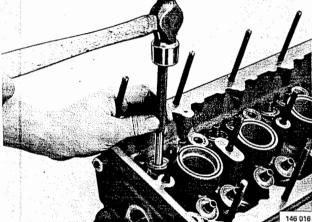
Press slowly until drift bears against valve spring seat.





Press out further using drift 5365

Press slowly until drift bears against valve spring seat.

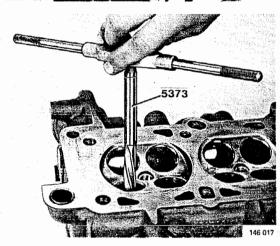


Tap out guide using drift

P9

P8

P10

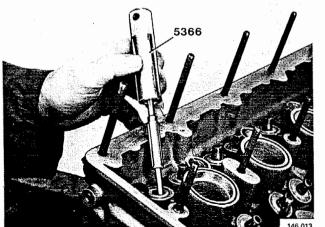


Ream out guide bore

Use reamer 5373.

Ream from combustion chamber side.

P11

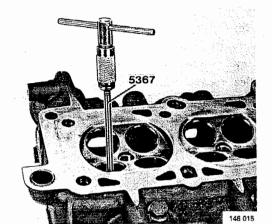


Press in new guide using drift 5366

Top of guide should project by 15 \pm 0.2 mm (0.5906 \pm 0.0079 in) (Height is set by tool)

P12

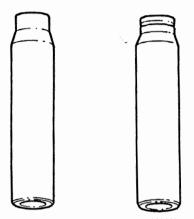
P13



Ream valve guides internally

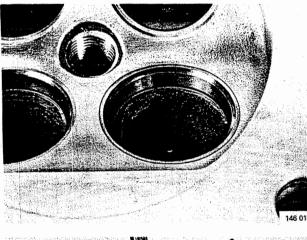
Use reamer 5367.

Ream from combustion chamber side.



Marking and dimensions of valve guides

Guide P/N	1 378 960-7
Standard: Outside dia 12.0 n	nm (0.4724 in)
No. of grooves:	0
Guide P/N	1 378 958-1
Guide P/N	



Replacement of valve seats

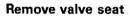
Important! Valve guide must always be replaced before replacing seat.

P14

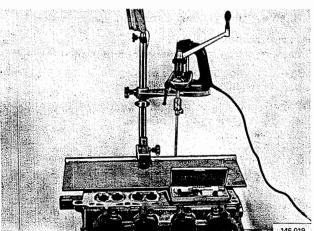
Clean valve seat

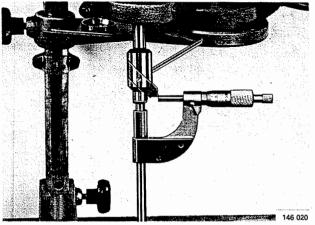
Ensure that edge of seat is clearly visible.

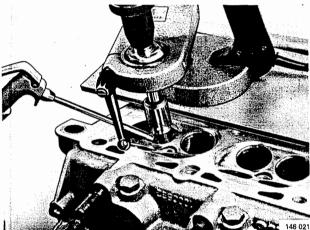
P15

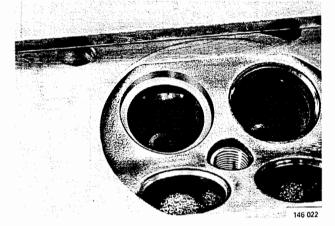


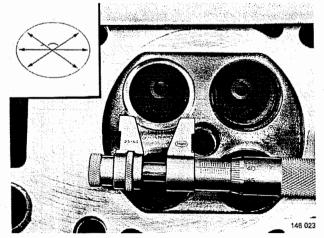
Use seat miller such as Mira P/N 998 6045-5.











P16

Set milling cutter

Adjust cutter diameter to slightly less than standard diameter of seat recess in cylinder head.

Seat recess diameter	Intake	Exhaust
B 234 mm	35.9 _{-0.05} ⁰	32.9 _{-0.05}
	(1.4144 in_0.0020)	(1.2953 in _{-0.0020})
B 204 mm	33.9 _{-0.05}	30.9 _{-0.05} (1.2165 in _0.0020)
	(1.3346 in_0 _{0.0020)}	(1.2165 in _{-0.0020)}

P17

Mill out valve seat

Blow clean with compressed air and inspect work continuously.

Remove remains of seat.

Seat will become loose just before max. milling depth is reached.

P18

Check valve seat recess

If damaged, recess must be machined for oversized valve seat.

P19

Measure seat recess diameter

Use internal micrometer.

Measure diameter all around circumference.

Seat should be 0.10-0.14 mm (0.0039-0.0055 in) larger than recess in cylinder head.

If interference fit is less than above, recess must be milled out to take oversized seat.

P20



Heat head in oven at approx. 100°C (212°F).

N.B. Use heavy protective gloves when handling hot cylinder head.

P21

Cool valve seat

Place seat on appropriate drift:

B 234: Intake **5368**

Exhaust 5369

B 204: Intake **5377** Exhaust **5378**

Cool seat using dry ice or similar medium.

Use grease to hold seat to drift 5369.

N.B. Use heavy protective gloves when handling chilled

assembly tool.

P22

Insert valve seat in cylinder head

Operation must be carried out quickly to maintain maximum possible temperature difference between components.

Check that recess in cylinder head is clean.

Use hammer to tap seat fully home in recess.

Important! After replacing valve seat:

Seat face must be milled.

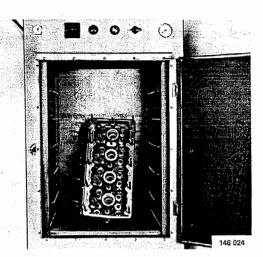
Seat and valve must be inspected and ground in as required.

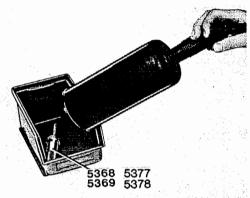
P23

Valve seat dimensions

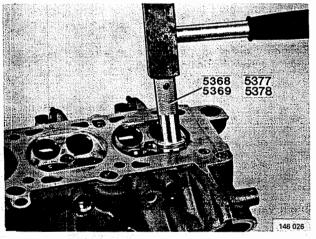
Since seats are not marked, dimensions must be measured.

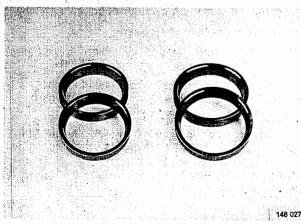
Valve seat diameter	Intake	Exhaust
B 234		
Standard mm Oversize mm	(1.4228 in 0 000s)	33.14 _{-0.016} (1.3047 in _{-0.0006}) 33.64 _{-0.016} (1.3244 in _{-0.0006})
B 204		
Standard mm Oversize mm	(1.3441 in 0,0006)	31.14 ^{.0} _{.0.016} (1.2260 in ^{.0} _{.0.0006}) 31.64 ^{.0} _{.0.016} (1.2457 in ^{.0} _{.0.0006})

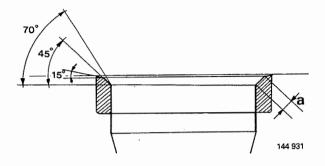




146 025



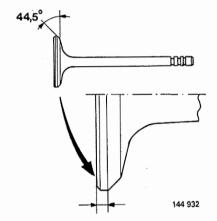




Valve seats, machining

P24
Machine valve seats to following angles:
Seating face, intake/exhaust 45° Relief angle, upper 15° Relief angle, lower 70°
Valve seat width (a) Intake

N.B. Check that milling cutter is clear of combustion chamber walls.



Machining of valves

ground only with grinding paste.

P25
Machine-grind intake valves as follows:
Seating face angle44.5°
Edge width, new valve
Caution! Exhaust valves are stellite-coated and must be

5222

Check valve stem height

P26

Use gauge 5222 and sliding callipers.

Place camshaft carrier on cylinder head.

Place gauge across camshaft bearing seats.

Measure valve stem height by inserting callipers through hole in gauge.

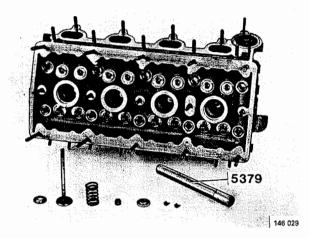
Valve stem height... 49.4 \pm 0.4 mm (1.9449 \pm 0.0157 in) Max. machining allowance...... 0.4 mm (0.0157 in)

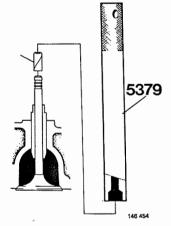
Length, new valve:

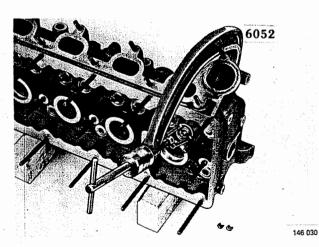
N.B. Correct valve stem height is essential to satisfactory operation of hydraulic tappets.

Q. Cylinder head, reassembly

Special tools: 5379, 998 6052







Installation of valves

Check that cylinder head and other components are clean.

Q1

Install:

- lower valve spring collars
- valves (in correct positions), oiling valve stems and guides
- intake and exhaust valve stem seals

Always use protective sleeve included in gasket set.

Place sleeve over valve stem.

Push down seal onto stem.

Remove protective sleeve.

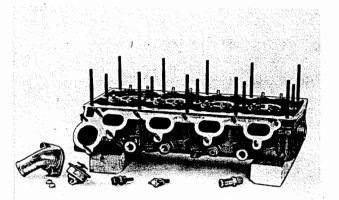
Press home seal using assembly tool 5379.

Q2

Install:

- valve spring and upper spring collar, using clamp 998 6052
- collets





146 031

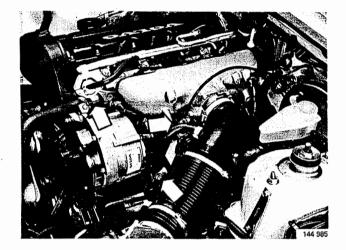
Install:

- thermostat and thermostat housing
- temperature sensors and pipe branch
- spark plugs (after balance shaft and timing belts have been fitted)

 Q_4



Install cylinder head as described in operations N9-21.

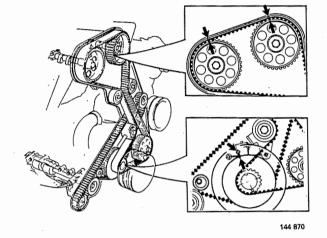


 Special tools: 5006, 5033, 5115, 5186, 5362, 5376

 Left-hand side.
 R1–15

 Right-hand side
 R16–35

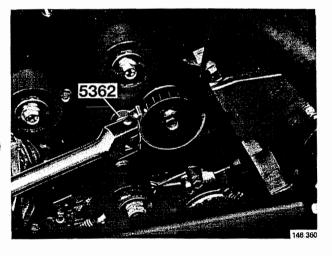
Right-hand side R16–35
Overhaul R36–49



Replacement of complete left-hand housing

R1

Remove timing and balance shaft belts See operations C1-9.



Remove balance shaft pulley Use counterhold 5362.

R2

148 38

Remove air mass meter and inlet hose

R3



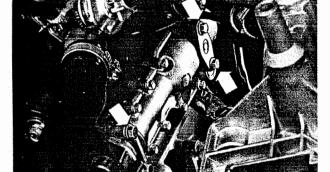


Undo bracket under intake manifold.

Tie bracket and assembly to wheel housing.

N.B. Protect wheel housing from scratches.

R5

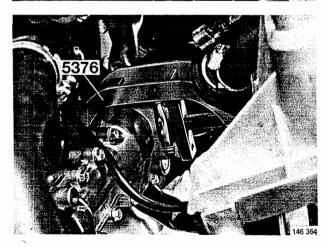


Remove:

 bolts securing balance shaft housing to cylinder block.

Place container underneath joint (or place paper on front crossmember) to collect oil spillage from housing.

R6



Remove balance shaft housing

Use extractor 5376.

Position tool over rear mounting point.

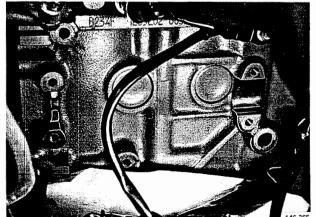
Separate housing from cylinder block carefully. Use tool (e.g. 5196) simultaneously to prise loose front mounting to assist in removing housing.

Caution! If housing is to be reused, it must be removed evenly from front and rear mountings.

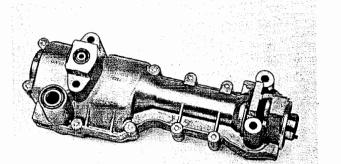
R7



Clean joint faces on cylinder block.



R8

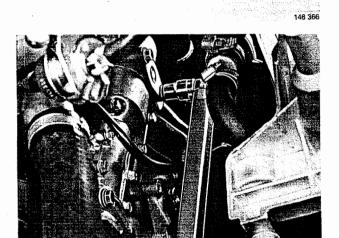


Place O-rings in position

Place O-rings in grooves around housing oilways.

Fix O-rings in position by packing grooves with grease and lubricate housing joint faces with thin coating of grease.

R9



Install balance shaft housing

Ensure housing is replaced evenly on front and rear mountings. Max. permissible deviation between mounting faces with reference to block is 1 mm (0.04 in).

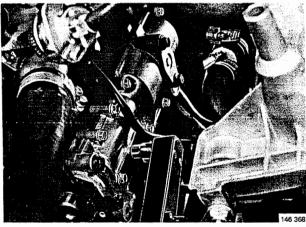
Tighten bolts alternately in diagonal pattern. Tighten each bolt bymax. 1/2 turn at a time.

Tighten bolts to 20 Nm (15 ft.lb).

Slacken and retighten to 10 Nm (7.5 ft.lb) and through a further 90°.

N.B. Check that shaft does not seize in housing during tightening procedure.

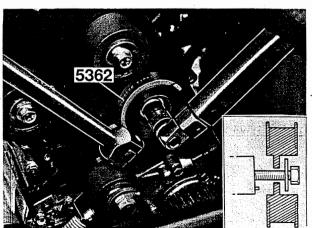
R10



Tighten bolted joint between housing halves

Tighten to 8 Nm (6 ft.lb).

R11



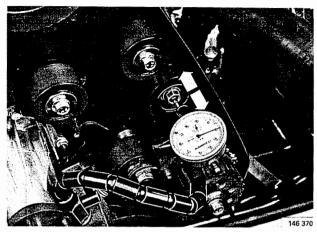
Install drive pulley

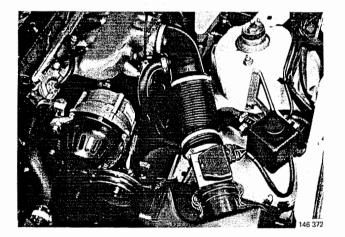
146.369

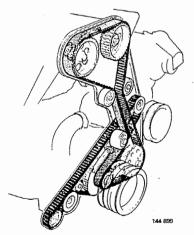
Use counterhold 5362.

N.B. Slot in pulley hub must be aligned with guide pin on shaft end. **Shallower** side of pulley must face inwards.

Tighten centre bolt to **50 Nm** (37 ft.lb). Use tool **5362** as counterhold.







R12

Check axial clearance of balance shaft

Measure clearance using dial gauge mounted on magnetic stand.

Axial clearance 0.06-0.19 mm (0.0024-0.0075 in)

R13

Install alternator and servo pump bracket

Check alternator and servo pump connections. Reattach support under intake manifold.

N.B. Remember to attach cable tie (clamp) to bottom bolt on support.

R14

install:

- air mass meter with air inlet hose and connections

N.B. Lower engine if unit has been raised to provide access to right-hand balance shaft housing.

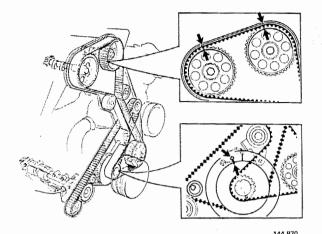
R15

Install timing/balance shaft belts

See operations C12-37.

100

N.B. See table of tension values in specifications (page 11) if replacing existing timing/balance shaft belts.

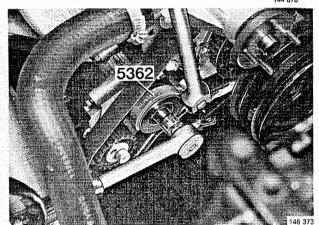


Replacement of complete right-hand housing

R16

Remove timing/balance shaft belts See operations C1-9.

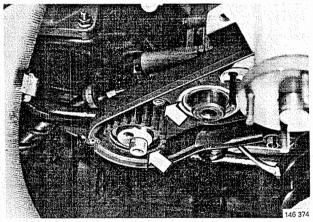
R17



Remove drive pulley

Use counterhold 5362.

R18

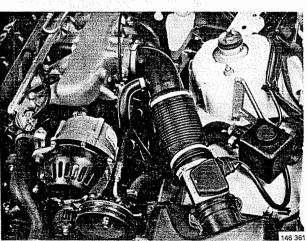


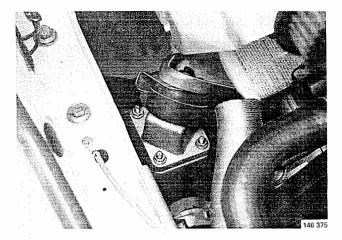
Remove:

- balance shaft belt tensioner
- bolt between rear section of transmission mounting plate and balance shaft housing

R19

Remove air mass meter and air inlet hose



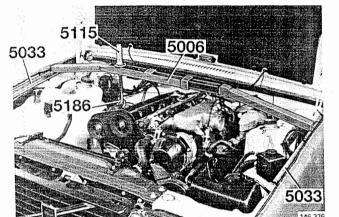


Remove:

- air preheating hose from bottom heat shield under exhaust manifold
- nuts securing right-hand engine mounting to member

R21

R20

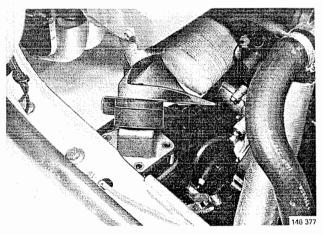


Lift engine using right-hand lifting lug

Use lifting yoke 5006, two support bars 5003, and lifting hooks 5115 and 5186.

N.B. Check clearance between master cylinder and intake manifold.

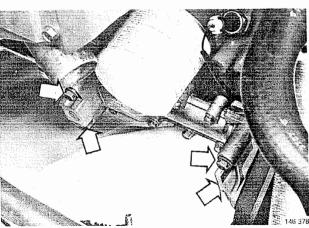
R22



Remove engine mounting

Remove complete mounting (including insulating pad and lower mounting plate) from block.

R23

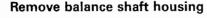


Remove:

 bolts attaching balance shaft housing to cylinder block.

Place container underneath joint (or place paper on front crossmember) to collect oil spillage from housing.

R24



Use extractor 5376.

Position tool over rear mounting point.

Separate housing from cylinder block carefully. Use tool (e.g. 5196) simultaneously to prise loose front mounting to assist in removing housing.

Caution! If housing is to be reused, it must be removed evenly from front and rear mountings.

R25

Clean mounting points

Clean joint faces on cylinder block.

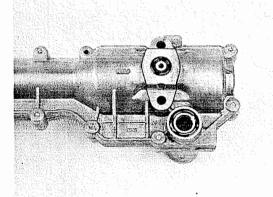
R26

R27

Place O-rings in position

Place O-rings in grooves around housing oilways.

Fix O-rings in position by packing grooves with grease and lubricate housing joint faces with thin coating of grease.



5376

146 381

Install balance shaft housing

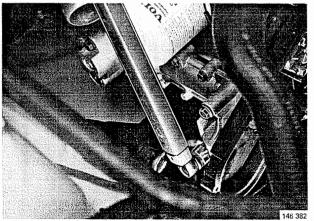
Ensure housing is aligned evenly on front and rear mountings. Max. permissible deviation between mounting faces with reference to block is 1 mm (0.04

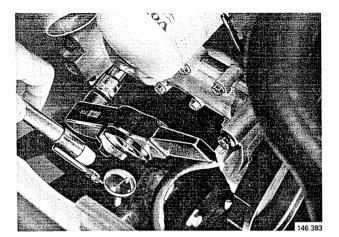
Tighten bolts alternately in diagonal pattern. Tighten each bolt by max. 1/2 turn at a time.

Tighten bolts to 20 Nm (15 ft.lb).

Slacken and retighten to 10 Nm (7.5 ft.lb) and through a further 90°.

N.B. Check that shaft does not seize in housing during



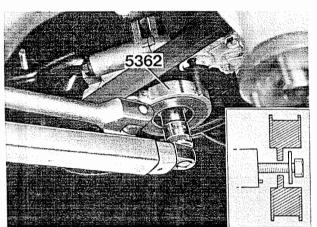


Tighten bolted joint between housing halves

Tighten to 8 Nm (6 ft.lb).



R28



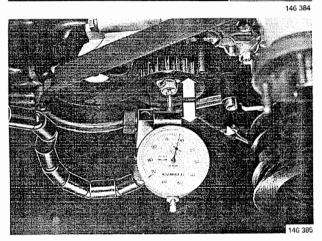
Install drive pulley

Use counterhold 5362.

N.B. Slot in pulley hub must be aligned with guide pin on shaft end. Shallower side of pulley must face inwards.

Tighten centre bolt to ${\bf 50~Nm}$ (37 ft.lb). Use tool ${\bf 5362}$ as counterhold.

R30



Check axial clearance of balance shaft

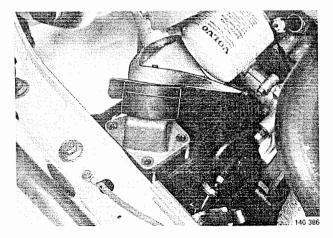
Measure clearance using dial gauge mounted on magnetic stand.

Axial clearance 0.06-0.19 mm (0.0024-0.0075 in)

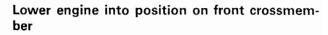
R31



Install mounting complete with insulating pad and lower mounting plate.



R32



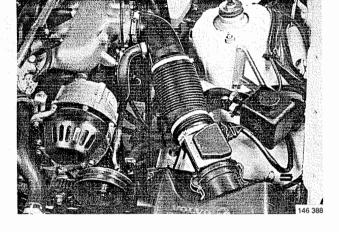
Use studs on member to guide lower engine mounting plate into position.

Remove lifting attachments.

R33

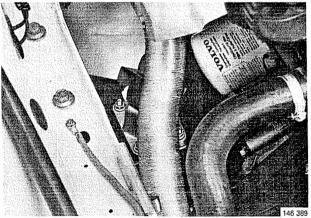
R34

Install air mass meter with air inlet hose and connections



Retighten:

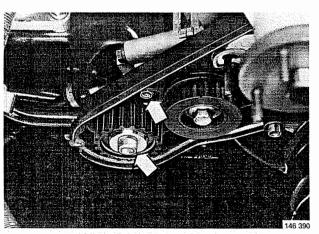
- engine mounting
- air preheating hose



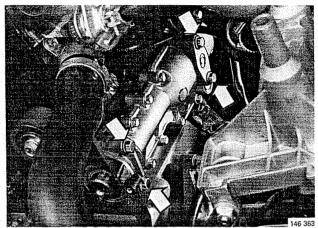
install:

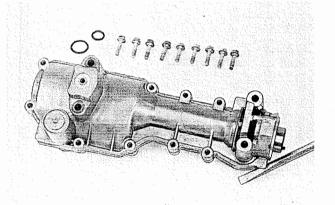
- bolt in rear section of transmission mounting plate
- belt tensioner, tightening bolt so that pulley is movable when belt is placed in position
- timing/balance shaft belts as described in operations C12–37.

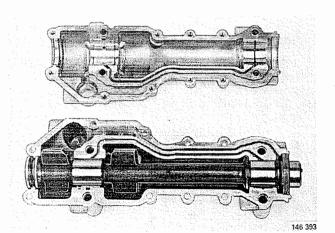
N.B. See table of tension values in specifications (page 11) if replacing existing timing/balance shaft belts.



R35







Balance shaft housing, reconditioning

Remove balance shaft housing

Remove left-hand housing as described in operations R1-7.

Remove right-hand housing as described in operations R16–25.

Balance shaft housing, dismantling

R36

Remove bolts in housing joint

R37

Separate housing halves

146 391

146 392

Prise housing halves apart using heavy screwdriver inserted between projections at four points around joint.

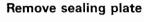
N.B. Prise carefully at each point in turn, ensuring that deviation in parallelism between joint faces does not exceed 1 mm (0.0040 in).

R38

Lift out balance shaft

Remove front sealing ring from shaft.

R39



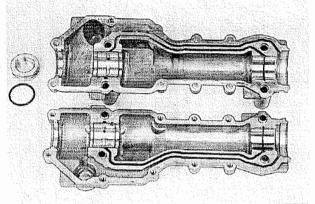
Remove O-ring from groove in sealing plate.

R40

R41



Remove rear bearing shells from housing halves.



146 395

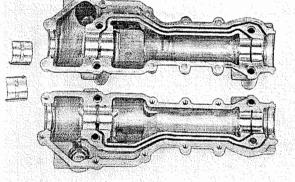
146 394

Clean housing and other components

Use solvent to remove remains of liquid sealing compound.

Carefully scrape surfaces clean using plastic putty knife.

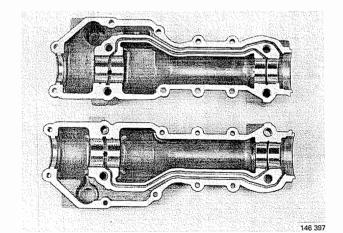
Wipe components with degreasing agent and blow clean thoroughly with compressed air.

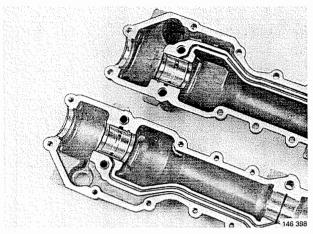


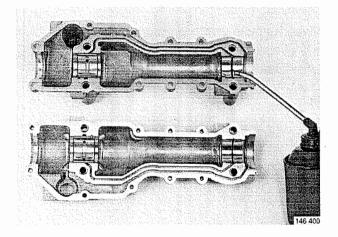
146 396

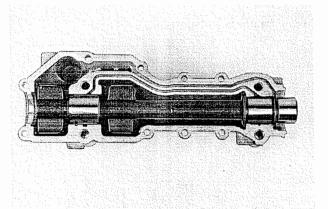
Inspect joint and bearing surfaces

R42









Balance shaft housing, assembly

R43

Install rear bearing shells

Position shells flush with joint surfaces.

R44

Apply liquid sealing compound

Apply compound to housing half not fitted with guide sleeves.

N.B. Excess sealing compound **must** be removed from oilways and bearing surfaces prior to assembly.

R45

Lubricate balance shaft bearings

Oil bearing shells in both housing halves.

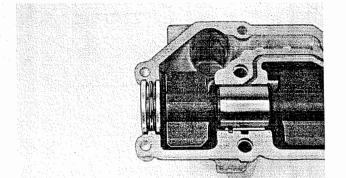
N.B. Lubricant must **not** be allowed to come in contact with liquid sealing compound or joint faces.

R46

Place balance shaft in position

Place shaft in housing half to which liquid sealing compound has been applied.

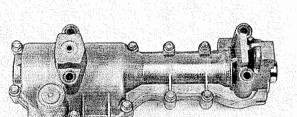
R47



Install rear sealing plate

Fit new O-ring in groove in sealing plate. Position seal in housing half with balance shaft.

R48

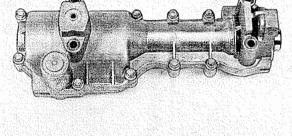


Reassemble balance shaft housing

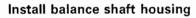
Tighten bolted joint all around to ensure halves are pulled together evenly.

Tighten to 5 Nm (3.7 ft.lb).

Ensure that shaft does not seize in housing.



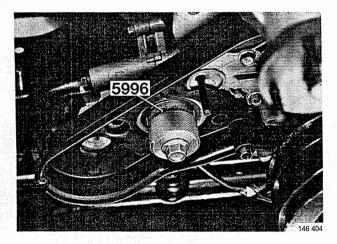
R49



Install left-hand housing as described in operations R8--15.

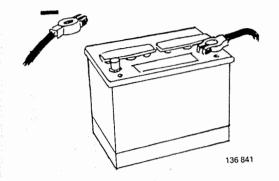
Install right-hand housing as described in operations R26-35.

N.B. Balance shaft front seal is replaced as described in E6 when housing has been tightened in position as per operation R11 or R27.



S. Engine mountings, replacement

Special tools: 5006, 5033, 5115, 5186

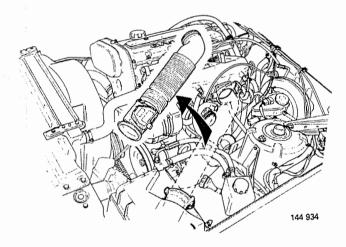


Left-hand side

S1

S2

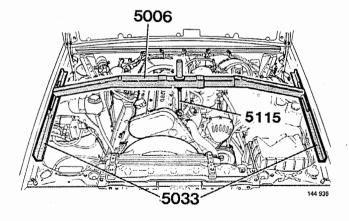
Disconnect battery earth lead



Remove:

- air mass meter and air inlet hose
- engine mounting bottom nut

N.B. Undo bottom nut from underneath on cars equipped with an AC compressor. Remove front splashguard.



S3

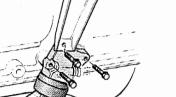
Raise engine using left front lifting lug

Use lifting yoke **5006**, two support bars **5033** and lifting hook **5115**.

N.B. Ensure that fan blades are not damaged by contact with shroud.

Engine mountings, replacement

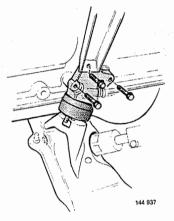
*S*4



Remove:

- three bolts securing mounting to cylinder blockmounting complete with insulating block

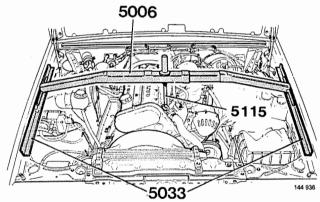




Install:

- mounting with new insulating block
- cable clip and support at top bolt

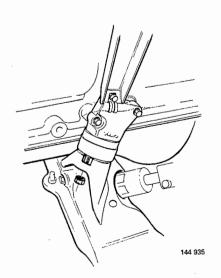




Lower engine into position and remove lifting attachments

Guide bottom bolt of mounting into bracket.

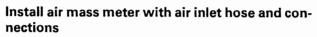
S7

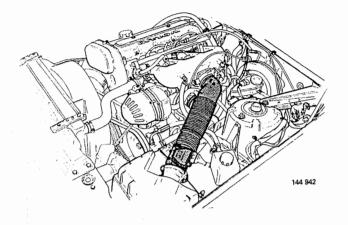


Install engine mounting bottom nut

N.B. Tighten nut from underneath on cars equipped with an AC compressor. Install front splashguard.

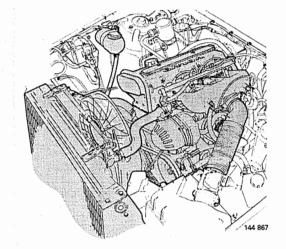






Check operation

Test run engine.

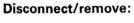


Right-hand side

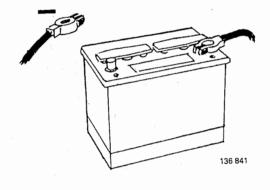
Disconnect battery earth lead

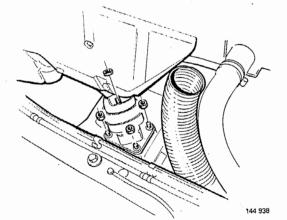
S10

S11



- air preheating hose from bottom heat shield
 four nuts securing bottom mounting plate

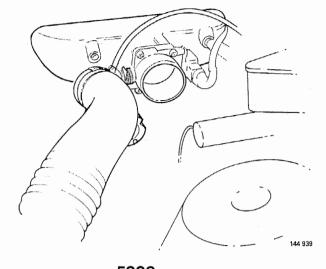




Engine mountings, replacement

S12

Disconnect air inlet hose from throttle housing

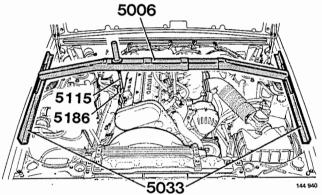


S13

Raise engine using right front lifting lug

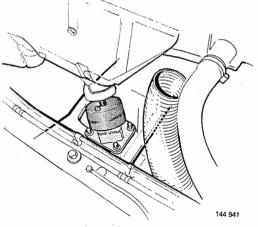
Use lifting yoke 5006, two support bars 5033, and lifting hooks 5115 and 5186.

N.B. Check clearance between master cylinder and inlet manifold, and between fan blades and shroud.



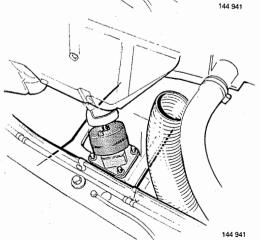
S14

Remove engine mounting and bottom mounting plate

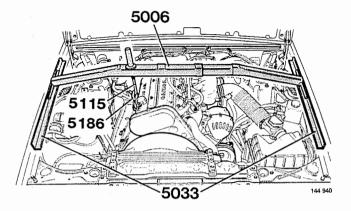


S15

Install new engine mounting and bottom mounting plate



Engine mountings, replacement

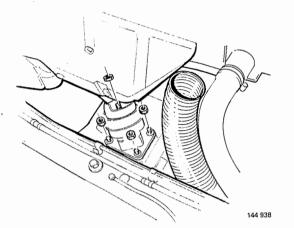


S16

Lower engine into position and remove lifting attachments

Guide upper mounting plate and mounting into position.

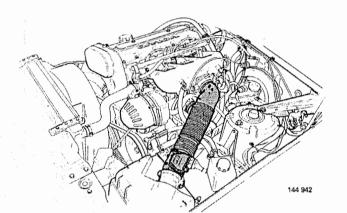
S17



Install/reconnect:

- four nuts securing engine mounting and bottom mounting plate
- air preheating hose to bottom heat shield

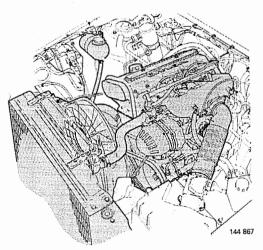
S18



Reconnect air inlet hose to throttle housing

Check other connections to air inlet hose.

S19

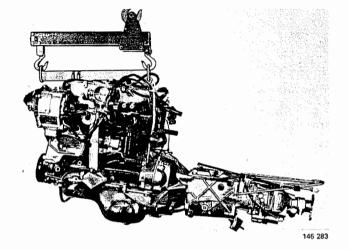


Check operation

Reconnect battery earth lead. Test run engine.

T. Engine, removal

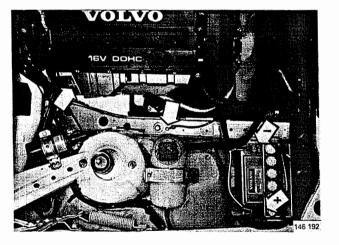
Special tools: 2810, 5006, 5033, 5035, 5115, 5186, 5244



Procedure for cars with manual gearboxes

Removal of automatic gearbox is described in procedure AD.

Caution! Since operations T29-30 are carried out with engine freely suspended, ensure that lifting equipment is securely attached and in perfect condition.

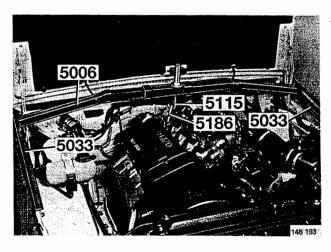


Disconnect battery leads

Disconnect

- earth (negative) lead

- leads connected to terminal lug of battery positive lead
- battery positive lead
- earth lead connection to top of side member
- bolted connection to exhaust manifold front bracket



Support engine at rear

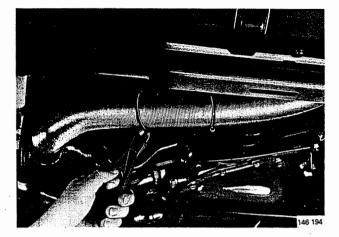
Use two support bars 5033, lifting yoke 5006, and lifting hooks 5115and 5186.

Raise engine using rear left lifting lug.

Cut cable tie and position wiring clear of lifting lug.

T1

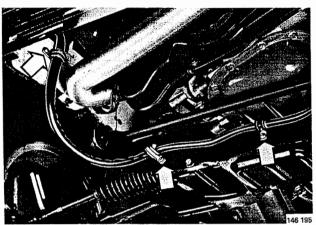
T2



Drain engine oil Remove splashguard under engine

Cut air preheating hose ties.

T4

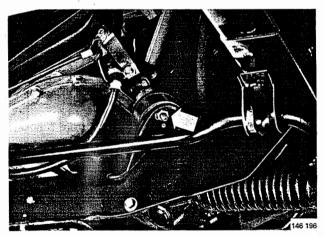


Release battery leads from body

Undo clips on front crossmember and right-hand side member.

Work wiring free of anti-roll bar.

T5

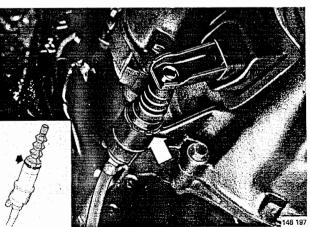


Release front left-hand engine mounting

Undo bottom nut.

N.B. On cars equipped with AC: Remove AC compressor from mounting bracket.

T6



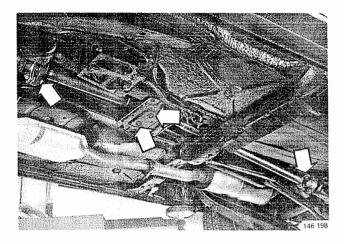
Remove clutch slave cylinder

Remove cylinder circlip.

Withdraw cylinder carefully from location in housing.

N.B. Rubber boot retains plunger in cylinder. Secure boot with circlip.





Remove propeller shaft

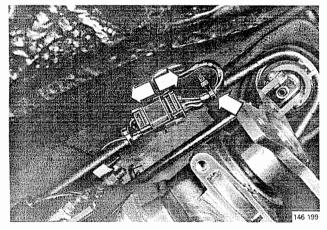
Use socket 5244.

Separate front and rear universal joints.

Unbolt centre support bearing from member.

Withdraw propeller shaft backwards.

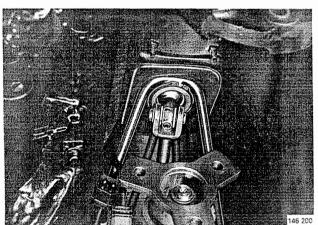




Free gearbox wiring

Cut **rear** tie at gear lever mounting. Separate wiring connectors.





Release gear lever

Undo lever locking bolt.

Remove pivot pin between lever and gear selector rod. Remove circlip from lever sleeve under mounting.

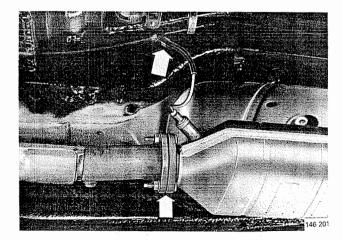
Push up lever.

Remove bearing bushings and O-ring.

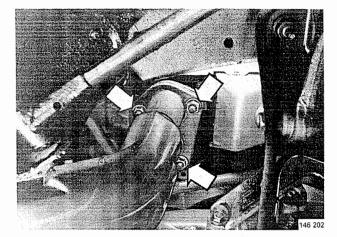




Release oxygen sensor lead from rear clip.



Engine, removal

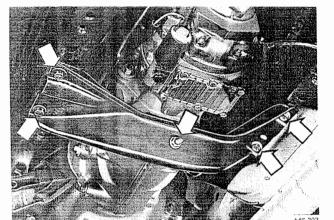


Remove front exhaust pipe

Remove nuts in bolted joint with exhaust manifold.

T12

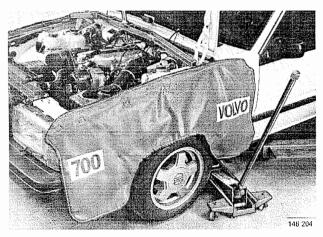
T11



Remove gearbox support member

Remove gearbox bump stop nut and bolts attaching member to side members.

T13



Support gearbox on jack

Remove lifting attachments (5006, 5033, 5115 and 5186).

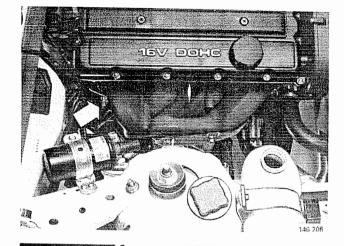
T14



Remove:

- top heat shield from exhaust manifold
- air preheating hose from bottom heat shield
- top nut on right-hand engine mounting

T15



Drain coolant

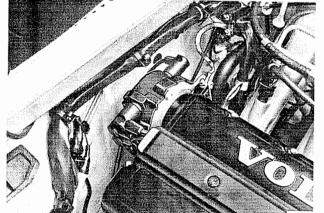
Remove expansion tank cap.

Drain coolant through cock on right-hand side of cylinder block.

Fit tube to cock to facilitate collection of coolant.

Remove tube and close drain cock on completion of drainage.

T16



Remove distributor cap

Remove high-tension supply lead from cap.

Remove ignition leads from cap.

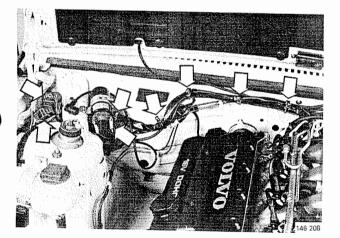
Undo cap retaining screws (three).

Remove cap and distributor rotor.

Disconnect braided earth lead from engine.

N.B. Always grip ignition leads by **caps** when removing to avoid damage to leads.

T17

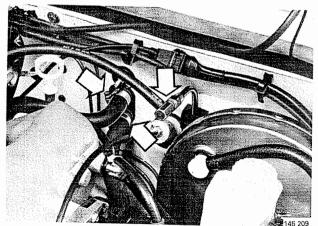


Release wiring harness at rear of engine

Open cable clips on bulkhead.

Separate wiring connectors at right-hand suspension strut housing and disconnect lead to terminal 1 on ignition coil.

T18



Undo hose connections at left-hand side of bulk-head

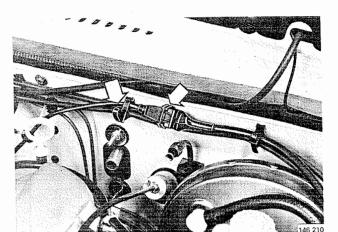
Disconnect heater hoses from pipe branches on bulk-head

Open union between hose and pipe on fuel line.

Soak up fuel spillage with paper.

N.B. Seal open ends to prevent entry of dirt into fuel line.

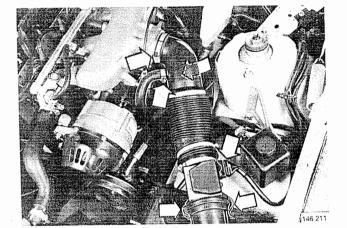




Disconnect speed pick-up lead

Open cable clip on bulkhead.
Open connector.

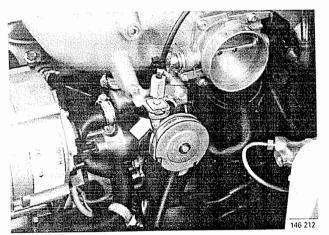
T20



Remove air mass meter and air inlet hose

Disconnect air mass meter wiring and hoses connected to inlet hose.

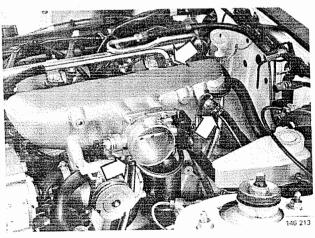
T21



Release throttle cable from pulley

Release locking clip on cable tensioner. Unhook cable from pulley.

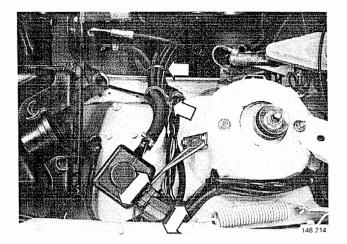
T22



Remove:

- brake servo vacuum hose from branch on intake manifold
- EVAP valve hose from branch on bottom of intake manifold
- return line from fuel distribution pipe

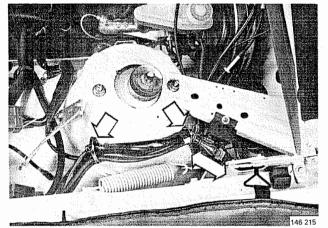
T23



Release engine wiring harness on left-hand side

Cut steering servo hose and wiring harness ties.
Undo cable clip at left-hand wheel housing.
Unhook servo reservoir from mounting bracket.
Open cable clip at connectors.
Separate wiring connectors at servo reservoir.

T24



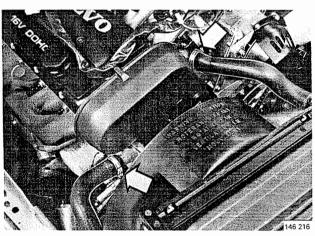
Disconnect knock sensor lead

Open cable clips on left-hand suspension strut housing.

Separate connectors at diagnostic unit.

Work wiring free of servo hoses.

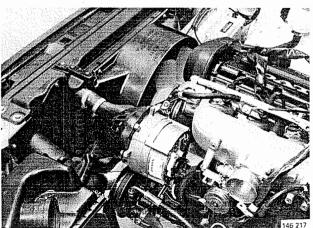
T25



Remove coolant hoses

Disconnect upper coolant hose at thermostat housing. Disconnect lower coolant hose at water pump.

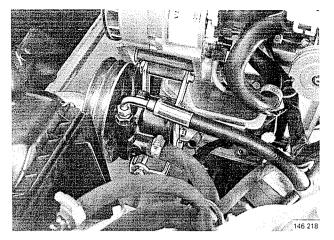
T26

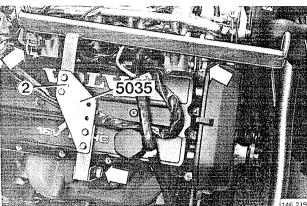


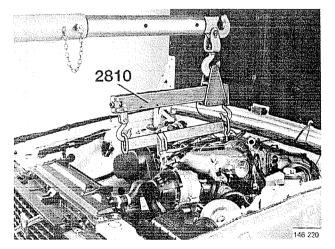
Remove:

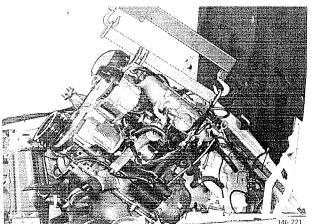
- alternator, servo pump and (if fitted) AC compressor drive belts
- radiator fan and drive pulley
- fan shroud

Engine, removal









Remove servo pump

Remove pump from mounting bracket.

Place pump on left-hand wheel housing.

Use paper or other material to protect wheel housing from scratches.

On cars with AC; Tie compressor out of way.

N.B. Do not undo AC or servo unit hose connections.

T28

T27

Attach lifting gear

Use bracket **5035** with side arm bolted to hole configuration No. 2.

Attach tool first to front left lifting lug, hook fast at rear and finally attach to side lifting lug.

N.B. Position wiring harnesses so as to **avoid damage** when lifting.

T29

Lift engine

Use lifting tool 2810.

Adjust lifting yoke to ensure engine is balanced.

Remove jack under gearbox.

T30

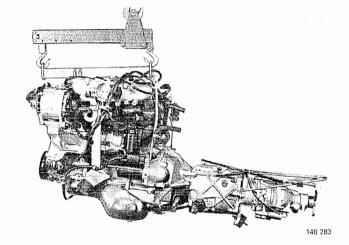
Lift out engine and gearbox

Adjust angle of lift throughout operation.

N.B. Carefully check that drive unit is free of radiator, body and extra equipment (if any).

U. Engine replacement, transfer of components

Special tools: 2520, 2820, 5035, 5111, 5112, 5927



The following procedure assumes that the engine has been removed as described in operations T1-30.

Procedure applies to cars with manual gearboxes

Removal of automatic gearbox is described in procedure AD.

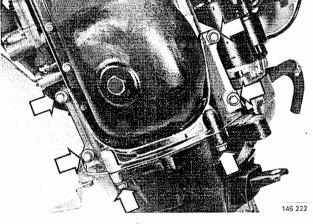
Caution! Since operations U1–4 and U30–34 are carried out with engine freely suspended, ensure that lifting equipment is securely attached and in perfect condition.

Stripping of engine

U1

Remove reinforcing bracket

Unbolt bracket between engine and gearbox.

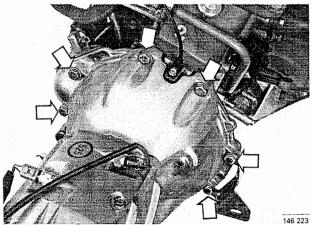


U2

Remove gearbox

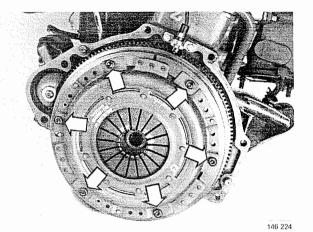
Detach gearbox from engine by separating flywheel housing from cylinder block.

Inspect clutch release bearing and seal on input shaft.



5112

Engine replacement, transfer of components



Remove pressure plate and clutch plate

Use gear sector **5112**. Undo pressure plate joint evenly all round.

Inspect clutch components.

*U*4

U3



Remove speed pick-up and flywheel

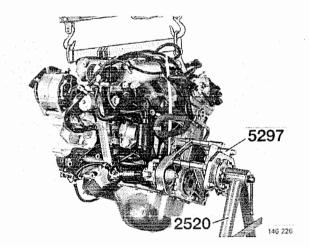
Use gear sector 5112.

Remove flywheel.

N.B. Speed pick-up must be removed before flywheel.

146 225

U5

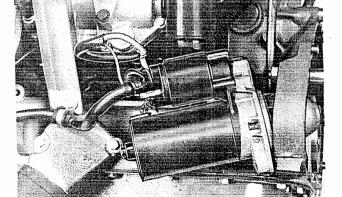


Mount engine in stand

Use stand 2520 and fixture 5297.

Remove lifting tool 2810 and bracket 5035.

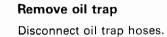
U6



Remove starter motor

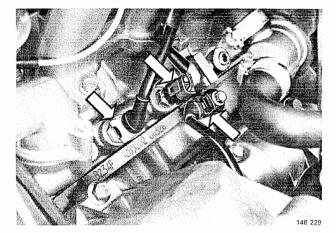
Disconnect starter motor leads.

U7



Remove trap and withdraw wiring harness between balance shaft housing and trap.

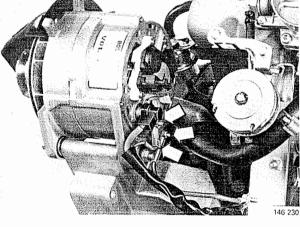
balance shaft housing and trap.



Disconnect:

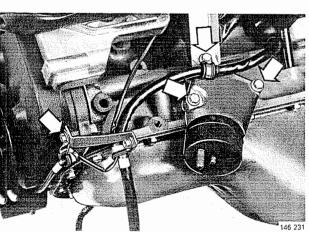
- knock sensor

- temperature sensors under intake manifold.



Disconnect alternator leads

Remove protective cap over terminal B+.



U10

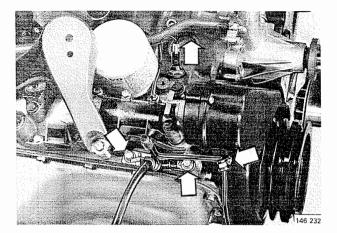
Remove cable clip at left-hand engine mounting

Remove engine mounting.

Remove wiring harness bracket on transmission cover.

U8

U9

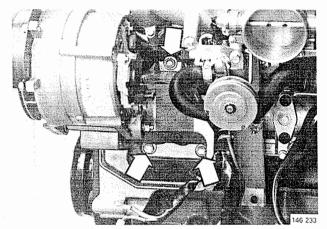


Release wiring harness on right-hand side

Remove bracket under right-hand balance shaft and disconnect earth lead at cylinder block.

Remove oil pressure switch connector.

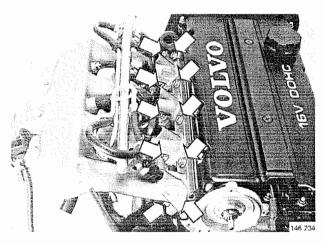
Undo cable clip at bottom front of transmission cover.



Remove alternator

Remove auxiliary mounting bracket from cylinder block.

On cars equipped with AC: Remove compressor mounting bracket.



U13

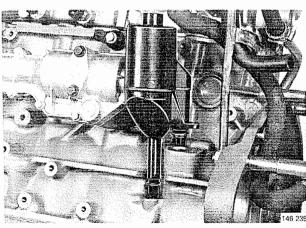
U11

U12

Remove intake manifold

Remove bolts securing manifold to cylinder head.

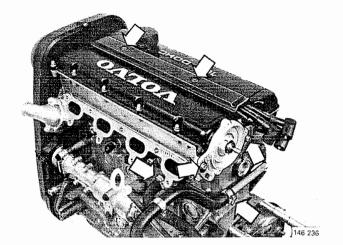
Remove complete manifold and engine wiring harness.



U14

Remove oil trap

Remove O-rings between oil trap and cylinder block.



Remove:

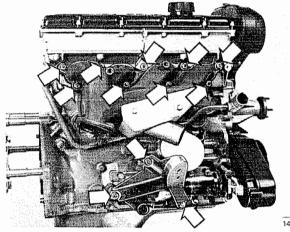
- distributor housingheater hosesignition lead cover plateignition leads

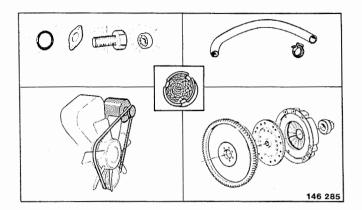


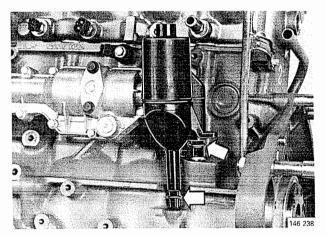
U15

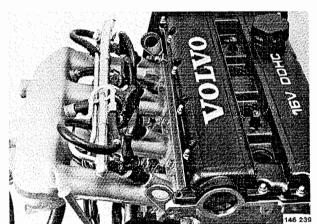


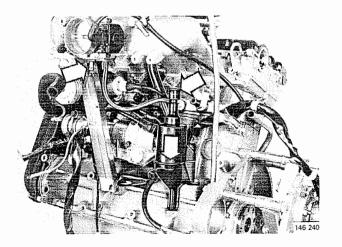
- exhaust manifold and lower heat shield
- right-hand engine mounting











Remounting components on replacement engine

Use:

- new gaskets and seals
- new flywheel bolts
- new flame trap

Inspect and renew as required:

- hoses and clips
- auxiliary drive belts
- clutch components

U17

Install oil trap in cylinder block

Use new O-rings.

U18

Install intake manifold assembly and wiring harness

Use new gasket at joint with cylinder head.

Tighten bottom bolts a few turns.

Fit intake manifold and lifting lugs. Tighten mounting bolts from centre outwards.

U19

Mount oil trap

Position engine wiring harness between oil trap and balance shaft housing.

Insert oil trap and tighten in position.

Install flame trap and hoses, and connect to branch on bottom of intake manifold.

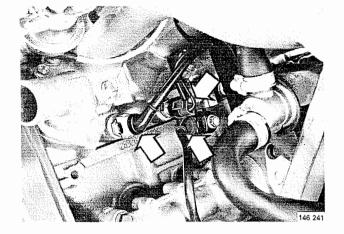
U20

U21

U22

Reconnect connectors under intake manifold

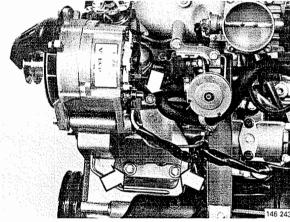
Connect knock sensor and temperature sensors.

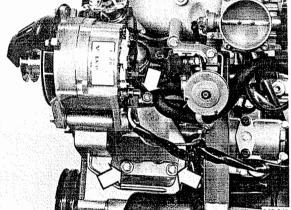


Install left-hand engine mounting

Reattach cable clip at upper bolt of engine mounting/ intake manifold support.

Install wiring harness bracket and cable clip on transmission cover.





Install alternator and auxiliary mounting bracket

Reconnect alternator leads.

Replace protective cap over terminal B+.

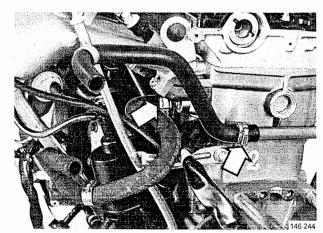
On cars equipped with AC: Install compressor mounting bracket.

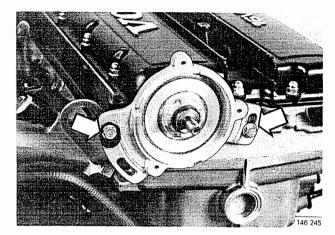


U23

Reconnect heater hoses

Connect heater hoses to cylinder head and to distribution manifold from water pump.

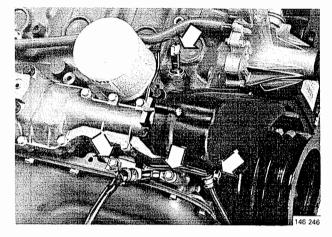




Install distributor housing

Use new O-rings in housing and on rotor shaft.

N.B. Install ignition lead clip beside left-hand mounting bolt.



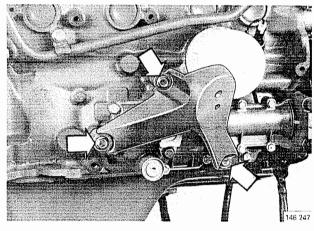
Install wiring harness bracket under right-hand balance shaft

Connect earth lead to cylinder block and reconnect oil pressure switch.

Install pressure switch cable clip at front of transmission cover.

Install right-hand engine mounting

Reattach upper bracket to cylinder block.



U27

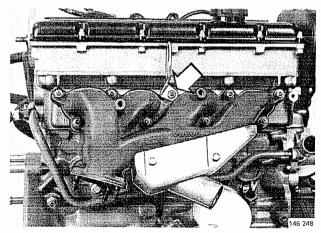
U24

U25

U26

Install exhaust manifold and bottom heat shield

Use **new** gasket in joint with cylinder head. Attach lifting lug to centre stud.



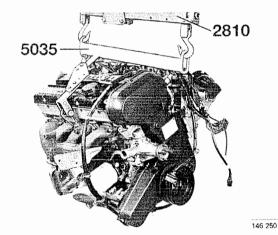
U28

Turn crankshaft to TDC (ignition) in No. 1 cylinder

Align crankshaft pulley (vibration damper) marking with 0 mark on transmission cover.

Check that slot in distributor rotor shaft is at '10 o'clock' or that No. 1 cylinder exhaust cams are pointing upwards at approx. 60° to engine centre line.

U29



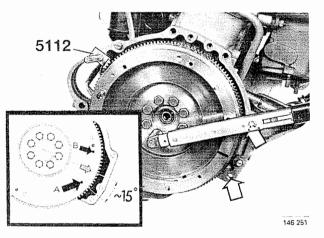
Lift engine from stand

Use attachment 5035 and lifting yoke 2810.

Position engine wiring harness to avoid risk of damage.

Caution! Since operations and U30–34 are carried out with engine freely suspended, ensure that lifting equipment is securely attached and in perfect condition.

U30



Install flywheel

Use gear sector 5112.

At TDC, mark on flywheel should be positioned between the two lower bolt holes on right-hand side of cylinder block.

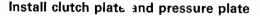
Caution! If flywheel is not marked, new position is indicated by pins ${\bf A}$ and ${\bf B}$ at rear.

Pins $\bf A$ and $\bf B$ are located respectively approx. 15° on either side of marking position.

Use new bolts and thread locking compound.

Tighten to 70 Nm (52 ft.lb).

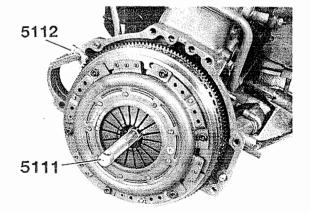
U31

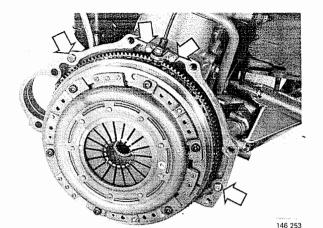


Use centering tool 5111 and gear sector 5112.

Tighten pressure plate in stages. Work around circumference tightening diagonally-opposite bolts alternately

Remove centering tool and gear sector.



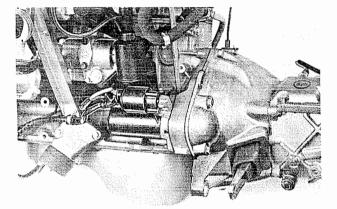


Install speed pick-up

Use thread locking compound.

Tighten to 5 Nm (3.5 ft.lb).

Check that cylinder block guide pins are in position.

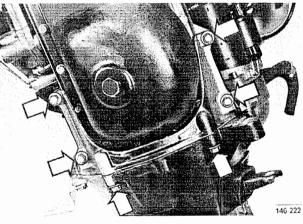


Install gearbox and starter motor

Lubricate input shaft splines with thin coating of grease.

Reconnect starter motor leads.

N.B.. Remember to install exhaust manifold front mounting bracket.

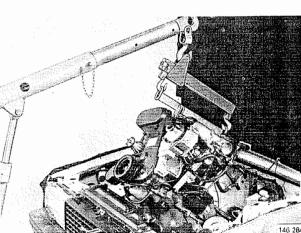


Install reinforcing bracket

146 254

Tighten bracket in stages.

Attach bracket first to flywheel housing and then to cylinder block.



U35

Install engine in car

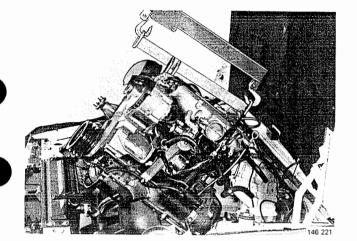
Installation is carried out as described in operations V1-31.

U32

U33

U34

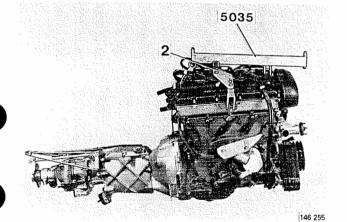
Special tools: 2810, 5006, 5033, 5035, 5115, 5186, 5244



Procedure applies to cars with manual gearboxes

Removal of automatic gearbox is described in procedure AD.

Caution! Since procedure is carried out with engine freely suspended, ensure that lifting equipment is securely attached and in perfect condition.

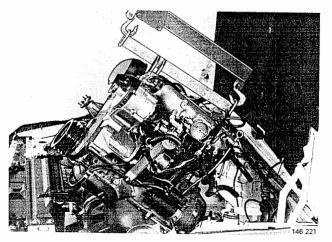


Attach lifting equipment

Use attachment **5035** with side arm bolted to hole configuration No. 2.

Attach tool first to front left lifting lug, hook in position at rear and finally attach to side lifting lug.

N.B. Position wiring harnesses so as to avoid damage when lifting.



Lower engine and gearbox into position

Use lifting tool 2810.

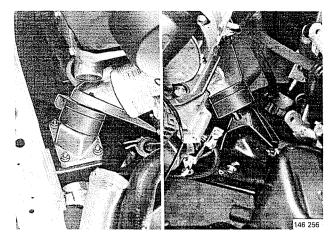
Adjust lifting yoke to ensure engine is balanced.

Adjust angle of lift throughout operation.

N.B. Carefully check that drive unit is free of radiator, body and extra equipment (if any).

V7

V2

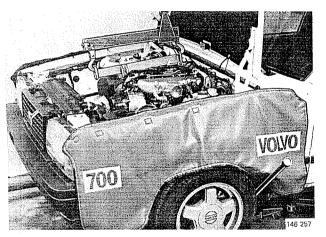


Guide front engine mountings into position

Guide mountings into brackets on front crossmember.

V4

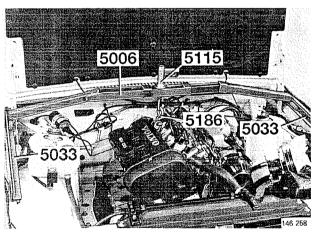
V3



Support gearbox on jack

Remove lifting yoke 2810 and attachment 5035.

V5



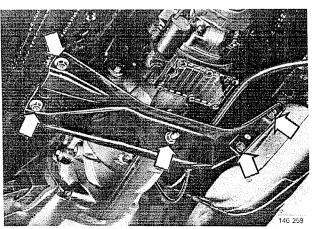
Raise rear of engine slightly

Use two support bars 5033, lifting yoke 5006, lifting hooks 5115 and 5186.

Lift engine using rear left lifting lug.

Remove jack under gearbox.

V6

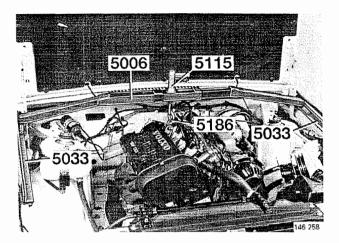


Replace gearbox support member

Tighten bolts securing member to side members. Tighten bump stop nut.

Ensure that oxygen sensor lead is positioned above member.

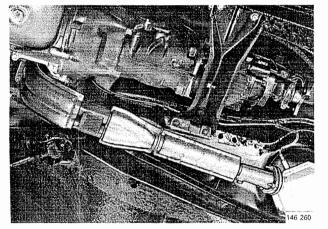
*V*7



Remove lifting attachments

Remove items 5006, 5033, 5115 and 5186.

V8



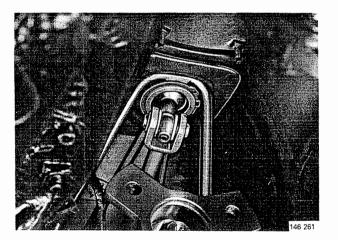
Install front exhaust pipe

Use **new** gasket in joint between pipe and exhaust manifold.

Secure pipe to exhaust manifold and to flanged joint at front of catalytic converter.

Secure oxygen sensor lead in clip.

V9

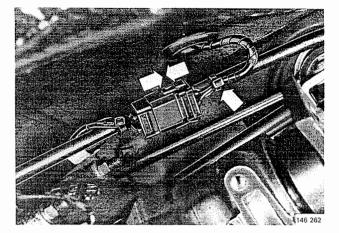


Install gear lever

Insert gear lever sleeve in mounting.

Install:

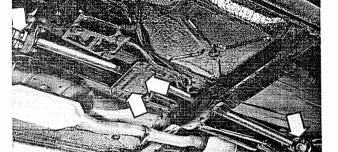
- bearing bushings and O-ring on gear selector rod; install circlip on rod
- selector rod/gear lever pivot pin; tighten set screw
- circlip on gear lever sleeve; pull selector rod downwards when fitting circlip



Reconnect gearbox wiring

V10

Reconnect wiring connectors and replace cable tie.

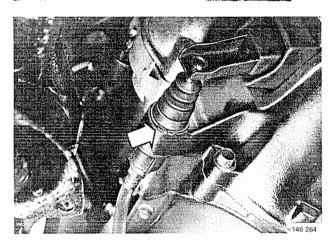


Install propeller shaft

Use socket 5244.

Tighten front and rear universal joints.

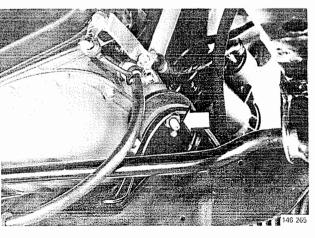
Reattach intermediate bearing to member.



Install clutch slave cylinder

V12

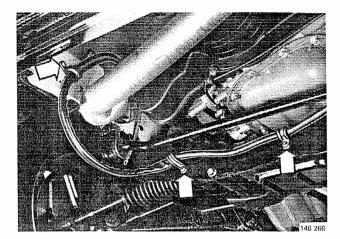
Secure cylinder with circlip.



V13

Tighten left-hand engine mounting

On cars equipped with AC: Replace compressor.



Reconnect battery leads

Run wiring between anti-roll bar support and front crossmember.

Install cable clips on crossmember and right-hand side member.

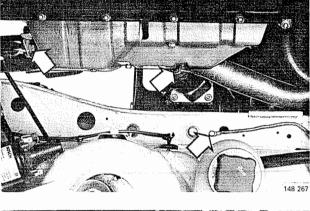
Install splashguard under engine.

V15

V14

Install/reconnect:

- earth lead to top of right-hand side member
- right-hand engine mounting nut
- upper heat shield
- air preheating hose on lower heat shieldexhaust manifold front mounting bolt



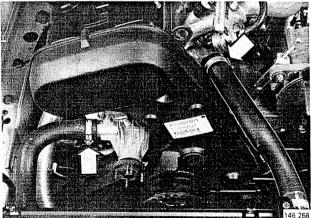
15V DOHE

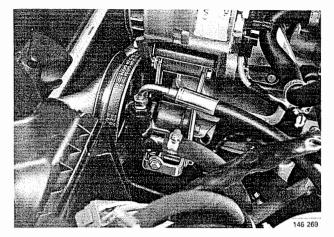
V16

Reconnect:

- bottom coolant hose to coolant pump
- upper coolant hose to thermostat

Important! Note marking on upper hose. Clearance between hose and alternator belt must be at least 25 mm





Install servo pump

Mount pump on auxiliary equipment bracket.

Refit belt and adjust tension.

Tighten pump housing.

On cars equipped with AC: Refit twin drive belts.

V17



- cable ties under fan shroud
- fan shroud
- air preheating hose; tighten ties
- belt pulley and fan
- alternator drive belt; adjust belt tension and tighten alternator

Reconnect connectors behind right-hand suspension

Use cable tie to secure lead to rear left lifting lug.

V19



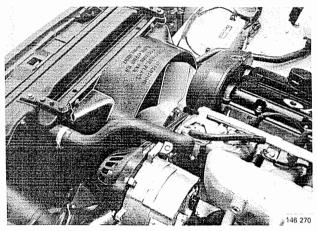
Secure wiring in cable clips on bulkhead.

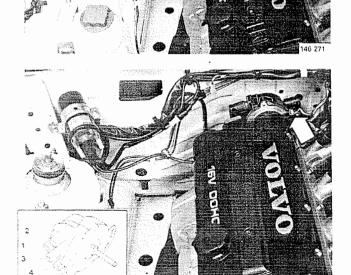
strut tower and reconnect lead to terminal 1 on ignition coil.

V20

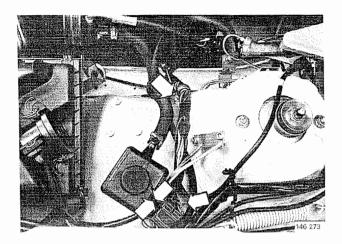


- distributor rotor
- distributor cap
- high-tension lead between ignition coil and distributor cap
- ignition leads in correct firing order
- ignition lead cover plate
- braided earth lead to distributor





V21



Reconnect left-hand wiring harness

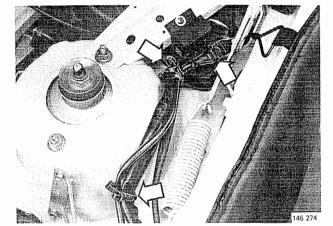
Attach cable clips to wheel housing.

Reconnect connectors at suspension strut tower.

Secure wiring in cable clips.

Install servo reservoir.

V22

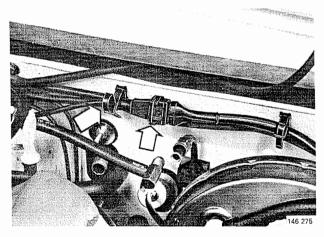


Reconnect knock sensor lead

Reconnect connector at diagnostic unit.

Secure cable in clips around suspension strut tower.

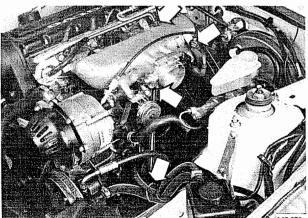
V23



Reconnect speed pick-up lead

Reconnect connectors on bulkhead. Secure lead in clip on bulkhead.

V24

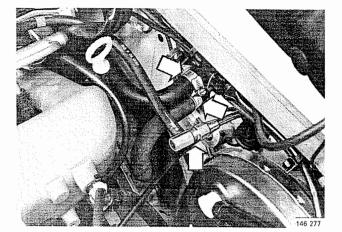


Reconnect:

- brake servo vacuum hose to branch on intake manifold
- EVAP valve hose to branch on intake manifold
- return line to fuel distribution pipe

Secure servo hoses and wiring harness with cable tie.

Engine, installation

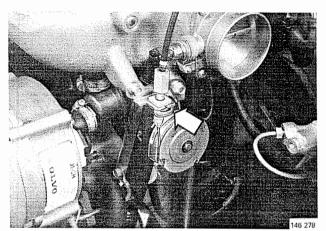


V25

Reconnect hoses to left-hand side of bulkhead

Reattach heater hoses to branches on bulkhead. Reconnect union between pipe and hose on fuel line.





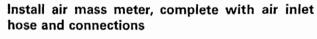
Reattach throttle cable to pulley

Hook cable onto pulley.

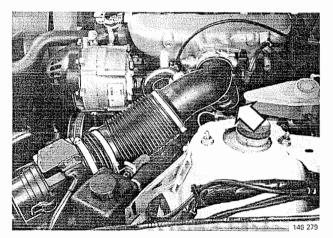
Attach clip to cable tensioner.

Check stop functions and throttle switch operation.



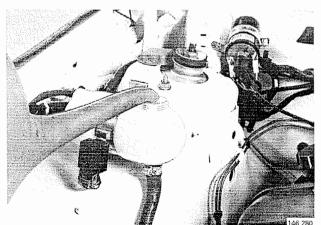


N.B. Connect hose from oil trap under inlet hose.



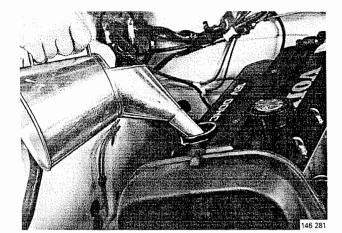


Fill engine with coolant



Engine, installation

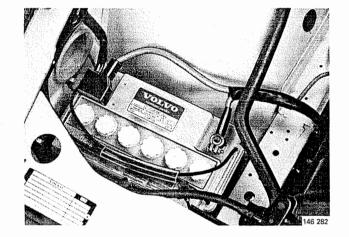
V29



Fill engine with engine oil

Capacity excl. filter	 . 3.5 1	(3.7)	US qt)
incl. filter	 . 4.0 I	(4.2)	US qt)

V30



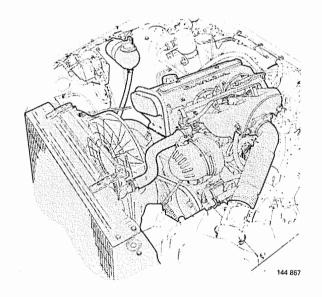
Reconnect battery leads

Reconnect positive lead, and lead between right-hand wheel housing and positive terminal.

Install protective cap on positive terminal.

Reconnect earth lead.

V31



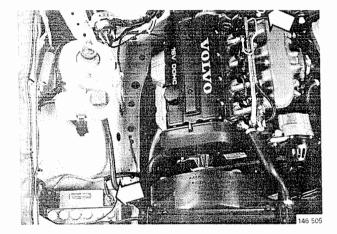
Check operation

Start and run engine until thermostat opens.

Check and top up oil and coolant levels as required.

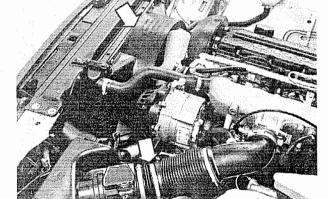
Important! Some noise may be heard from tappets when replacement engine is started for the first time. This will disappear as tappets are filled with oil.

Special tools: 5006, 5003, 5115

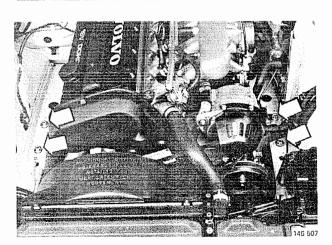


Disconnect/remove:

- battery earth lead
- oil dipstick



Remove air mass meter and air inlet hose Loosen fan shroud.



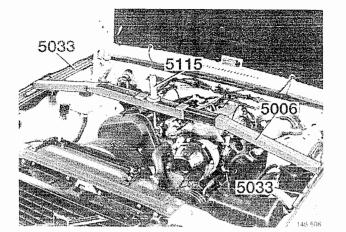
W3

W2

Remove front crossmember bolts

Remove bolts at both ends of crossmember.

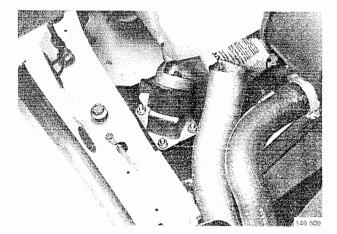
W4



Relieve weight on engine mountings by lifting at front

Use lifting yoke 5006, two support bars 5033 and lifting hook 5115.

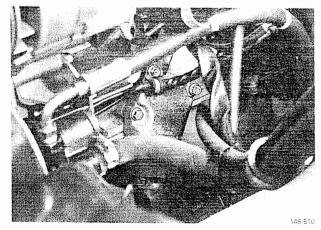
W5



Undo right-hand engine mounting

Unbolt bottom mounting plate from front crossmember.

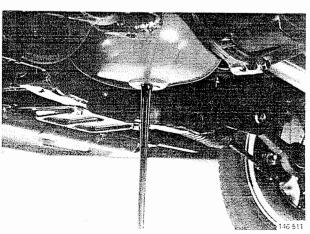
W6



Undo left-hand engine mounting

Unbolt upper mounting plate from cylinder block.

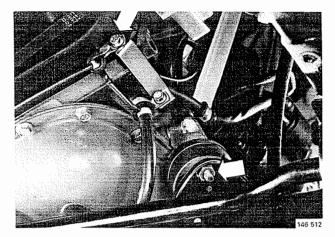
W7



Drain engine oil

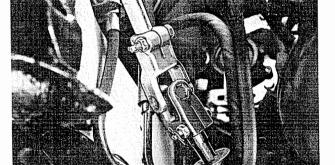
Replace plug on completion of drainage, using new seal.

Tighten to 60 Nm (44 ft.lb).



Remove:

- splashguard under engine
- bottom nut from left-hand engine mounting
- wiring harness bracket from transmission cover

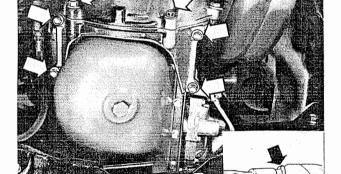


Separate steering shaft from steering gear

Remove lower clamping bolt and loosen upper bolt.

Mark position of splined joint.

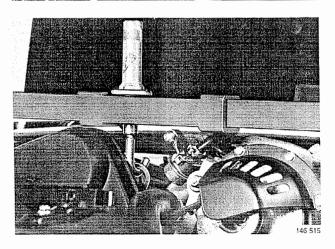
Slide driver up steering shaft.



Remove:

- bump stop on front crossmember
- reinforcing bracket between engine and gearbox

Undo bolted joint at front of catalytic converter.



W11

Raise engine

Check clearance to lifting tool 5006 and bulkhead. Ensure that wiring and hoses are not strained.

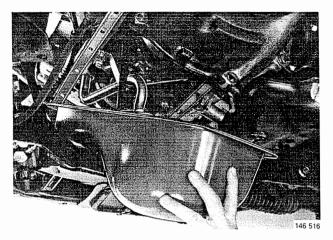
Remove left-hand engine mounting.

W8

W9

W10

W12

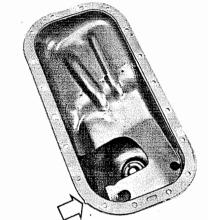


Remove oil sump

Remove all sump mounting bolts. Lift off, turn and remove sump.

Remove gasket and clean joint faces.

W13



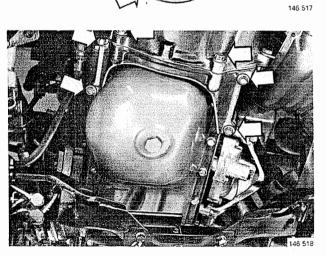
Install oil sump

Fit new gasket.

Position gasket with tab on starter motor side. Turn and lift sump into position.

Install all fasteners: Tighten to 11 Nm (8 ft.lb).

W14



Install reinforcing bracket

Tighten bracket in stages.

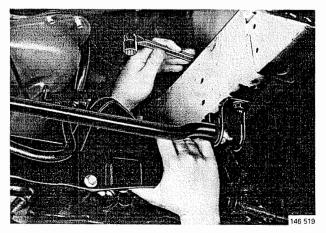
Attach bracket first to flywheel housing and then to cylinder block.

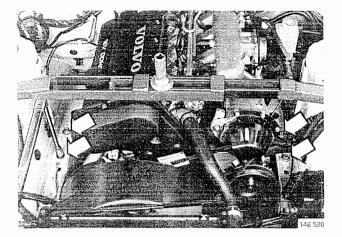
Install bump stop on front crossmember.

W15



Lift member into position against side members and insert bolts (tightening a few turns).



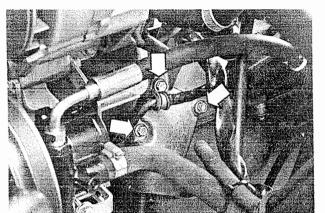


Tighten front crossmember

Tighten to 95 Nm (70 ft.lb).



W17

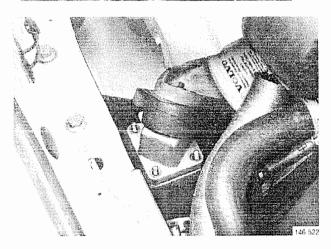


Install left-hand engine mounting

Secure mounting plate to cylinder block.

N.B. Remember to replace cable clip on upper bolt.

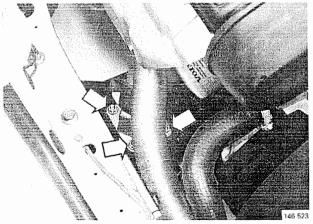
W18



Lower engine into position

Guide engine mountings into position.
Remove lifting attachments.

W19



Tighten right-hand engine mounting

Secure mounting plate to front crossmember. Check connection of air preheating hose.

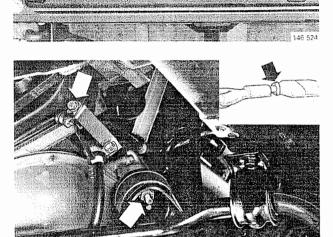
W20

W21

W22



Adjust position of bottom bracket and tighten shroud to radiator.

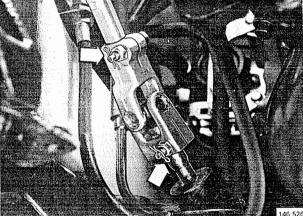


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BUTATING PAR

Tighten:

- left-hand engine mounting
- wiring harness bracket on transmission cover
- splashguard under engine
- bolted joint at front of catalytic converter



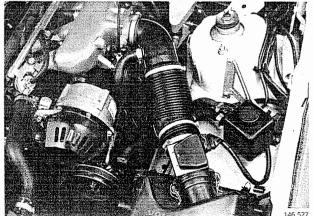
Reassemble steering shaft and steering gear

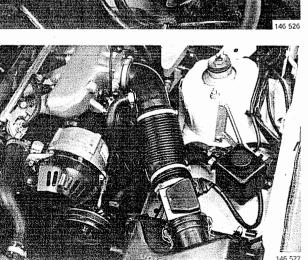
Assemble splined joint as indicated by markings. Insert and tighten bottom bolt. Tighten to 21 \mbox{Nm} (15.5 ft.lb).

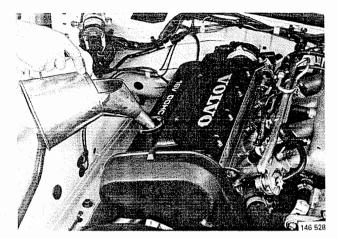
Tighten upper bolt. Tighten to 21 Nm (15.5 ft.lb). Install spring clips.



Install air mass meter with air inlet hose and connections



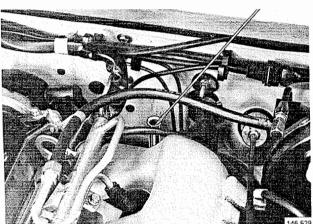




W24

Fill engine with oil

W25



Check operation

Reconnect battery earth lead.

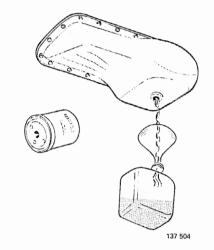
Check oil level.

Start engine.

Check operation and inspect for leaks.

X. Crankshaft assembly, dismantling

Special tools: 5006, 5021, 5033, 5115, 5199, 5267



When pistons, piston rings or bearings have been renewed due to wear:

It is imperative that engine be flushed clean before installing new components.

In most cases, damage to tappets and camshafts is due to engine oil contamination.

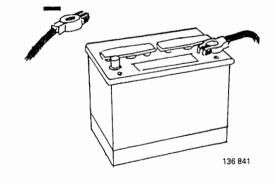
Flush engine

Change engine oil and filter.

Run engine for approx. 10 minutes.

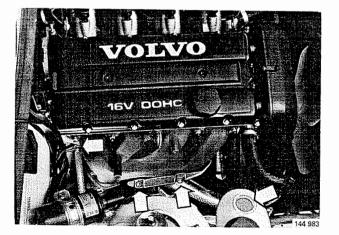
Drain oil and remove filter.

Fit new filter and fill engine with fresh oil of correct grade (on completion of procedure).



Disconnect battery earth lead

X1



Drain coolant

Remove heat shield over exhaust manifold.

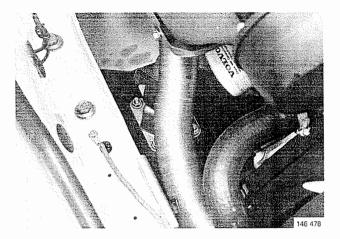
(Only the two bottom bolts on the plate need be removed.)

Remove expansion tank cap.

Drain coolant through cock on right-hand side of cylinder block. Fit tube to cock to facilitate collection of coolant.

Remove tube and **close** drain cock on completion of drainage.

X2

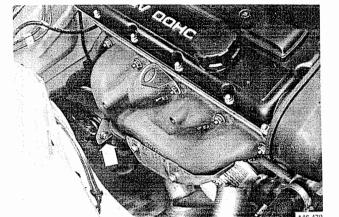


Undo right-hand engine mounting

Disconnect air preheating hose from heat shield. Unbolt bottom mounting plate at front crossmember.

X4

Х3



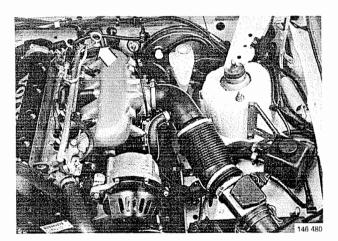
Strip right-hand side of cylinder head

Unbolt exhaust pipe from bracket.

Remove nuts holding manifold.

Detach manifold from cylinder block.

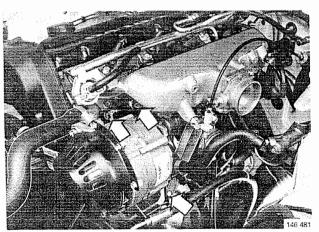
X5



Remove:

- air mass meter and air inlet hose
- oil dipstick

X6



Strip left-hand side of cylinder head

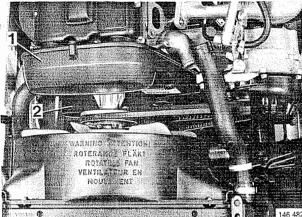
Remove support under intake manifold. Remove bottom bolt in cylinder block.

Detach and tie up manifold in suitable manner.

Disconnect temperature sensor connectors.

Disconnect heating hose under No. 3 and 4 cylinder intake branches.

Disconnect upper coolant hose at thermostat.



Remove:

- alternator drive belt
- radiator fan and pulley
- upper (1) and lower (2) transmission covers



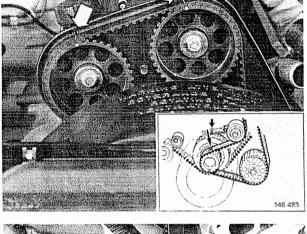
X8

*X*7

Align camshaft/crankshaft markings

Turn engine to TDC position in No. 1 cylinder.

Check that markings on camshaft pulleys are aligned with those on transmission mounting plate.



Х9

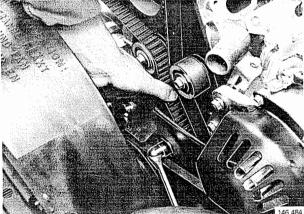
Slacken tensioner locknut

Remove protective rubber cap over tensioner.

Slacken locknut.

Compress tensioner spring.

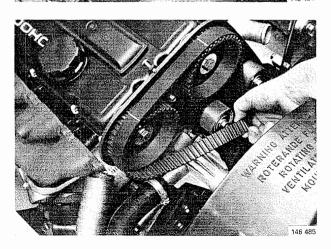
Tighten tensioner locknut.

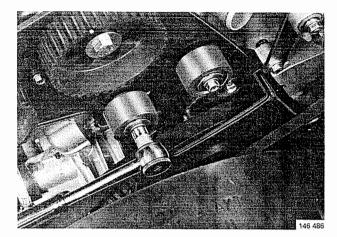


X10

Remove timing belt from crankshaft pulleys

Caution! Crankshaft and camshafts must not be rotated while timing belt is slack or has been removed.





Remove timing belt idlers

Check roller surfaces and bearings.

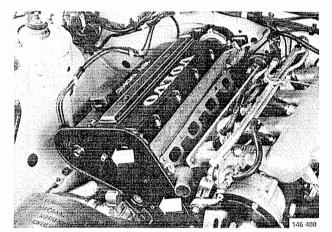
X11



Remove camshaft pulleys

Use counterhold 5199.





Remove/disconnect:

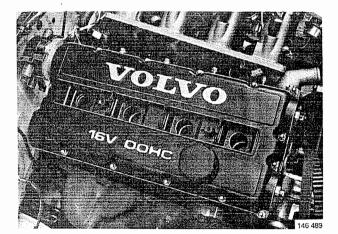
- upper section of transmission mounting plate
- ignition lead cover plate
- ignition leads at plugs and distributor cap
- high-tension lead at distributor cap

N.B. Always grip ignition leads by caps when removing to avoid damage to leads.



Remove valve cover and gaskets

Remove remains of gaskets and clean joint faces.



X15

Detach distributor housing from crankshaft carrier

N.B. Remove ignition lead clip beside left-hand bolt.

X16

Remove camshaft centre bearing caps

Plug openings in camshaft carrier (around spark plug wells) with paper.

Remove camshaft centre bearing caps (No. 3 on intake side, No. 8 on exhaust side). Mark caps as required.

Remove third nut in central bolted joint between bearing caps.

X17

Remove exhaust side camshaft

Use press tool **5021**. Place tool in No. 8 bearing cap position.

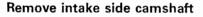
Clamp press tool on camshaft.

Remove remaining bearing cap nuts and caps (6, 7, 9 and 10).

Inspect bearing surfaces for signs of wear.

Remove press tool 5021 and lift out camshaft.

X18



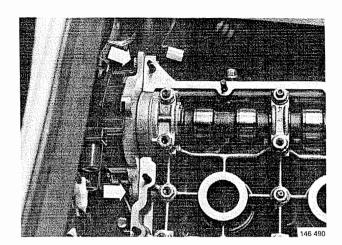
Use press tool **5021**. Place tool in No. 3 bearing cap position.

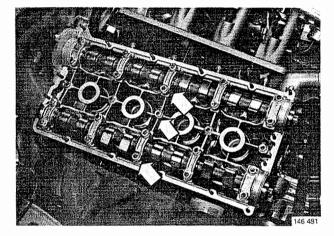
Clamp press tool on camshaft.

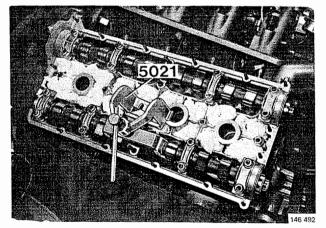
Remove remaining bearing cap nuts and caps (1, 2, 4 and 5).

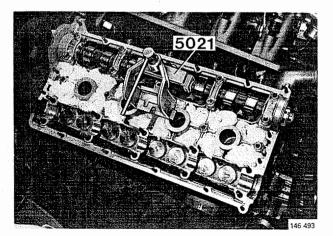
Inspect bearing surfaces for signs of wear.

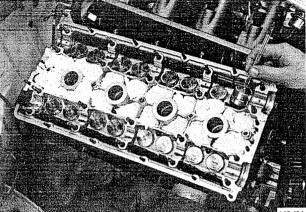
Remove press tool 5021 and lift out camshaft together with distributor.



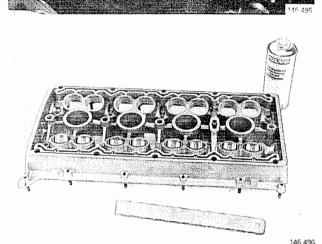


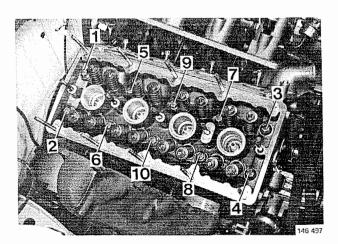






146 494





X19

Remove tappets from camshaft carrier

Magnet or suction cup may be used to facilitate tappet removal.

Inspect tappets for signs of wear.

N.B. Store tappets upside down to prevent drainage of oil. Ensure tappets are placed in order – they must not be interchanged.

X20

Separate camshaft carrier from cylinder head

Remove four remaining nuts from central bolted joint.

Detach carrier from head. Tap carrier carefully with plastic mallet if component is stuck to head.

Remove O-rings around spark plug wells.

X21

Clean/inspect camshaft carrier

Clean carrier and inspect camshaft bearing and tappet bores for signs of wear or damage.

(Check axial clearance of camshafts as described in operation ${\bf K16.}$)

X22

Remove cylinder head

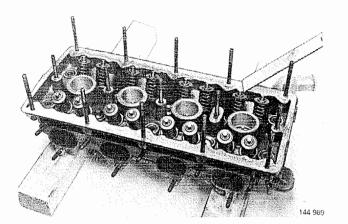
Wipe remaining oil from cylinder head.

Undo bolts in order shown, commencing at rear of engine.

Remove cylinder head and gasket.

Caution! Cylinder head is made of aluminium. Place on pair of clean wooden blocks or similar supports to avoid scoring.

X23



Clean and inspect all cylinder head joint faces

See operation **M2** regarding cleaning of camshaft carrier and removal of sealing compound.

Clean and inspect cylinder block joint faces.

X24

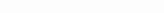
Clean and inspect cylinder head bolts

Bolts should be replaced if any evidence of elongation is observed.

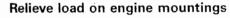
(This will be indicated by thinning of mid-section.) Bolts should be used no more than 5 times.

Replace bolts if in any doubt regarding above.

144 990

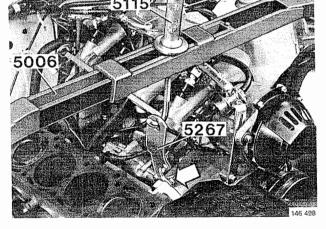


X25



Use lifting yoke **5006**, two support bars **5033**, lifting hook **5115** and lifting lug **5267**.

Attach lifting lug 5267 to upper mounting bolt of alternator bracket.

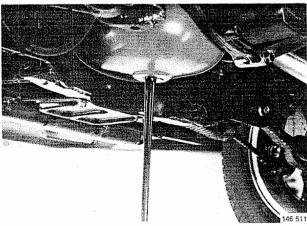


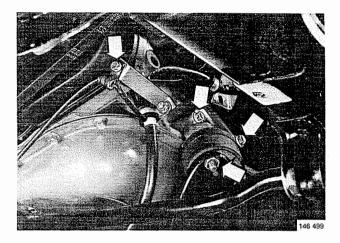


X26

Drain engine oil

Install plug on completion of drainage, using **new** seal. Tighten to **60 Nm** (44 ft.lb).





Remove:

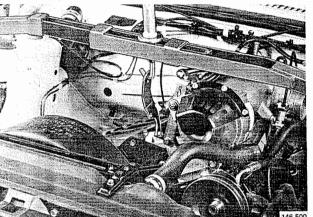
splashguard under engine

 wiring harness bracket and cable clip on left-hand side of transmission casing

 left-hand engine mounting; remove nut under mounting and bolts attaching mounting to block



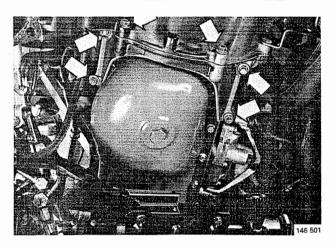
X27



Raise engine

N.B. Ensure that wiring and hoses are not strained. Check clearance between drive unit and other equipment.

X29

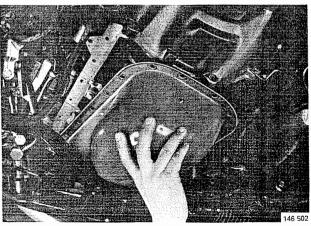


Remove reinforcing bracket

Remove bracket between cylinder block and flywheel housing.

Remove bump stop on front crossmember.

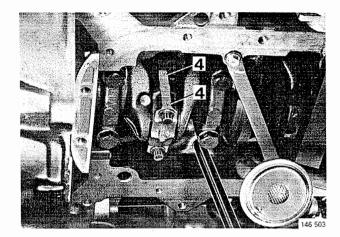
X30



Remove oil sump

Lower sump and draw straight backwards.

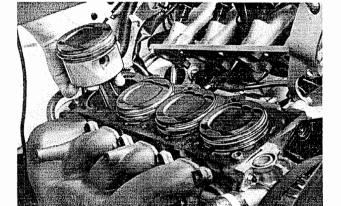
X31



Remove crankshaft bearing caps

Check markings on bearing caps and crankshaft. Mark as required.

X32



Remove pistons from cylinder block

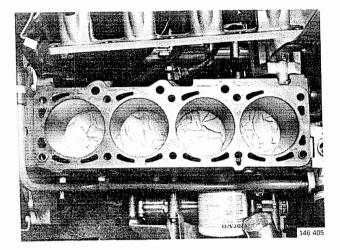
Polish bores to remove shoulders caused by piston reversal.

Press out pistons carefully from underneath (until ring friction is released).

Lift out pistons and connecting rods.

N.B. Press connecting rods with brass or wooden implement to **avoid damage** to bearing and contact surfaces.

Special tools: 9639, 9678, 9701, 9702, 9704, 998 6052

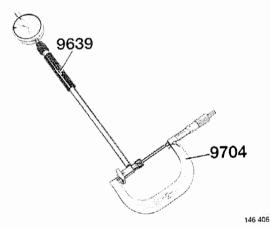


Cylinder bores and crankshaft

Y1

Wipe cylinder bores clean

Cover crankshaft with paper to prevent dirt from entering oilways.



Measure cylinder bores

Y2

Use inside dial gauge **9639** (50-100 mm), micrometer **9704** (75-100 mm) and a micrometer stand.

Set micrometer to bore diameter plus **max**, tolerance as marked on cylinder block.

Calibrate dial gauge using micrometer.

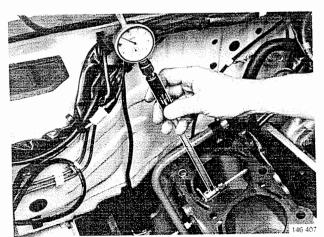
Y3

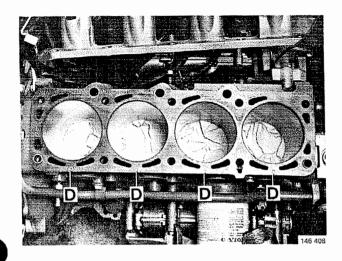


Check for maximum wear at right-angles to centre line of engine immediately below TDC.

Check for $\mbox{minimum wear}$ in direction of centre line at BDC.

Remove engine and gearbox from car if measurements indicate that rebore is necessary. (See operations AA1-25.)





Y5

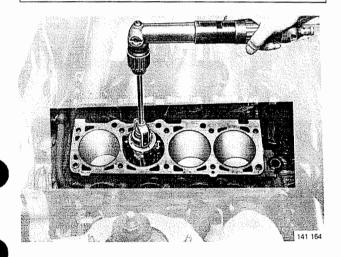
In the event of excessive piston clearance in cylinders marked C, D or E:

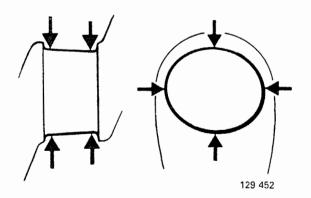
Hone bore to next largest oversize.

Use honing tool 9678.

Clean bore thoroughly after honing.

 $\ensuremath{\text{N.B.}}$ Turn crankshaft to ensure that honing tool is clear of crank throws.





Classification

Each cylinder is identified by a classification marking (C, D, E or G) punched in the block.

Oversized bores may be designated OS1 or OS2 as appropriate. This designation must be added after reboring.

Cylinder bore diameters

Standard	B 204	B 234
Bore marked ${\bf C}$.	88.90 mm ^{+0.01}	96.00 mm ^{+0.01}
	(3.5000 in +0.0004	(3.7795 in +0.0004
Bore marked ${\sf D}$.	88.91 mm ^{+0.01}	96.01 mm ^{+0.01}
	(3.5004 in +0.0004	(3.7799 in +0.0004 0)
Bore marked E	88.92 mm ^{+0.01}	96.02 mm ^{+0.01}
	(3.5008 in +0.0004	(3.7803 in +0.0004 0)
Bore marked G .	88.94 mm ^{+0.01}	96.04 mm ^{+0.01}
	$(3.5016 in {}^{+0.0004}_{0)}$	(3.7811 in +0.0004

Oversize

Oversize 1	89.29 mm (3.5154 in)	96.30 mm (3.7913 in)
Oversize 2	89.67 mm (3.5303 in)	96.60 mm (3.8031 in)

Reboring should be carried out when wear reaches 0.01 mm (0.0039 in).

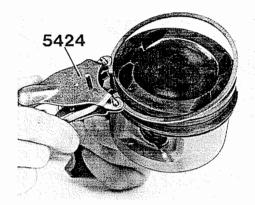
Y6

Measure crankshaft

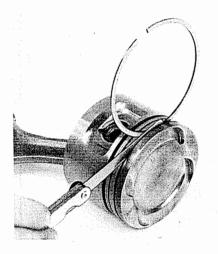
Use micrometer 9701. Measure out-of-round and taper of crank pins. Use micrometer and measure at several points around circumference and along length.

Crank pins

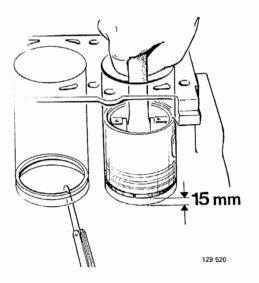
Max. out-of-round	•	
Diameter, standaard	49.00 mm	+0.005 -0.016
	(1.9646 in	+0.0002 -0.0006)
undersize 1	48.75 mm	+0.005 -0.016
	(1.9193 in	+0.0002 -0.0006)
undersize 2	45.50 mm	+0.005 -0.016
	(1.7913 in	-0.0002 -0.0006)
Bearing seat width	25,00±1.1 r (0.9834±0.0	



146 409



146 410



Pistons and connecting rods

Y7

Clean and inspect pistons

Use piston ring pliers 998 5424.

Remove piston rings.

Remove all carbon deposits. Clean piston ring grooves by scraping with a special scraping tool or part of an old ring ground to suit.

Inspect pistons for:

- damage
- wear
- cracking

Y8

Check piston ring side play

Use new rings.

Upper compression ring

B 204	0.0400.072 mm	(0.0016-0.0028 in)
B 234	0.0600.092 mm	(0.0024-0.0036 in)

Lower compression ring

B 204	0.030-0.062 m	m (0.0012-0.0024	in)
B 234	0.0400.072 m	m (0.0016-0.0028	in)

Oil scraper ring

B 204	0.020-0.055 mm	(0.0008-0.0022 in)
B 234	0.030-0.065 mm	(0.0012-0.0026 in)

Replace piston if play is excessive.

Y9

Measure piston ring gap

Use feeler gauges.

Place ring in cylinder bore and use inverted piston to locate it in correct position for measurement.

Piston ring gap is measured with crown of inverted piston 15 mm(0.6 in) from bottom of cylinder.

Upper and lower compression rings

B 204	0.30-0.50 mm	(0.012-0.020 in	1)
В 234	0.30-0.55 mm	(0.012-0.022 in	1)

Oil scraper ring

B 204	0.25-0.50 mm	(0.010-0.020 in)
B 234	0.30-0.60 mm	(0.012-0.024 in)

Y10

Measure piston diameter

Use micrometer 9704 and feeler gauges.

A = Total height of piston

B = Height from gudgeon pin centre to crown

C = Piston diameter to be measured at right-angles to gudgeon pin hole, at distance C from edge of skirt

D = Piston diameter

Enginetype	Dimensions, mm (in)		
	Α	В	С
B 204	67.1 (2.64)	39.1 (1.54)	13.4 (0.53)
B 234	68.7 (2.70)	39.9 (1.57)	11.0 (0.43)

Piston diameter (D)

riston diameter (ristori diameter (D)			
Standard	B 204	B 234		
Pistons marked C*	88.88 mm ^{+0.01}	95.98 mm ^{+0.01}		
	$(3.4992 in {}^{+0.0004}_{0)}$	$(3.7787 in {}^{+0.0004}_{0)}$		
Pistons marked D	88.89 mm ^{+0.01}	95.99 mm ^{+0.01}		
Pistons	(3.4996 in $^{+0.0004}_{0)}$	(3.7791 in +0.0004 o)		
marked E*	88.90 mm +0.01	96.00 mm ^{+0.01}		
Distant	(3.5000 in +0.0004	(3.7795 in +0.0004		
Pistons marked G*	88.91 mm ^{+0.01}	96.02 mm ^{+0.01}		
	$(3.5004 in {}^{+0.0004}_{0)}$	$(3.7803 in {}^{+0.0004}_{0)}$		
* Production only	(non-stocked)			
Oversize				
Oversize 1	89.27 mm ^{+0.01}	96.28 mm ^{+0.01}		
	(3.5146 in +0.0004	(3.7906 in +0.0004 o)		
Oversize 2	89.65 mm +0.01	96.58 mm +0.01		

Y11

Max.

96.03 mm

(3.7807 in)

(3.5295 in $^{+0.0004}_{0)}$ (3.8024 in $^{+0.0004}_{0)}$

Calculate piston clearance

Less piston diameter

Example:	
Cylinder bore,	Min
measured diameter	96.02 mm
	(3.7803 in)

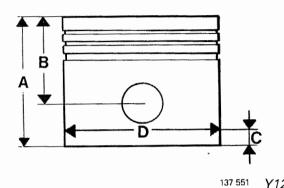
Max. difference in weight between pistons

in same engine..... **14 g** (0.5 oz)

as measured		–96.00 mm (3.7795 in)
Piston clearance	0.010 mm (0.0004 in)	0.030 mm (0.0012 in)

Specified piston clearance

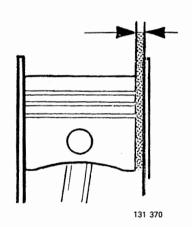
for B 234, B 204..... 0.010 mm 0.030 mm (0.0004 in) (0.0012 in)

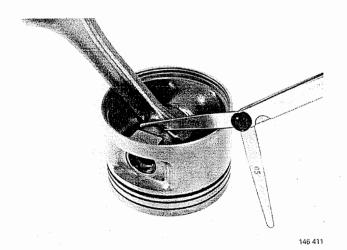


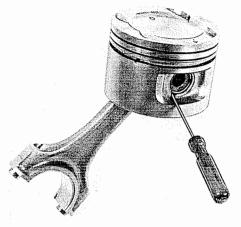
Check con rod/piston side clearance

Use feeler gauges.

Specified con rod/piston axial clearance for B 234, B 204 0.15-0.45 mm (0.0059-0.0177 in)







Separate con rods and pistons

Before separating, check that each piston and con rod is marked. Mark as required.

Carefully prise out locking circlip with a screwdriver.

Press out gudgeon pin by hand.

Y15

Y13

Clean and inspect con rods, bearing caps and bolts

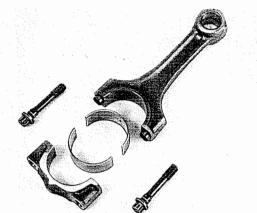
Check for:

- damage
- wear
- cracks

thumb.

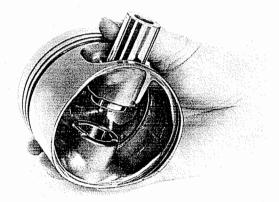
Check fit of gudgeon pins in pistons No play is permissible. Gudgeon pin should slide through hole without play when pressed gently with

Replace piston if play is present.



146 413

146 412



141 327

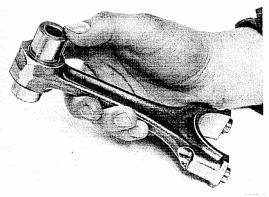
Y16

Check fit of gudgeon pins in con rods

Gudgeon pin should slide through hole without noticeable play when pressed gently with thumb.

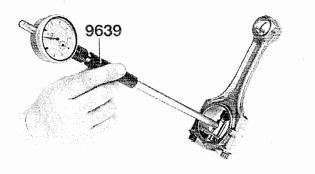
If play is excessive, measure gudgeon pin and fit new con rod bushing, if necessary. Use micrometer 9701.

Specified gudgeon pin diameter for B 204, B 234.... **23.00 mm** $_{-0.006}^{0}$ (0.9055 in $_{-0.0002}^{0}$)



141 326

Y17



Check big end bearing seats

Inspect bearing shells visually.

If in doubt, measure out-of-round.

Use inside micrometer 9639.

Tighten bearing cap on con rod as indicated by markings.

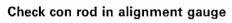
Bearing seat

diameter **52.00 mm** $^{+0.01}_{0}$ (2.9472 in $^{+0.0004}_{0}$)

Max. permissible

out-of-round.... 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

Y18



Check for straightness and twisting.

Important! Ensure that clamping surface of fork is round and free of burrs.

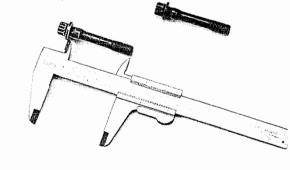
Release and tighten expander at big end between each alignment check.

Y19



Use sliding callipers.

Max. length 55 mm (2.1654 in)



116 220

5330 2413

Con rod bushing replacement

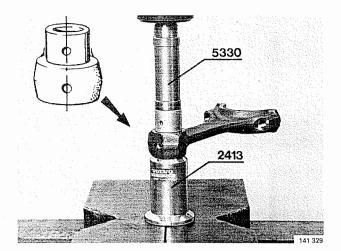
Y20

Replacing con rod bushing Press out bushing

Use drift 5309.

Position drift correctly with short end downwards.

Use 2413 as counterhold.



Y21

Press in new bushing

Use drift 5309.

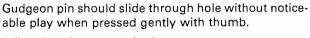
Position drift correctly with long end downwards.

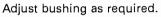
Press drift down fully.

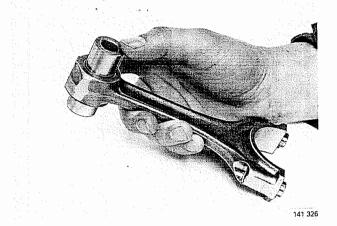
Important! Ensure that hole in bushing is aligned with oilway in con rod.



Check fit of gudgeon pin in new bushing







Special tools: 5006, 5021, 5025, 5033, 5098, 5115, 5199, 5267, 115 8221, 998 5424, 998 8500

Pistons, con rods

Z1

Assemble piston and con rod

Arrow on piston crown must point towards front of engine.

Numerical designation on con rod must face towards right-hand side of block (oil filter side).

Ensure that con rods and pistons are assembled in matched pairs.

N.B. Fit gudgeon pin circlip, ensuring that circlip is fully seated in groove.

146 416

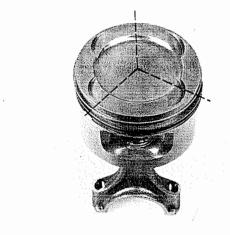
Z2

Z3

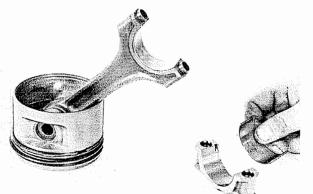
Install piston rings

Use piston ring pliers 9985424.

Turn rings so that gaps are positioned approx. 120° apart.



146 417



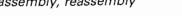
146 418

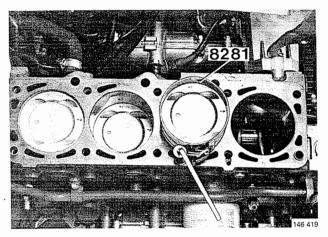
Place bearing shells in con rod big end and bearing cap

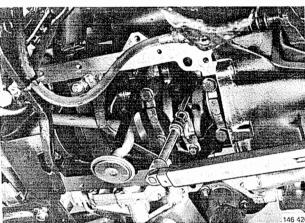
Wipe bearing seats clean.

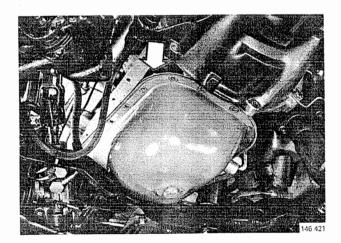
Place shells in position in con rod and bearing cap.

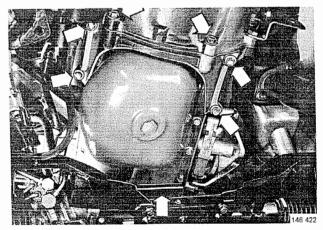
Oil cylinder bore, piston and bearing shells.











Fit piston in bore

Use piston ring compressor 115 8281.

When fitting piston, turn crankshaft so that corresponding crankshaft throw is pointing straight downwards.

Insert piston in bore.

Push down piston (using implement such as hammer handle).

N.B. Arrow on piston crown must point towards front.

*Z*5

Z4

Install bearing cap

Ensure that bearing shell remains in position.

Check markings. Markings on con rod must agree with those on bearing cap.

Oil bolts.

Tighten bolts in two stages:

- 1. 20 Nm (15 ft.lb)
- 2. Tighten through further 90°

Z6

Install oil sump

Clean inside of sump as required.

Use **new** sump gasket. Ensure that tab on gasket is pointing towards engine mounting.

Tighten sump in position.

Tighten bolts to 11 Nm (8 ft.lb).

*Z*7

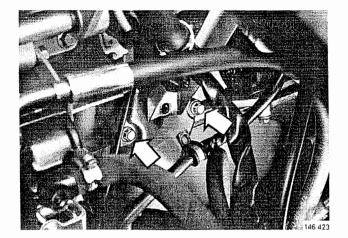
Install reinforcing bracket

Tighten bracket in stages.

Secure bracket first to flywheel housing and then to cylinder block.

Install bump stop on front crossmember.

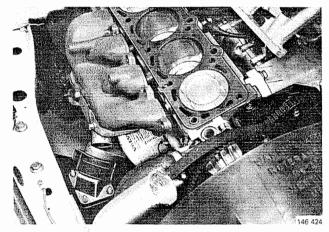
Z8



Install left-hand engine mounting

Tighten two lower bolts in cylinder block.

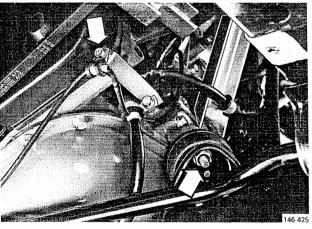
Z9



Lower engine

Guide engine mountings into position. Remove lifting gear (5006, 2 \times 5033, 5115, 5267).

Z10

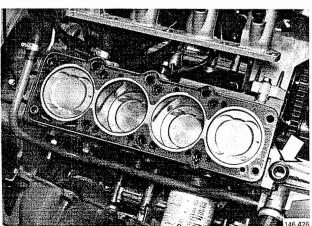


Tighten left-hand engine mounting

Install bottom nut.

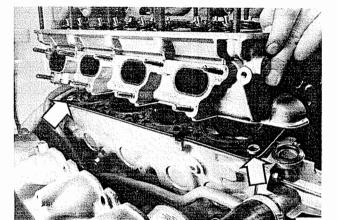
Reattach wiring harness bracket and cable clip on transmission casing.

Z11



Install:

- new cylinder head gasket
- new water pump O-ring

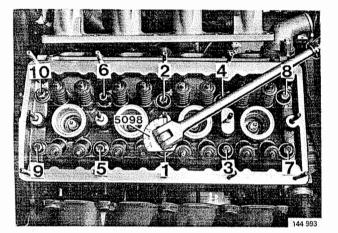


Place cylinder head in position

Carefully lower head over guides, taking care to avoid damage to gasket.

Z13

Z12



Tighten cylinder head bolts

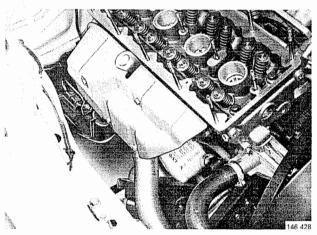
Use protractor 5098.

Oil bolts.

Insert and tighten bolts in three stages in order illustrated.

- 1. 20±2 Nm (15±1.5 ft.lb)
- 2. 40±5 Nm (29.5±3.5 ft.lb)
- 3. Tighten through further 115° ($\pm 10^{\circ}$)

Z14



Install exhaust manifold

Use new gasket.

Install manifold.

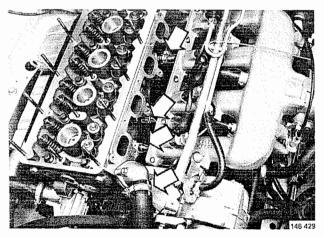
Attach lifting lug between No. 2 and 3 exhaust branches.

Connect front exhaust pipe to bracket.

Secure right-hand engine mounting to front cross-member.

Install heat shield.

Z15

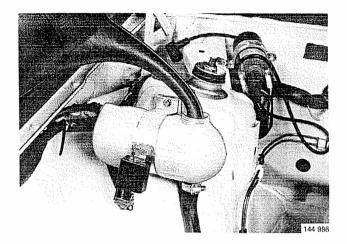


Reconnect:

- temperature sensor connectors
- heater hose under No. 3 and 4 intake branches
- upper coolant hose to thermostat housing.

Important! Note marking on upper hose. Clearance between hose and alternator belt must be at least 25 mm (1 in).

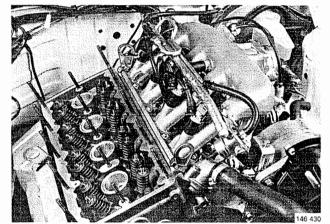
Z16



Fill engine with coolant

Inspect for leaks.

Z17



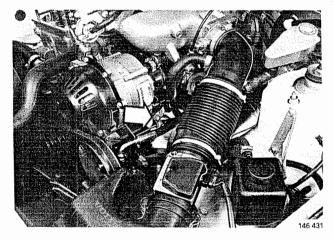
Install intake manifold

Use new gasket.

Screw in bottom bolts a few turns.

Place manifold and lifting lugs in position. Tighten manifold from centre outwards.

Z18



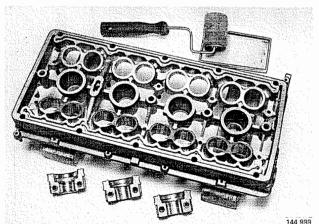
Reattach support under intake manifold

Install cable clip.

Secure support to engine mounting.

Install air mass meter complete with air inlet hose and connections.

Z19



Apply liquid sealing compound

Apply compound to joint between camshaft carrier and cylinder head, and to bearing cap joint faces (1, 5 and 6).

Apply compound with a short-haired roller.

N.B. Remove excess compound from oilways prior to reassembly.

Z20

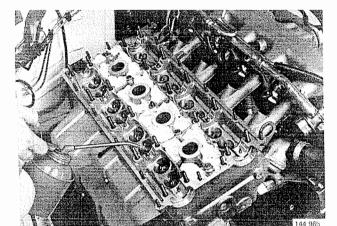
Z21

Z22



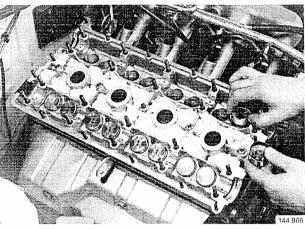
Fit new O-rings in grooves around spark plug wells. Position carrier on cylinder head and install nuts 1, 2, 4 and 5 in central bolted joint.

Plug openings around spark plug wells with paper.



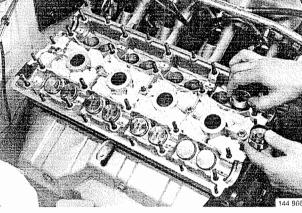
Oil

Oil bearings and sliding surfaces on camshaft carrier, bearing caps, camshafts and tappets.



Insert tappets

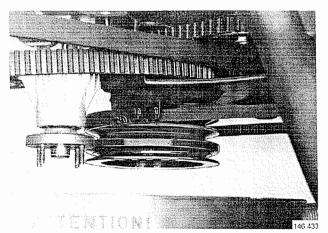
Tappets must be replaced in original order.



Z23

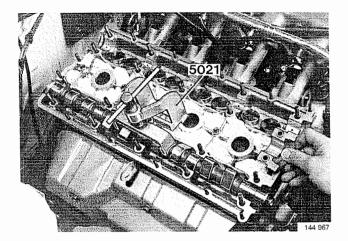
Turn engine to TDC in No. 1 cylinder

Check that TDC markings on vibration damper are aligned with zero marking on transmission cover.



Z24

Crankshaft assembly, reassembly



Install exhaust side camshaft

Place camshaft in camshaft carrier with guide pin for pulley facing upwards.

Press down camshaft with press tool 5021 (using rear bearing cap as guide).

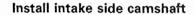
Install bearing caps in original order.

Apply liquid sealing compound to joint face between camshaft carrier and front bearing cap (No. 6).

Install bearing cap nuts in stages.

Remove press tool 5021 and replace centre bearing cap





Place camshaft in camshaft carrier with guide pin for pulley facing upwards.

N.B. Turn distributor shaft to align driver with markings on the housing.

Fit housing and rotor spindle with new O-rings.

Press down camshaft with press tool 5021 (using rear bearing cap as guide).

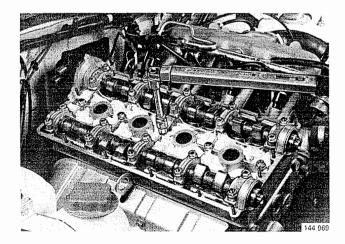
Install bearing caps in original order.

Apply liquid sealing compound to joint faces between camshaft carrier and front and rear bearing caps (Nos. 1 and 5).

Install bearing cap nuts in stages.

Remove press tool 5021 and replace centre bearing cap

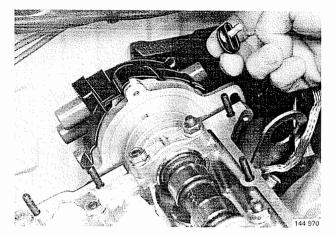
Install camshaft carrier centre nut.



Tighten bearing cap nuts and centre nut

Tighten to 20 Nm (15 ft.lb).

Z26



Remount distributor

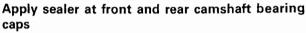
Replace high-tension lead between distributor cap and ignition coil.

Remove paper in camshaft carrier openings.

N.B. Replace ignition lead clip beside left-hand bolt.

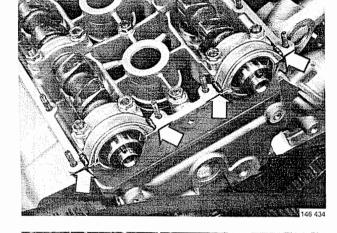
Z28

Z27



Use silicone sealer.

Apply bead of sealer to angle between cap and joint face.



Z29

Install new gaskets and replace valve cover

Inspect rubber seal behind camshaft on exhaust side.

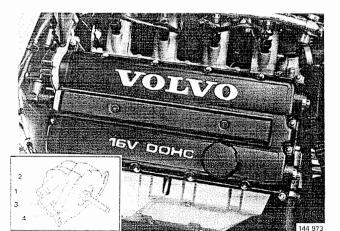
Position spark plug well gasket with arrow pointing to No. 1 cylinder and markings facing upwards.

Shape outer gasket to fit camshaft bearing caps.

Place gasket in position and replace valve cover.

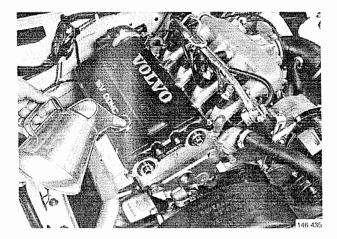
N.B. Remember to connect earth lead to distributor.

Z30



Install:

- ignition leads (in correct firing order)
- ignition lead cover plate

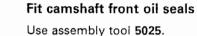


Fill engine with oil

Use new oil filter.

Z32

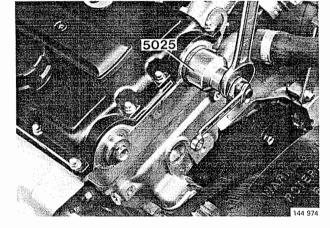
Z31



Grease seals.

Press seals home.

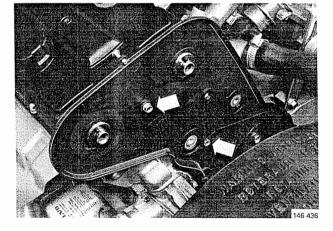
N.B. Camshafts must not be rotated while fitting seals.



Install transmission mounting plate

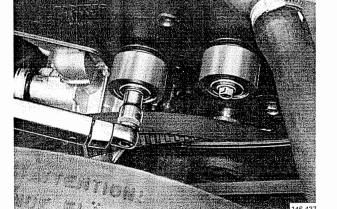
Adjust position of plate to avoid contact with camshafts.

Insert bolts between camshafts and under right-hand idler



Install idlers

Tighten to 25 Nm (18.5 ft.lb).



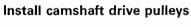


Z33

5199

Crankshaft assembly, reassembly





Use counterhold 5199.

Insert centre bolts and tighten to 50 Nm (37 ft.lb.).

Check that pulley markings are aligned with markings on transmission mounting plate.

N.B. Camshafts must not be allowed to rotate when replacing the centre bolts.





Position belt so that double-line marking coincides with **top** marking on belt guide plate (at top of crankshaft).

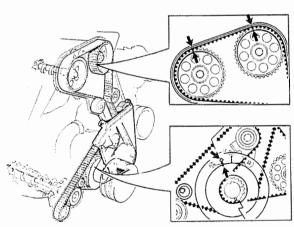
Place belt on camshaft pulleys, ensuring that singleline markings coincide with pulley markings.

Place belt in position over **right-hand** and then over **left-hand** idler.

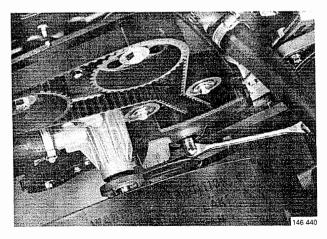


Check markings

Check that all markings coincide and that the engine is turned to TDC in No. 1 cylinder.



144 905

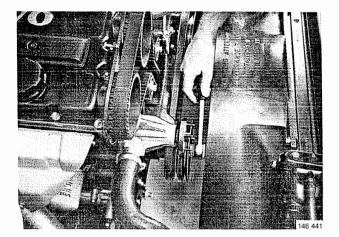


Slacken tensioner locknut

Z38

Crankshaft assembly, reassembly

Z39

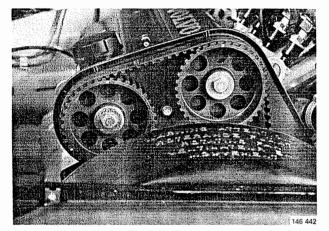


Turn crankshaft clockwise

Crankshaft pulleys should rotate one turn until markings again coincide with those on the transmission mounting plate.

N.B. Engine must **not** be rotated counterclockwise while belt is being tensioned.

Z40

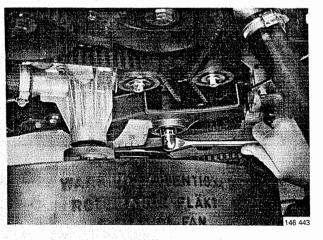


Turn crankshaft further clockwise

Continue to turn crankshaft until pulley markings are $1^{1}/_{2}$ teeth past markings on housing.

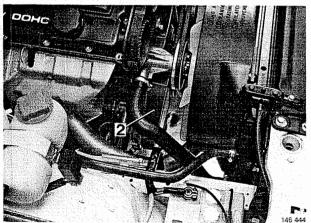
N.B. Rotate crankshaft smoothly.

Z41



Tighten tensioner locknut

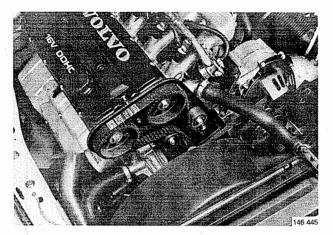
Z42



Install:

- lower transmission cover (2)
- radiator fan and pulley
- alternator drive belt
- battery earth lead

Crankshaft assembly, reassembly



Check operation

Run engine until thermostat opens.

Stop engine.

Caution! Remember that transmission cover (1) is not replaced at this point.



Z43



Use gauge 998 8500.

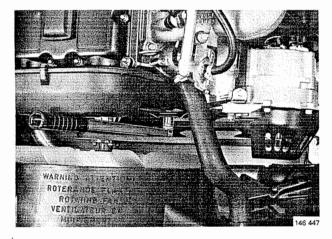
Rotate crankshaft to bring engine to TDC position in No. 1 cylinder.

Position gauge between exhaust camshaft pulley and idler.

Read gauge.

Belt tension must be within 5.1±0.2 unit range (5.5±0.2 units for new belt).

If reading is outside above range, carry out operations C26-C30.



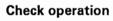
Tighten tensioner locknut

Tighten to 50 Nm (37 ft.lb). Install protective cap over locknut.

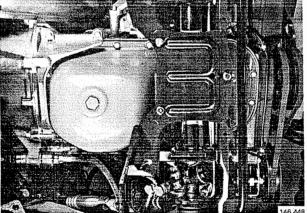
Install upper transmission cover (1).

Z45

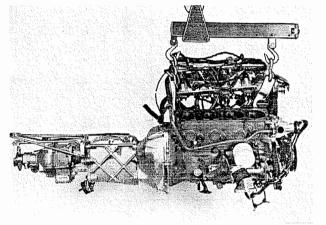




Test run engine. Inspect for oil and coolant leaks. Install splashguard under engine.



Special tools: 2810, 5006, 5033, 5115, 5185, 5186, 5871



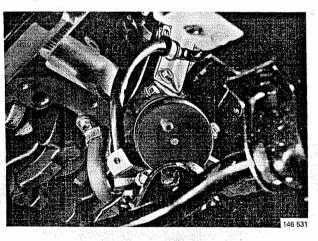
Assuming bores, crankshaft etc. have been found to be in need of overhaul:

Remove engine complete with gearbox.

Following procedure applies to engines with manual gearboxes.

Automatic gearboxes are removed as described in procedure **AD**.

Caution! Since operations AA24–25 are carried out with engine freely suspended, ensure that lifting equipment is securely attached and in perfect condition.

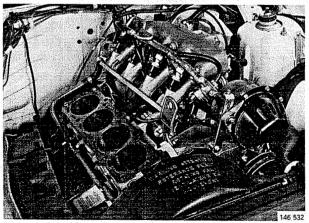


146 530

AA1

Install left-hand engine mounting and support under intake manifold

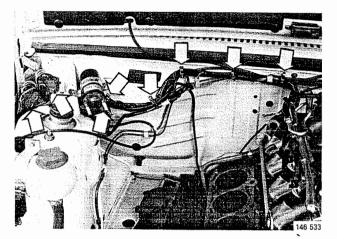
Tighten components to cylinder block.



Remove lifting attachments

Lower engine onto engine mountings. Remove hook 5115 and lifting yoke 5006.

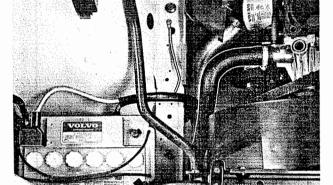




Release wiring harness at rear of engine

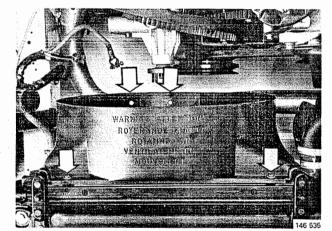
Open cable clips on bulkhead.

Separate connectors at right-hand suspension strut tower and disconnect lead to terminal 1 on ignition coil.



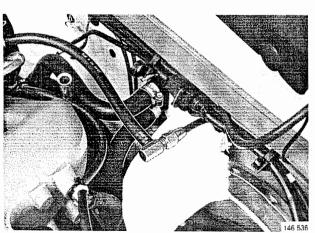
Disconnect:

- leads connected to terminal lug of battery positive lead
- battery positive lead
- earth lead connection to top of side member
- lower coolant hose from water pump



Remove fan shroud

Cut tie around air preheating hose.



AA6

Undo hose connections at left-hand side of bulk-head

Disconnect heater hoses from pipe branches on bulk-head.

Open union between hose and pipe on fuel line.

Soak up fuel spillage with paper.

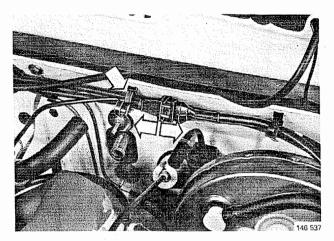
N.B. Seal open ends to prevent entry of dirt into fuel line.

AA4

AA3

AA5

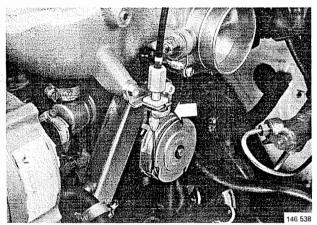
AA7



Disconnect speed pick-up lead

Open cable clip on bulkhead. Open connector.

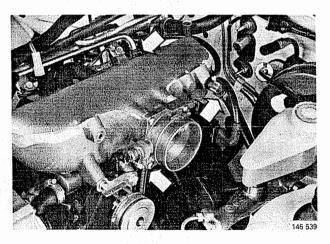
AA8



Release throttle cable from pulley

Release locking clip on cable tensioner. Unhook cable from pulley.

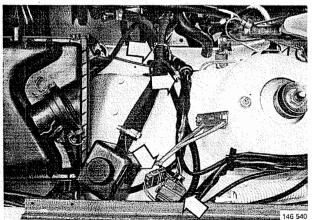
AA9



Remove:

- brake servo vacuum hose from branch on intake manifold
- EVAP valve hose from branch on bottom of intake manifold
- return line from fuel distribution pipe

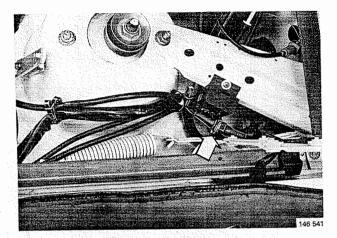
AA10



Free engine wiring harness on left-hand side

Cut steering servo hose and wiring harness ties. Undo cable clip at left-hand wheel housing. Unhook servo reservoir from mounting bracket. Open cable clip at connectors.

Separate wiring connectors at servo reservoir.



Disconnect knock sensor lead

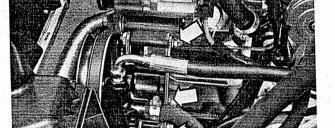
Open cable clips on left-hand suspension strut housing.

Separate connectors at diagnostic unit.

Work wiring free of servo hoses.

AA12

AA11



Remove servo pump

Remove drive belt.

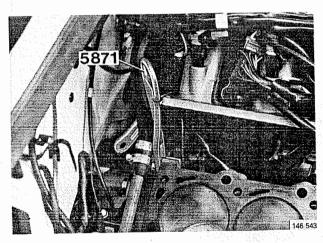
Remove pump from mounting bracket.

Place pump on left-hand wheel housing.

Use paper or other material to protect wheel housing from scratches.

N.B. Do not open any hose connections.

AA 13



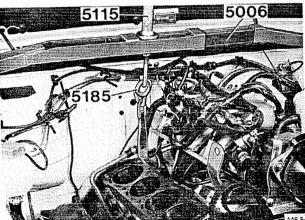
Attach lifting lug 5871 to rear of cylinder block

Remove dipstick tube support.

Remove flat washer on bolt.

Tighten lifting lug.

AA 14

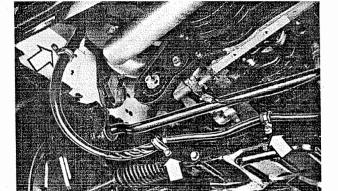


Support engine at rear

Use two support bars 5033, lifting yoke 5006, and lifting hooks 5115 and 5186.

Lift engine using rear lifting lug 5871.

AA15

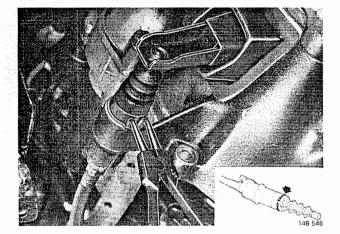


Disconnect battery leads from body

Undo clips on front crossmember and right-hand side member.

Work wiring free of anti-roll bar.

N.B. On cars equipped with AC: Unbolt AC compressor from mounting bracket.



Manual gearbox

(See procedure AD for removal of automatic gearbox)

AA16

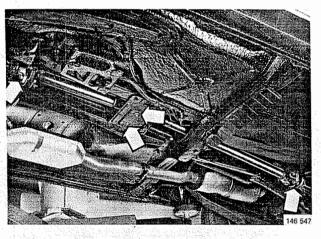


Remove cylinder circlip.

Withdraw cylinder carefully from location in housing.

N.B. Rubber boot retains plunger in cylinder. Secure boot with circlip.

AA17



Remove propeller shaft

Use socket 5244.

Separate front and rear universal joints.

Unbolt intermediate bearing from member.

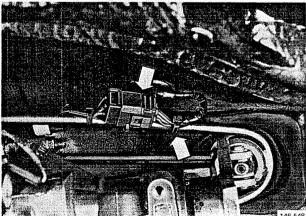
Withdraw propeller shaft backwards.

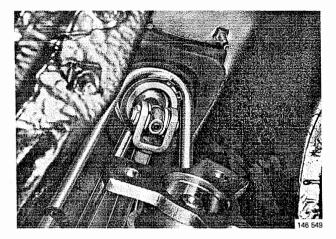
AA18



Cut rear tie at gear lever mounting.

Separate wiring connectors.





Release gear lever

Undo lever locking bolt.

Remove pivot pin between lever and gear selector rod.

Remove circlip from lever sleeve under mounting.

Push up lever.

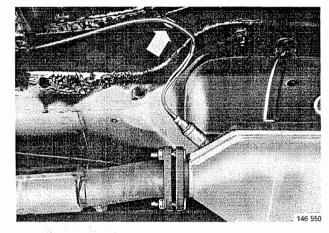
Remove bearing bushings and O-ring.



AA19

Undo bolted joint at front of catalytic converter

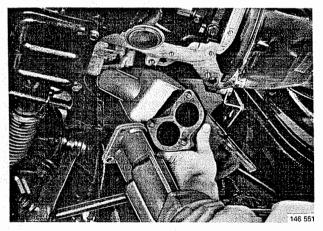
Release oxygen sensor lead from rear clip.



AA21

Remove front exhaust pipe

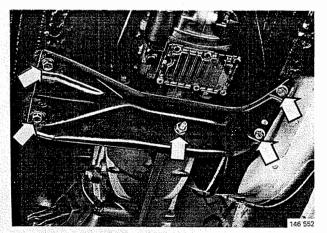
Remove nuts in flanged joint with exhaust manifold. Remove manifold.



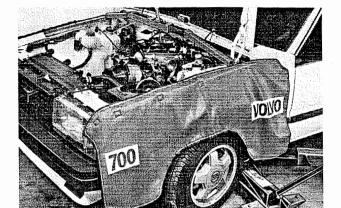
AA22

Remove gearbox support member

Remove gearbox bump stop nut and bolts attaching member to side members.



AA23

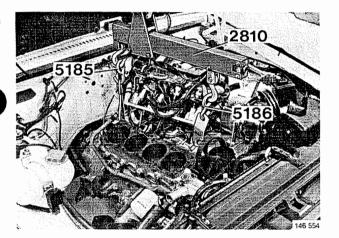


Support gearbox on jack

Remove lifting attachments (5006, 5033, 5115 and 5185).

On cars equipped with AC: Tie aside compressor.

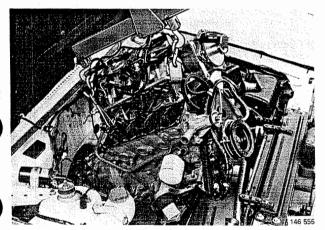
AA24



Lift engine

Use lifting tool **2810**, and lifting hooks **5185** and **5186**. Adjust lifting yoke to ensure engine is balanced. Remove jack under gearbox.

AA25



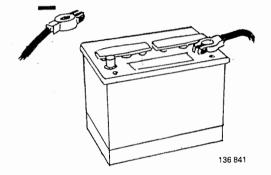
Lift out engine and gearbox

Adjust angle of lift throughout operation.

N.B. Carefully check that drive unit is free of radiator, body and extra equipment (if any).

AB. Crankshaft main bearings, replacement

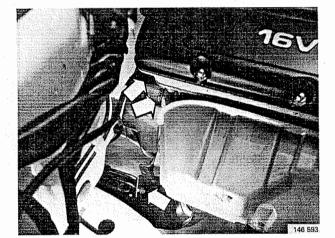
Special tools: 1426, 4090, 5006, 5033, 5111, 5112, 5115, 5186, 5244, 5972



Disconnect battery earth lead

4*B*.1

AB2



Unbolt front exhaust pipe from bracket

Remove upper bolts between flywheel housing and cylinder block.

5006 5115 5033 AB3

Relieve weight on gearbox rear mounting

Use support bars 5033, lifting yoke 5006, and lifting hooks 5115 and 5186.

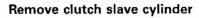
Raise unit using rear left-hand lifting lug.

Take care to avoid damage to wiring harness.

AB4

AB5

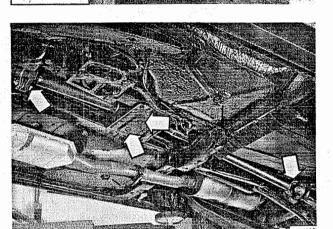
AB6



Remove cylinder circlip.

Withdraw cylinder carefully from location in housing.

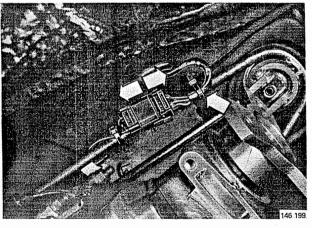
N.B. Rubber boot retains plunger in cylinder. Secure boot with circlip.



Remove propeller shaft

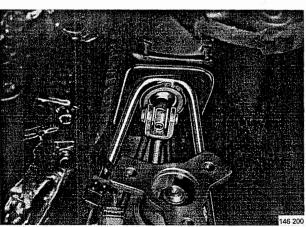
Use socket 5244.

Separate front and rear universal joints.
Unbolt intermediate bearing from member.
Withdraw propeller shaft backwards.



Free gearbox wiring

Cut **rear** tie at gear lever mounting. Separate wiring connectors.



AB7

Release gear lever

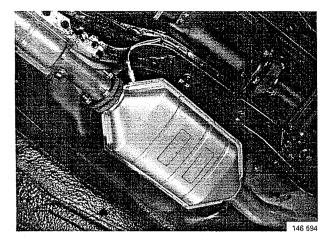
Undo lever locking bolt.

Remove pivot pin between lever and gear selector rod.

Remove circlip from lever sleeve under mounting.

Push up lever.

Remove bearing bushings and O-ring.



AB8

Undo bolted joint at front of catalytic converter Release oxygen sensor lead from rear clip.

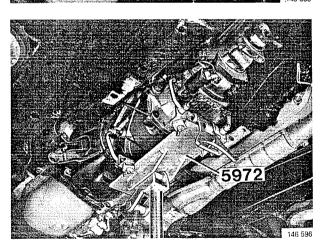


Remove gearbox support member and bracket

Unbolt bracket.

Unbolt gearbox support member from side members.





Remove gearbox

Undo remaining bolts in flywheel housing.

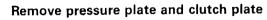
Place fixture 5972 under gearbox.

Separate flywheel housing from cylinder block and turn gearbox clockwise in fixture.

Draw gearbox backwards to separate input shaft completely from clutch plate.

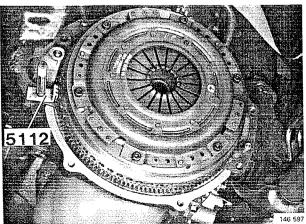
Lower gearbox.





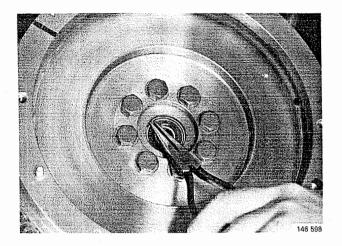
Use gear sector 5112.

Undo pressure plate joint evenly all round.



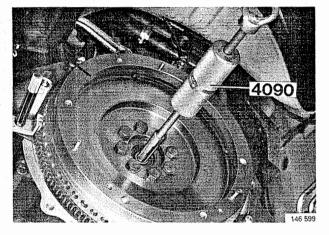
AB12

Remove clutch release bearing circlip



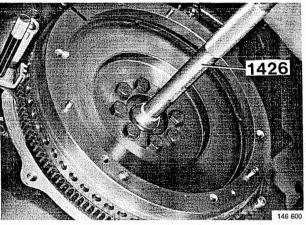
AB13

Withdraw clutch release bearing from crankshaft Use extractor 4090.



AB14

- new clutch release bearing using drift 1426circlip



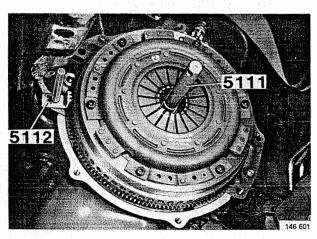
AB15

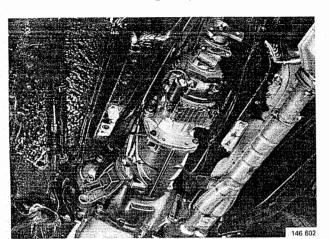
Refit clutch plate and pressure plate

Use centering tool 5111 and gear sector 5112.

Tighten pressure plate in stages. Work around circumference tightening diagonally-opposite bolts alternately.

Remove centering tool and gear sector.





Install gearbox

Use fixture 5972.

Align input shaft, insert and turn gearbox into position.

Tighten gearbox in position.

Remove fixture.

(Tighten two uppermost bolts from engine compartment. See operation AB24.)



AB16

Install gear lever

Insert gear lever sleeve in mounting.

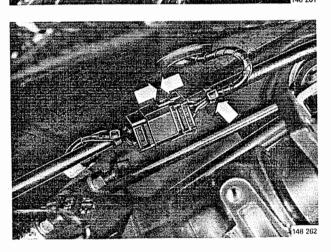
Install:

- bearing bushings and O-ring on gear selector rod; replace selector circlip
- gear selector/lever pivot pin; tighten set screw
 circlip on gear lever sleeve; pull selector rod downwards when fitting circlip



Reconnect gearbox wiring

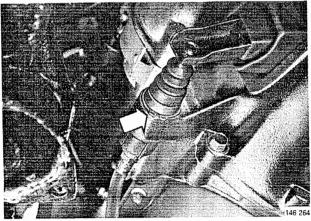
Reconnect wiring connectors. Install cable tie.



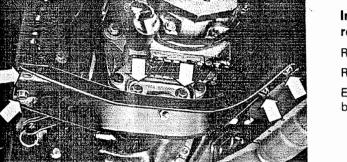


Install clutch slave cylinder

Secure cylinder with circlip.



AB20



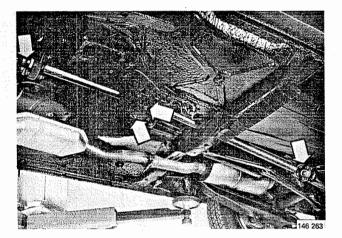
Install gearbox support member and reinstate rear mounting

Rebolt rear mounting to gearbox.

Rebolt support member to side members.

Ensure that oxygen sensor lead is above support member.

AB21



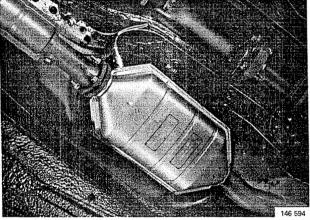
Install propeller shaft

Reassemble front universal joint at gearbox. Reassemble rear universal joint at differential.

Use socket 5244.

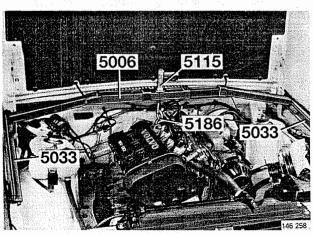
Reattach intermediate bearing to member.

AB22



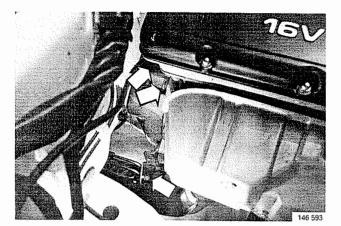
Remake bolted joint at front of catalytic converter

AB23



Remove lifting attachments

Remove tools 5006, 5033, 5115 and 5186.

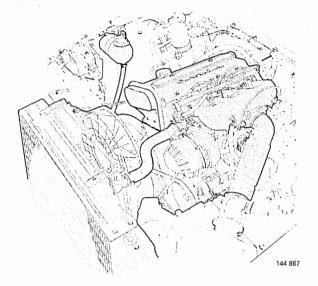


AB24

Tighten two uppermost bolts in flywheel housing

Reattach front exhaust pipe to bracket.

AB25



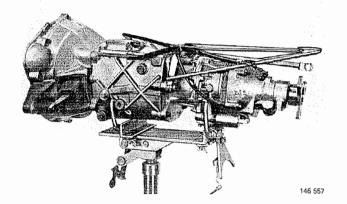
Check operation

Replace battery earth lead.

Ring gear, replacement

AC. Ring gear, replacement

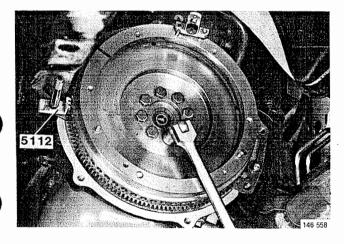
Special tools: 5111, 5112



Ring gear replacement applies only to cars with manual gearboxes

Strip gearbox to expose flywheel as described in operations AB1–11.

On cars with automatic gearboxes, carrier plate is replaced complete with ring gear. (See procedure AD. Crankshaft rear seal, replacement.)

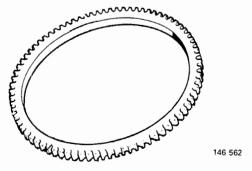


Remove speed pick-up and unbolt flywheel

Use gear sector 5112.

Remove flywheel.

N.B. Remove speed pick-up before flywheel.



+230 C° (450 F°)

AC2

AC1

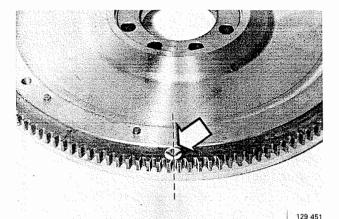
Heat new ring gear to +230°C (450°F)

Heat component in oven or using torch flame.

If using oven, commence procedure by heating component.

If using torch flame, heat component immediately prior to fitting.

Ring gear, replacement



Drill hole between two teeth

Use 10 mm drill.

Drill hole to depth of approx. 9 mm (3/8").

Caution! Avoid penetrating flywheel, otherwise out-of-balance may result.



AC3



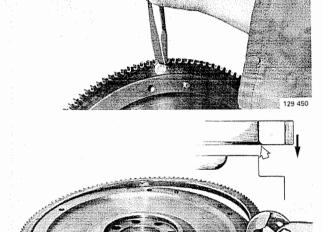
Remove ring gear

Clamp flywheel in vice between soft jaws.

Prise ring gear loose with screwdriver. If necessary, split component at drilled hole.

Clean mating surface on flywheel.





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AC5

Check temperature with solder (40 % tin and 60 % lead). Solder melts at 220–230 $^{\circ}$ C (430–450 $^{\circ}$ F).

Place gear in position.

Fit new ring gear

Tap gear fully home as required using brass drift.

Allow gear to cool.

Important! Bevelled edge must face flywheel.

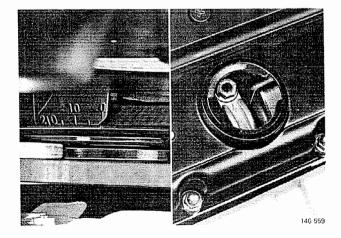






Align crankshaft pulley (vibration damper) marking with 0 mark on transmission cover.

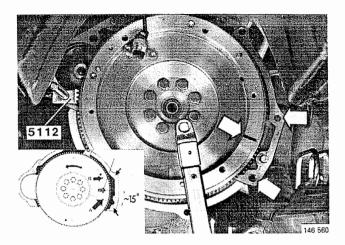
Check that No. 1 cylinder cams on exhaust camshaft are pointing upwards at approx. 60° to centre line of engine.



Ring gear, replacement

AC7

AC8



Replace flywheel

Use gear sector 5112.

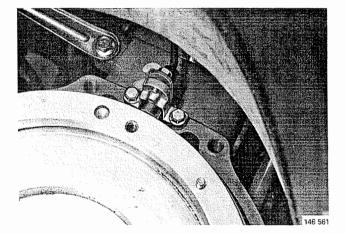
At TDC, mark on flywheel should be positioned between the two lower bolt holes on right-hand side of cylinder block.

Caution! If flywheel is not marked, new position is indicated by pins A and B at rear.

Pins $\bf A$ and $\bf B$ are located respectively approx. 15° on either side of marking position.

Use new bolts and thread locking compound.

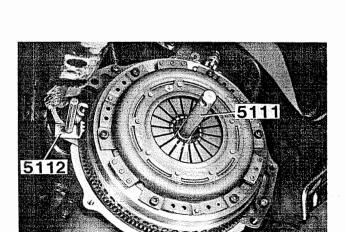
Tighten to 70 Nm (52 ft.lb).



Install speed pick-up

Use thread locking compound.

Tighten to 5 Nm (3.5 ft.lb).



AC9

Refit clutch plate and pressure plate

Use centering tool 5111 and gear sector 5112.

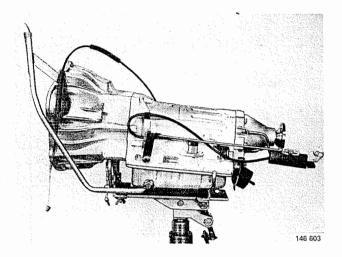
Tighten pressure plate in stages. Work around circumference tightening diagonally-opposite bolts alternately.

Remove centering tool and gear sector.

Install gearbox and propeller shaft as described in operations AB16-26.

AD. Crankshaft rear seal, replacement

Special tools: 1801, 5006, 5033, 5111, 5112, 5115, 5186, 5244, 5276, 5972

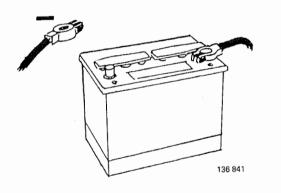


Procedure applies to cars equipped with automatic gearboxes

Manual gearbox:

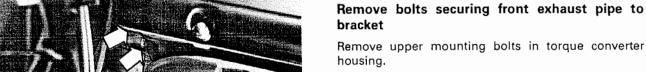
Remove gearbox as described in operations AB1-11.

Automatic gearbox



Disconnect battery earth lead

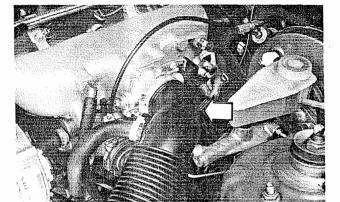
AD1



Remove upper mounting bolts in torque converter

Remove retaining clip for oil cooler lines.

AD3

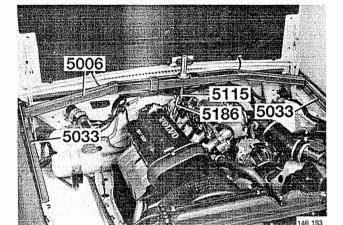


Release kickdown cable

Remove transmission oil dipstick.

N.B. Cover open end of dipstick tube.

AD4



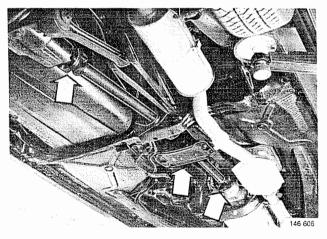
Relieve weight on gearbox rear mounting

Use support bars 5033, lifting yoke 5006, and lifting hooks 5115 and 5186.

Raise unit using rear left-hand lifting lug.

Take care to avoid damage to wiring harness.

AD5



Remove propeller shaft

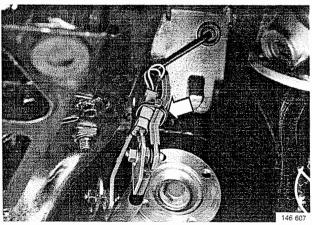
Use socket 5244.

Separate front and rear universal joints.

Unbolt intermediate bearing from member.

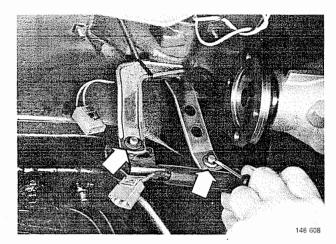
Withdraw propeller shaft backwards.

AD6



Free gearbox wiring

Cut lower cable tie at lever mounting. Separate wiring connectors.



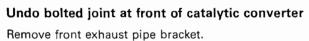
Release gear selector lever

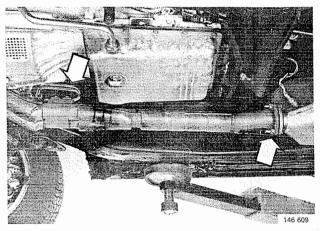
Remove clips from pivoted joints between selector lever and selector rod/reaction arm.

Withdraw selector rod and reaction arm from mounting.

AD8

AD7

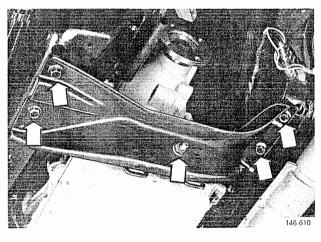




AD9

Remove gearbox support member

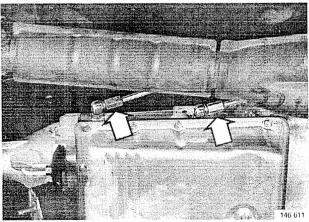
Separate member from gearbox bump stop and side members.



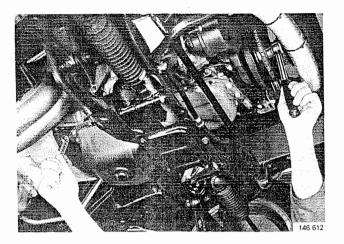
AD10

Disconnect transmission oil lines at gearbox

Collect leakage oil in container or mop up with paper. Plug connections.

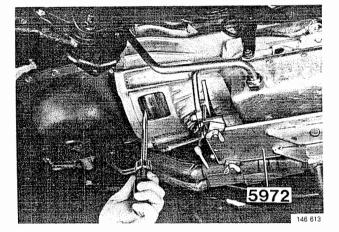


AD11



Remove:

- splashguard under engine
- reinforcing bracket between engine and gearbox
- bolts securing torque converter to carrier plate
- ventilation grille over torque converter



AD12

Remove gearbox

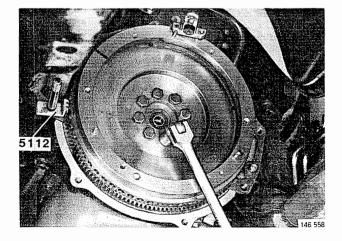
Place fixture 5972 under gearbox.

Remove remaining bolts in torque converter housing.

Carefully prise torque converter free of carrier plate.

Lower gearbox, inclining unit backwards very slightly to prevent torque converter slipping off shaft.

N.B. Position fixture 5972 with fork at front under gearbox.



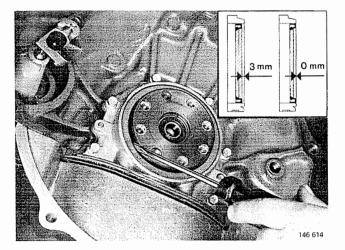
AD13

Remove speed pick-up and unbolt flywheel/ carrier plate

Use gear sector 5112.

Remove flywheel/carrier plate.

N.B. Speed pick-up must be removed **before** flywheel/ carrier plate.



AD14

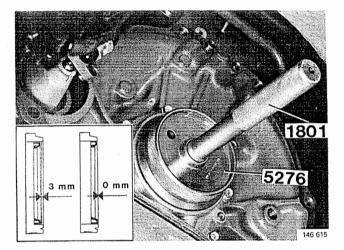
Remove crankshaft seal

Prise out seal carefully with screwdriver.

Take care to avoid damaging sealing faces on shaft and seating flange.

Clean seat in flange and inspect shaft for grooving, indicating wear.

Important! Note position of seal in relation to seating flange.



AD15

Press seal into rear seating flange

Assemble standard handle 1801 and assembly tool 5276.

Oil mating surfaces between flange and seal, and between lips of seal.

Place seal on drift.

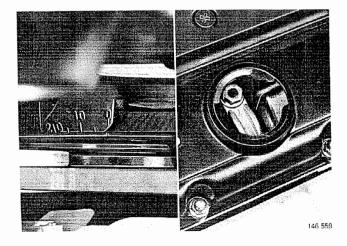
Locate seal further in than before if wear mark is present on crankshaft.

Remove **one** spacer from drift if original seal was flush with flange.

Remove **two** spacers from drift if original seal was located 3 mm inside flange.

Leave both spacers in position if crankshaft is undamaged.

Tap in seal until drift meets crankshaft.



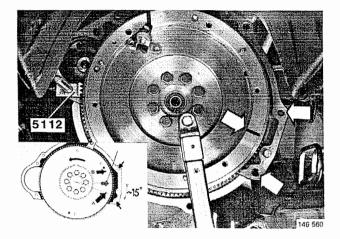
AD16

Turn crankshaft to TDC (ignition) in No. 1 cylinder

Align vibration damper marking with 0 mark on transmission cover.

Check that No. 1 cylinder cams on exhaust camshaft are pointing upwards at approx. 60° to centre line of engine.

AD17



Replace flywheel/carrier plate

Use gear sector 5112.

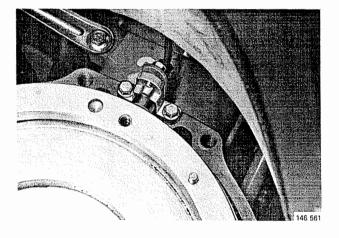
At TDC, mark on flywheel/carrier plate should be positioned between the two lower bolt holes on right-hand side of cylinder block.

Caution! If flywheel is not marked, new position is indicated by pins A and B at rear.

Pins $\bf A$ and $\bf B$ are located respectively approx. 15° on either side of marking position.

Use **new** bolts and **thread locking compound**. Tighten to **70 Nm** (52 ft.lb).

Automatic gearbox: Note location of support plates. Outer plate must be installed with edge facing outwards.



Install speed pick-up

Use thread locking compound.

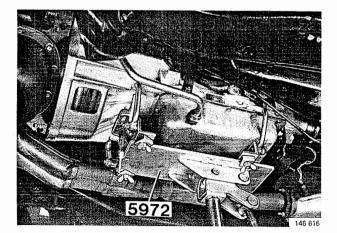
Tighten to 5 Nm (3.5 ft.lb).

Cars equipped with manual gearboxes:

Install clutch and gearbox as described in operations AB15–26.

AD19

AD18



Install gearbox

Use fixture 5972.

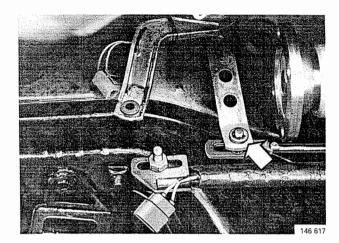
Lift gearbox, tilting unit slightly backwards.

Align torque converter with carrier plate.

Tighten gearbox in position.

Reattach front exhaust pipe bracket to torque converter housing.

Remove fixture 5972.



Reconnect gear selector lever

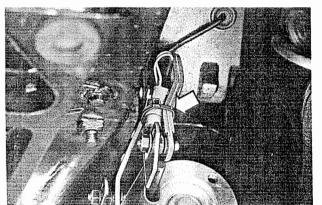
Reattach selector rod and reaction arm to lever mounting.

Install locking clips.

N.B. Fit selector rod with flat washer.

AD21

AD20

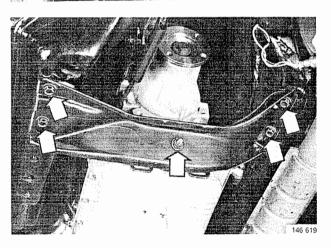


Reconnect gearbox wiring

Reconnect wiring connectors.

Install cable tie at gear selector mounting.

AD22

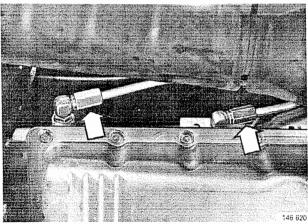


Install gearbox support member

Rebolt support member to side members.

Tighten bump stop. (Ensure that oxygen sensor lead is above member.)

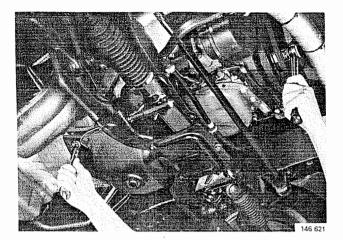
AD23



Reconnect transmission oil lines

Reconnect and tighten unions on gearbox.

AD24



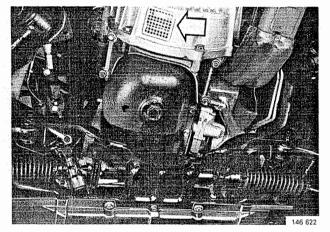
Tighten torque converter on carrier plate

Finger-tighten all bolts.

Tighten bolts alternately.

Tightening torque 45 Nm (33 ft.lb).

AD25



Install reinforcing bracket

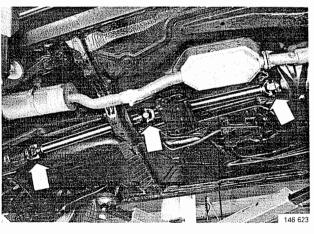
Tighten bracket in stages.

Attach bracket first to torque converter housing and then to cylinder block.

Install ventilation grille.

Install splashguard under engine.

AD26



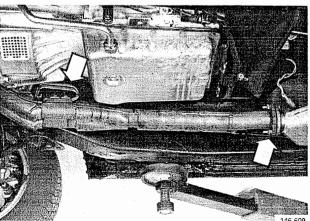
Install propeller shaft

Use socket 5244.

Tighten front and rear universal joints.

Rebolt intermediate bearing to member.

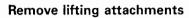
AD27



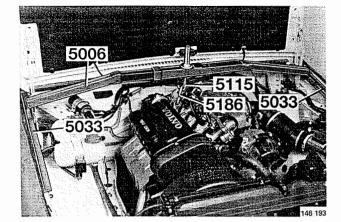
Retighten bolted joint in front of catalytic converter

Install front exhaust pipe bracket.

AD28



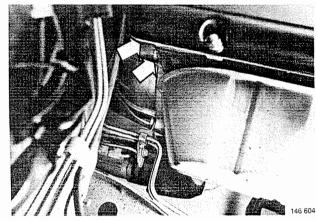
Remove tools 5006, 5033, 5115 and 5186.





Tighten two uppermost bolts on torque converter housing

Reattach front exhaust pipe to bracket.



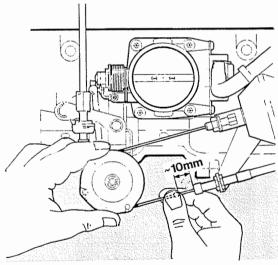
AD30

Connect kickdown cable to throttle pulley

Check cable adjustment.

Replace transmission oil dipstick.

N.B. See procedure AS for checking/adjustment of kick-down cable.





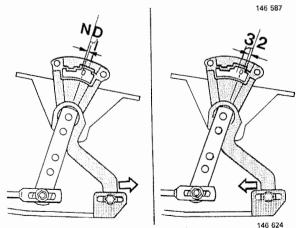
Check operation

Reconnect battery earth lead.

Check gear selector play in **D** and **N** positions.

Play should be the same or somewhat less than in positions 1 and 2.

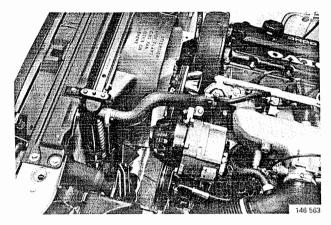
Check transmission oil level.



Vibration damper, replacement

AE. Crankshaft pulley (vibration damper), replacement

Special tool: 5284



5284

Remove:

- battery earth lead
- alternator drive belt
- radiator fan and pulley
- fan shroud
- servo pump and (if fitted) AC compressor drive belts

AE2

AE1

Remove crankshaft pulley (vibration damper) from crankshaft

Lock pulley using counterhold 5284.

Secure counterhold using implement such as drift placed against cylinder head over coolant pump.

N.B. Counterhold 5284 must not be locked against pump

AE3

Replace pulley on crankshaft

Use counterhold 5284.

Check that slot in damper engages projection on timing belt pulley.

Secure counterhold using implement such as drift placed against auxiliary mounting bracket.

Tighten crankshaft bolt in two stages:

- 1. Tighten to 60 Nm (44 ft.lb).
- 2. Tighten through further 60°.

AE4



5284

Install:

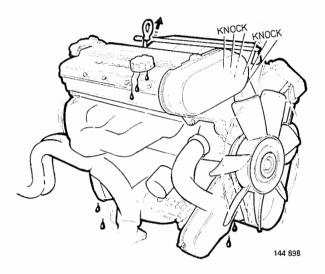
- fan shroud
- radiator fan and pulley
- all drive belts
- battery earth lead

Start engine and check operation.

Crankshaft front seal, replacement

AF. Crankshaft front seal, replacement

Special tools: 5283, 5284, 5872

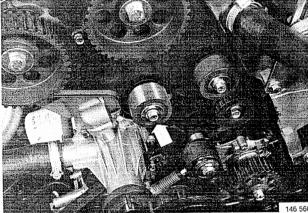


Check that flame trap is not blocked

Flame trap blockage restricts crankcase ventilation and increases crankcase pressure.

Symptoms of flame trap blockage:

- Oil dipstick tends to lift in tube.
- Oil leakage from cylinder block seals.
- Seals do not always require renewal if leakage is due to this cause. Overhaul flame trap, clean engine and reinspect for seal leakage.
- Engine knocks.



Remove timing/balance shaft belts as described in operations C1-9.

AF1

Remove timing belt right-hand idler

AF2

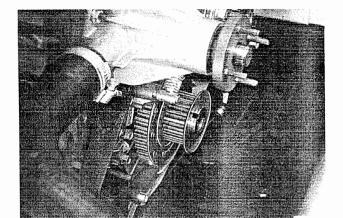
Remove crankshaft pulley (vibration damper)

Use counterhold 5284 and guide 5872.

Mount counterhold using M8 imes 80 mm flanged bolt, using guide as spacer between counterhold and cylinder head, in right-hand idler bolt hole.

Crankshaft front seal, replacement

AF3

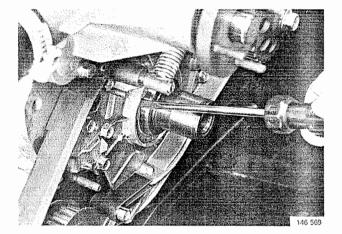


Remove timing/balance shaft drive pulleys

Remove timing belt outer guide, pulley and inner guide.

Remove balance shaft pulley.

AF4

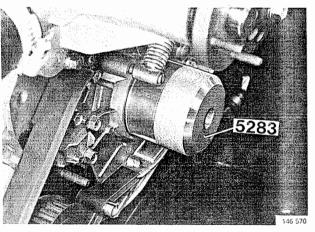


Remove seal

Prise out seal **carefully** using screwdriver, taking care to avoid damaging sealing faces on shaft and in seating flange.

Clean crankshaft end and seating flange. Inspect shaft for signs of wear.

AF5



Fit new seal

Use tool 5283.

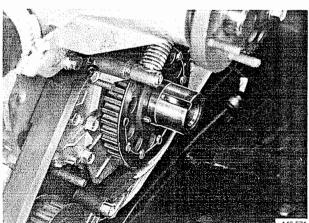
Grease seal.

Place seal on tool.

Tap seal home into seating flange.

N.B. Face of seal should normally be flush with chamfered edge in housing. However, if shaft end shows signs of wear, seal may be located approx. 3 mm further in.

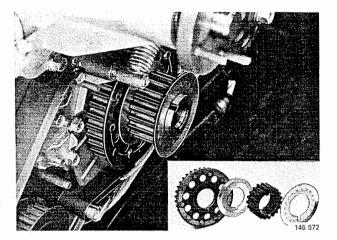
AF6



Install balance shaft drive pulley

N.B. Guide must face outwards.

Crankshaft front seal, replacement



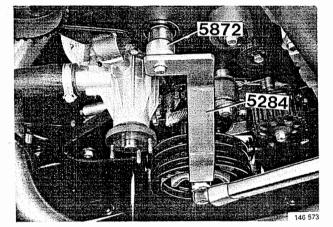
AF7

Install timing belt pulley and guides

Install:

- inner guide
- drive pulley
- outer guide

N.B. Slot in pulley must face cylinder block and must engage guide pin on balance shaft drive pulley.



AF8

Install crankshaft pulley (vibration damper)

Use counterhold 5284 and guide 5872.

Check that slot in damper engages projection on timing belt pulley.

Mount counterhold using M8 \times 80 mm flanged bolt, using guide as spacer between counterhold and cylinder head, in right-hand idler bolt hole.

Tighten crankshaft bolt in two stages:

- 1. Tighten to 60 Nm (44 ft.lb).
- 2. Tighten through further 60°.

Turn crankshaft to TDC in No. 1 cylinder.

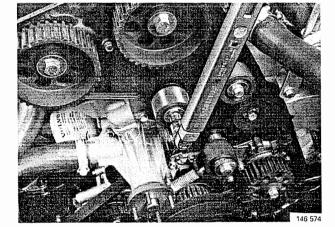


Install right-hand idler

Tighten to 25 Nm (18.5 ft.lb).

Install timing/balance shaft belts as described in operations C10-37.

N.B. See table of tension values in specifications (page 11) if replacing existing timing/balance shaft belts.



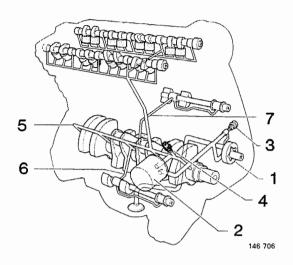
Group 22 Lubrication system

Contents

	Procedure	Page
Design/function	_	212
Oil and oil filter, changing	AG1-3	213
Oil pressure, checking	AH1-3	214
Oil pressure regulator, checking	AI1-7	216

Design/function

Lubrication system Design/function



Oil supply

Driven by the timing belt, the oil pump (1) draws oil through a strainer in the sump.

The **oil filter** (2) (to which the oil flows through a passage at the front of the cylinder block) is mounted on the opposite side to the pump. The filter is of the conventional type.

The oil pressure regulator (3) limits the pressure in the system to 0.86 MPa (122 psi).

Located in the passage downstream of the filter, the oil pressure switch (4) operates the low oil pressure warning lamp.

The **crankshaft** (5) is lubricated in conventional manner through passages cast and drilled in the block, and oilways in the shaft itself.

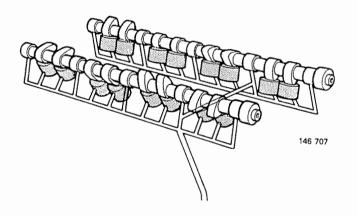
The **pistons and cylinder walls** are lubricated by oil mist and by splash lubrication from the crankshaft.

Lubrication for the **right-hand balance shaft** (6) is supplied through a passage formed in the right-hand side of the block.

The **left-hand balance shaft** (7) is lubricated from the third main crankshaft bearing through a milled slot.

The camshafts and hydraulic tappets are supplied with lubricating oil under pressure through a channel adjacent to the second cylinder head bolt on the right-hand side. Within the head, the channel is integral with the bolt for half of its length, following which the oil is conveyed through a drilled passage to the gallery on the right-hand side of the camshaft carrier.

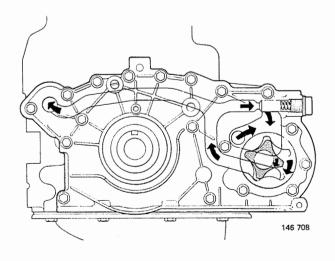
The left-hand gallery, which supplies the camshaft and tappets on that side, is supplied with pressurized oil through a passage connecting it with the right-hand gallery.



Oil pump,

A higher oil flow is required to supply the new components – balance shafts, second camshaft and hydraulic tappets – particularly when the engine is hot.

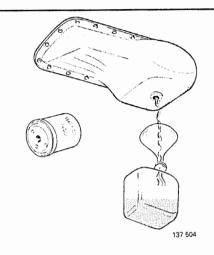
The new pump is an Eaton type — essentially an internal gear pump consisting of a 4-lobed rotor running inside a 5-lobed ring. The pumping action is achieved by the continuous increase and decrease in volume which occurs as the elements rotate. Although the capacity is comparable to that of earlier gear pumps, it is higher at low speeds and when the oil is hot (120°C/250°F). The capacity at an engine speed of 4000 r/min is approximately 360 l/min (95 US gpm).



Oil and oil filter, changing

AG. Oil and oil filter, changing

Special tool: 2903



Changing engine oil

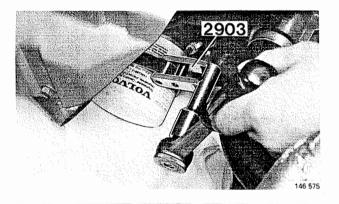
Always use oil of the correct grade:

As per API-Service.....min. SF*
As per CCMC......class G2/G3

*Oils designated SF/CC and SF/CD fulfil this requirement.

Ensure engine is hot before draining oil.

Use **new** sump plug seal. Torque 60 Nm (44 ft.lb).



Oil filter, replacement

AG1

Remove oil filter

Use tool 2903.

Remove filter from engine compartment side. Use paper or waste to mop up oil spillage.

AG2

Install new oil filter

Coat face of seal with oil.



AG3

Tighten oil filter

Screw home filter by hand until seal makes firm contact. Tighten a further 1/2-3/4 turn.

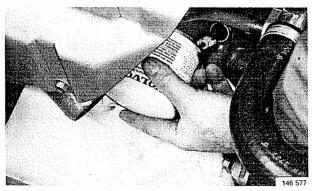
Fill engine with oil.

Start engine.

Inspect filter for leakage.

When replacing filter only:

Top up engine with 0.5 I (0.5 US qt) of oil.



Oil pressure, checking

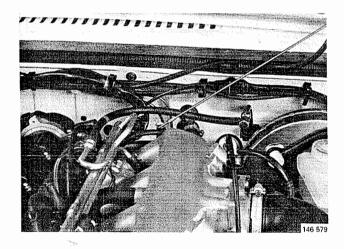
AH. Oil pressure, checking

Special tool: 5270



Check oil pressure with engine hot and oil at correct level

Engine oil must be of recommended grade and type. Genuine Volvo oil filter must be fitted.



AH1

Check engine oil level

Top up as required.

If grade/type of oil and filter condition **cannot** be ascertained, replace filter and change oil.



AH2

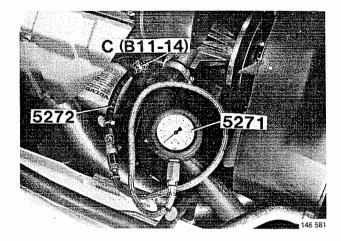
Check oil pressure switch

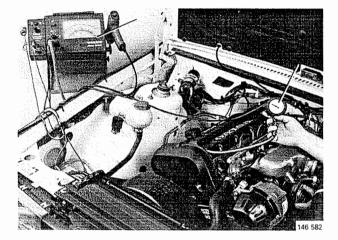
If pressure indication is absent:

- check switch lead and connector
- check switch type and function; fit new switch if necessary
- check for faulty lead between switch and warning lamp

N.B. Use **new** gasket between switch and cylinder block when switch is finally reinstalled.

АН3





Check oil pressure

Use instrument kit 5270.

Connect adapter C (B11-14), tube 5272 and instrument 5271 to pressure switch tapping on cylinder block.

Connect rev counter.

Start engine and read oil pressure at different speeds.

N.B. Use **new** gasket between switch and cylinder block when switch is finally reinstalled.

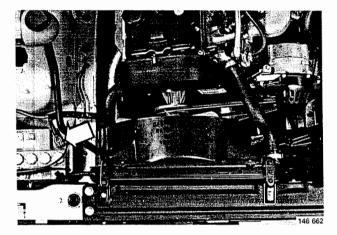
Minimum oil pressure

15 r/s (900 r/min)	0.10	MPa
33 r/s (2000 r/min)	0.25	MPa
50 r/s (3000 r/min)	0.50	MPa
Maximum oil pressure (with relief valve open):	0.80	MPa

If readings are not satisfactory:

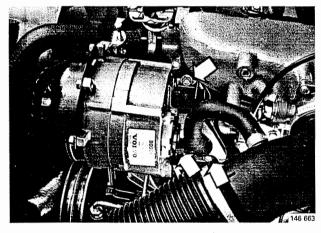
Check oil pressure regulator as described in operations Al1-7.

Al. Oil pressure regulator, checking



Remove:

- battery earth lead
- alternator drive belt
- servo pump and (if fitted) AC compressor drive belts

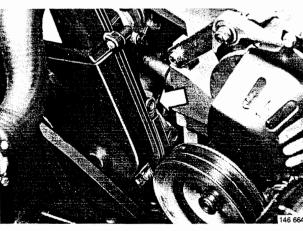


Al2

Al1

Detach alternator bracket from cylinder block

Tie up bracket out of way..



AI3

Remove relief valve

Remove plug over spring.
Remove spring and plunger.

Al4

Clean and inspect components

Check plunger for wear.

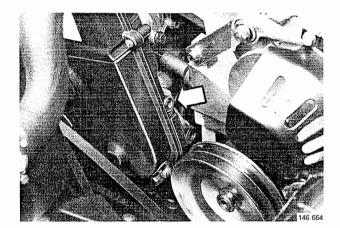
Measure spring length:

Length, unloaded	mm (1.87	in)
(44±4 N/10±0.9 lb	0 mm/1.25	in)
(61±6 N/14±1.4 lb	0 mm/1.02	in)

146 665



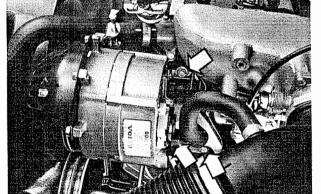
A16



Install relief valve

Fit new sealing washer.

Tighten to 40 ± 4 Nm (29.5 ±3 ft.1b).



Install:

- alternator bracket
- all drive belts
- battery earth lead

144 867

AI7

Check operation/inspect for leaks

Test run engine.

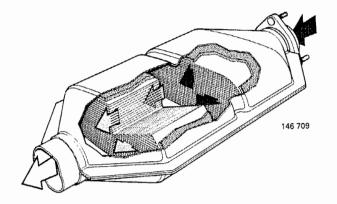
See procedures \mathbf{H} , \mathbf{I} and \mathbf{J} for details of other work on lubrication system.

Group 25 Intake and exhaust systems

Contents

	Procedure	Page
Design/function	_	219
Air cleaner, maintenance/replacement	AJ1-3	220
Preheating function, checking	AK1-8	221
Intake manifold, replacement	AL1-14	224
Crankcase ventilation, checking/overhaul	AM1-9	228
Exhaust system inspection/overhaul	ΔN1-10	221

Design/function



Catalytic converter

The three-way catalytic converter is used to purify the exhaust gases of unburnt residues of

carbon monoxide (CO)

hydrocarbons (HC)

nitrous oxides (NOx)

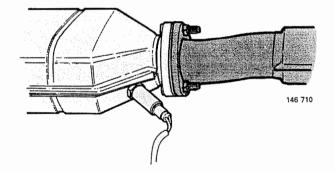
by chemical reaction i.e. combustion with unburnt oxygen.

The unit converts 90-95% of these noxious substances into innocuous

water (H₂O) carbon dioxide (CO₂) nitrogen (N₂)

The active surface area of the unit is 32 000 m² and the noble metal content is 4 g of platinum/rhodium.

N.B. Any trace of lead in the fuel will quickly damage the catalytic converter beyond repair.

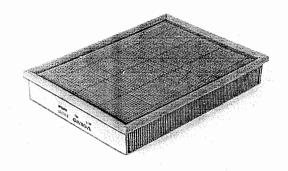


Oxygen sensor (Lambdasond®)

The ideal air/fuel ratio is usually given as 14.7 kg of air to 1 kg of fuel. The oxygen sensor is used to measure the oxygen content of the exhaust gases as a means of achieving these conditions.

Since the device functions only above a certain temperature, it is heated electrically to ensure that the specified value is reached quickly and maintained more efficiently. Current is supplied to the heating element when the system relay operates.

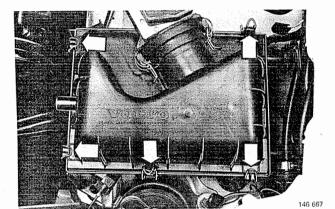
AJ. Air cleaner, replacement



Air cleaner is normally replaced every 40 000 km (25 000 miles)

Cleaner should be replaced at shorter intervals if car is frequently driven on unsurfaced roads or under abnormally dusty conditions.

146 666



Remove air cleaner cover

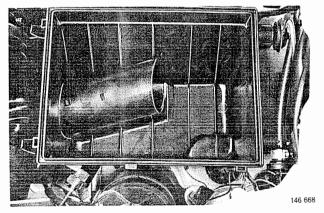
Release catches.

AJ1

AJ2

Replace cleaner element

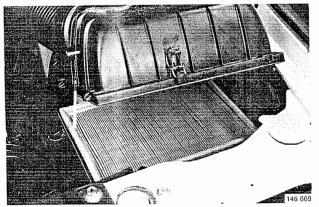
Inspect inside of cleaner housing. Clean as required.



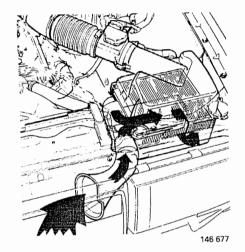
AJ3

Reassemble air cleaner

Ensure that sealing flange is correctly seated.



AK. Intake air preheating function, checking

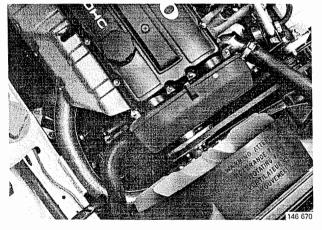


The preheating function consists essentially of a thermostatically controlled damper housed in the air cleaner.

The thermostat senses the temperature of the intake air and alters the position of the damper to vary the proportions of hot and cold air entering the cleaner. This enables the intake air temperature to be maintained at a constant value, irrespective of the outside temperature.

Proceed as follows if any of the following problems are encountered:

- juddering
- loss of power
- high fuel consumption

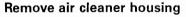


Check attachment and sealing of:

- heat shield
- preheating hose
- air cleaner housing

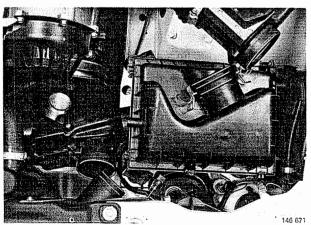


AK2



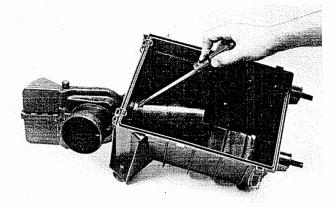
Undo air duct connections.

Remove housing carefully from mountings.



AK1

Intake air preheating function, checking



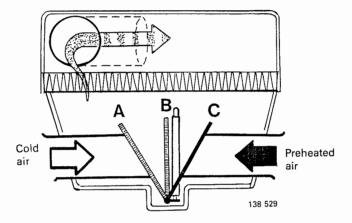
AK3

Remove damper housing from air cleaner

Remove cover and cleaner element.

Depress damper housing catches and withdraw housing.

146 672



AK4

Check operation of preheating components:

- bushings and mountings
- spring
- thermostat (for example, with cooling spray)

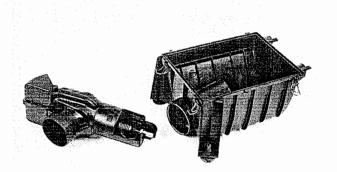
Damper position at different outside temperatures:

 $A = <+5^{\circ}C/41^{\circ}F$ (preheated air only)

 $\mathbf{B} = \operatorname{approx.} 10^{\circ} \text{C}/50^{\circ} \text{F}$

 $C = +15^{\circ}C/59^{\circ}F$ (cold air only)

AK5



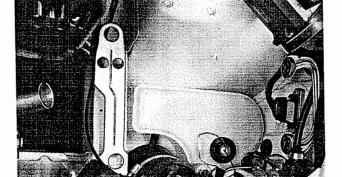
Reassemble air cleaner

Install:

- damper housing
- cleaner element
- cover

146 673

AK6



Install air cleaner in car

Place unit on mountings.

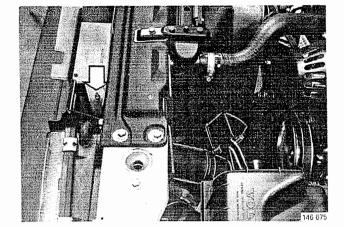
Reconnect all air ducts.

Intake air preheating function, checking

AK7



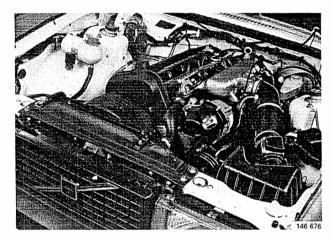
If required, remove grille and tighten intake mountings.



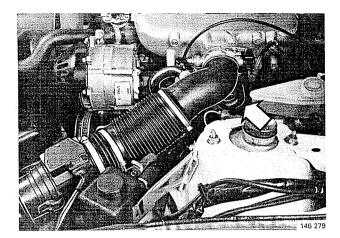
AK8

Check operation

Start and test run engine.

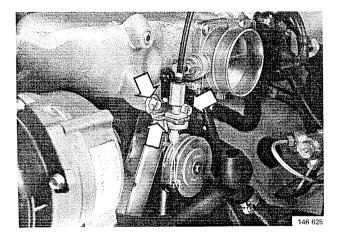


AL. Intake manifold, replacement



AL1
Remove air mass meter and air inlet hose

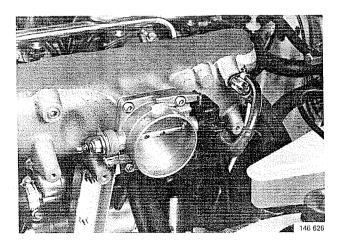
Undo connector at air mass meter and hose connections to oil trap and idling (air control) valve.



Detach throttle pulley from intake manifold

Detach pulley link rod from throttle lever.

Loosen bolt securing intake manifold support to engine mounting.



AL3

AL2

Separate throttle housing from intake manifold

Cut cable tie holding throttle switch wiring to vacuum servo hose connection.

Intake manifold, replacement



Disconnect following hoses/lines from intake manifold:

- vacuum servo
- EVAP valve (F engines only)
- oil trap
- fuel pressure regulator
- idling (air control) valve
- vacuum tank (applies only to cars equipped with CU/ CU + AC heater)



Remove fuel distribution pipe and injectors

Disconnect fuel return line at distribution pipe.

Mop up fuel spillage with paper.

Disconnect injector connectors.

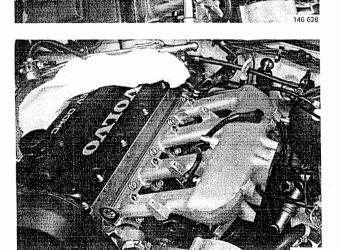
Carefully withdraw distribution pipe/injector assembly.

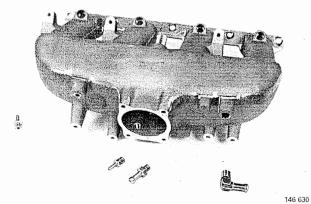
N.B. Protect injectors from entry of dirt.



Remove intake manifold from cylinder head

Remove gasket between manifold and cylinder head, and clean joint as required.



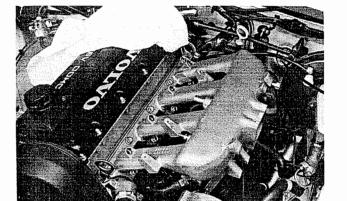


Transfer hose nipples and plugs (if any) to new manifold:

- vacuum servo
- EVAP valve (F engines only)
- oil trap
- fuel pressure regulator
- idling (air control) valve
- vacuum tank (applies only to cars equipped with CU/CU + AC heater)

AL7

AL8

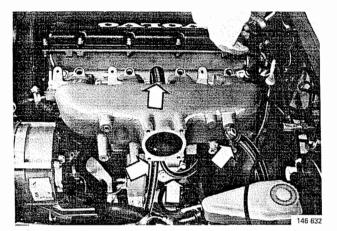


Install and tighten new intake manifold in position

Use new gasket.

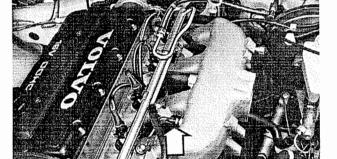
Tighten bolts from centre outwards.





Reconnect following hoses/lines:

- vacuum servo
- EVAP valve (F engines only)
- oil trap
- idling (air control) valve
- vacuum tank (applies only to cars equipped with CU/ CU + AC heater)



AL10

Install fuel distribution pipe and injectors

Inspect injector O-rings. Lubricate O-rings with water-free vaseline.

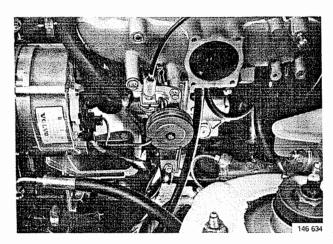
Position injector wiring between No. 2 and No. 3 cylinder connections.

Reconnect injector connectors.

Attach and tighten fuel distribution pipe and earth leads to intake manifold.

Reconnect fuel pressure regulator line to intake manifold.

AL11

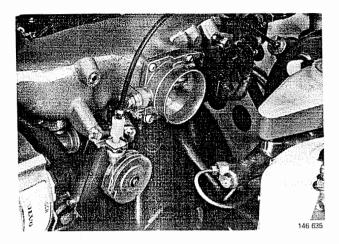


Install throttle pulley

Position pushrod under upper mounting points.

Tighten support under manifold and at engine mounting.

AL12



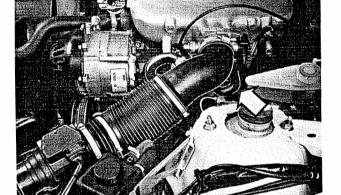
Install throttle housing

Use new gasket.

Reattach pulley pushrod to throttle lever.

Check operation of throttle switches and stops.

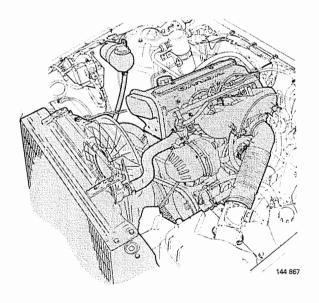
Secure wiring using cable tie attached to vacuum servo hose nipple.



AL13

Install air mass meter and air inlet hose

Reconnect air meter connector, oil trap hose and idling (air control) valve hose.

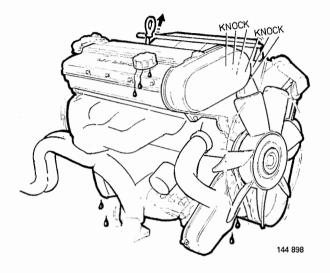


AL14

Check operation

Test run engine.

AM. Crankcase ventilation, checking/overhaul



Blocked flame trap/ventilation system

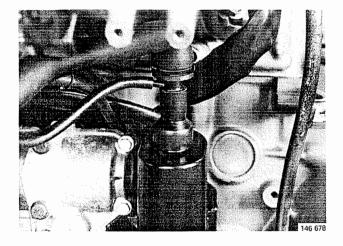
Blockage of the flame trap may be caused by:

- excessive interval between engine oil changes
- use of inferior grade engine oil
- excessive interval between flame trap services

Flame trap blockage restricts crankcase ventilation and increases crankcase pressure.

Symptoms of flame trap blockage:

- Oil dipstick tends to lift in tube.
- Oil leakage from cylinder block seals. Seals do not always require renewal if leakage is due to this cause.
 Overhaul flame trap, clean engine and reinspect for seal leakage.
- Engine knocks.



Flame trap, inspection

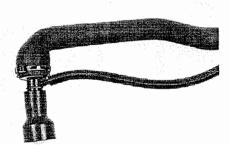
AM1

Remove oil trap T-piece

Disconnect hoses from intake manifold and air inlet hose.

Disconnect bottom T-piece hose from oil trap.

AM2

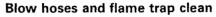


Inspect flame trap

Disconnect hoses from T-piece.
Cut tie around top T-piece hose.
Remove flame trap from T-piece.

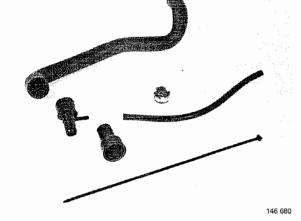
Crankcase ventilation, checking/overhaul

AM3



Replace flame trap if blocked.

Check hose connection under intake manifold.

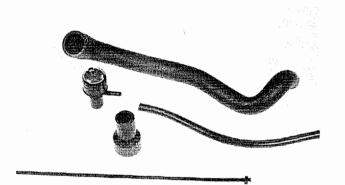


AM4

Install/reconnect:

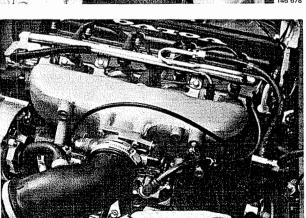
- flame trap in T-piece
- hoses to T-piece
- tie around upper hose
- T-piece and hoses in oil trap

Connect hoses to intake manifold.



146 681

146 678



Oil trap seals, replacement

AM5

Detach T-piece from oil trap

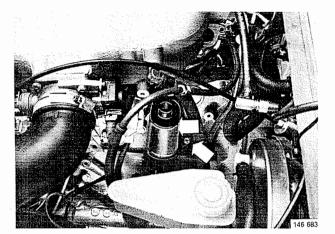
Disconnect hoses from intake manifold and oil trap. Remove oil trap from cylinder block.

AM6

Remove intake manifold

Undo support at left-hand engine mounting. Separate manifold from cylinder head.

Crankcase ventilation, checking/overhaul



AM7

Remove oil trap

Lift trap out of cylinder block.

Lift intake manifold when oil trap has been removed.

N.B. Ensure that seals do not fall into crankcase.

AM8

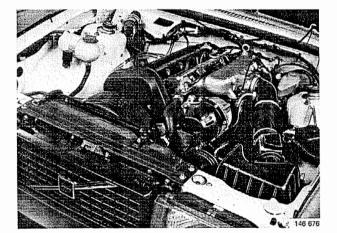


- O-rings on oil trap (use new rings)
- oil trap in cylinder block
- gasket between intake manifold and cylinder head (use **new** gasket)
- intake manifold and support
- T-piece and hoses to oil trap

Reconnect hoses to intake manifold.

146 684

AM9

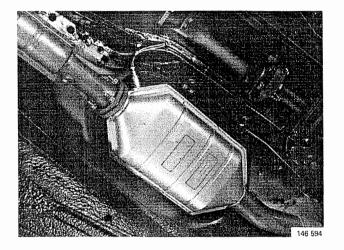


Check operation

Start engine.

Inspect for leakage.

AN. Exhaust system, inspection/overhaul

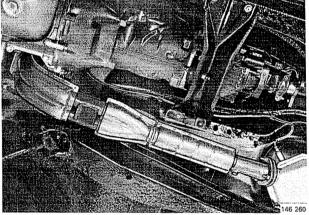


Sealing

The system must not only be well sealed, but must also be assembled from components made to manufacturer's specifications, to ensure optimum engine performance and guarantee the cleaning efficiency of the catalytic converter.*

New gaskets must be used when fitting components.

* Engines supplied to certain markets (E engines) may not be fitted with catalytic converters.



Exhaust manifold, replacement

AN1

Release front exhaust pipe

Remove nuts in joint with manifold.

Undo joint between catalytic converter and front silencer.

AN2

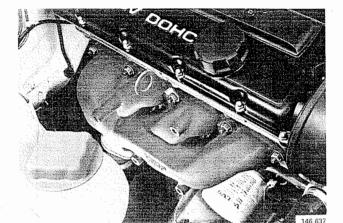
Remove heat shields

Disconnect air preheating hose.

Remove top and bottom heat shields.

Disconnect front exhaust pipe from bracket on flywheel housing.

Exhaust system, inspection/overhaul

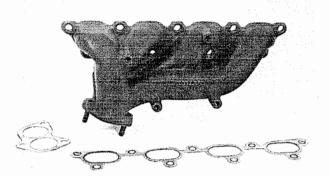


AN3

Remove exhaust manifold and gasket

Inspect faces of joints with cylinder head and front exhaust pipe.





Install exhaust manifold

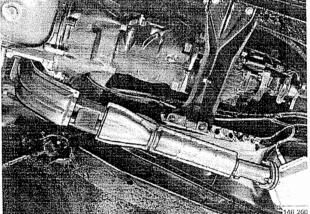
Use new gasket.

Tighten manifold on cylinder head.

Attach lifting lug to upper row of bolts between No. 2 and No. 3 exhaust branches.

146 638

AN5



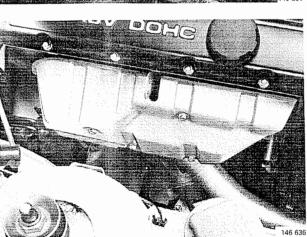
Install front exhaust pipe

Use new gasket.

Tighten joint with manifold.

Tighten joint at front of catalytic converter/silencer.

AN6



Install heat shields

Tighten exhaust pipe to bracket on flywheel housing. Reconnect air preheating hose.

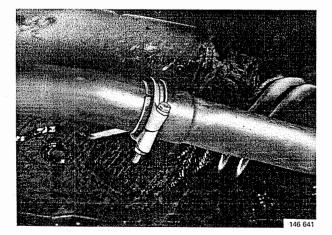
Check operation

Start engine.

Check system for leaks.

Exhaust pipe, replacement

146 639



General

Use new gaskets.

Replace conical steel ring in clamped joint on front exhaust pipe only if damaged.

Inspect rubber mountings and replace if necessary.

Pipe sections should overlap by approx. 40 mm $(1 \frac{1}{2} in)$.

Clearance between exhaust system and body should not be less than 20 mm ($^{3}/_{4}$ in).

N.B. Ensure that oxygen sensor wiring is protected against strain when replacing exhaust systems on cars with catalytic converters.

AN7

Installation of complete system

Follow procedure below to avoid stresses in system: Install front pipe and tighten bolted joint with manifold. Insert and tighten mounting bolts in front pipe bracket. Offer up and align other components.

Tighten pipe/silencer clamps.

Tighten nuts at front pipe pivot point.

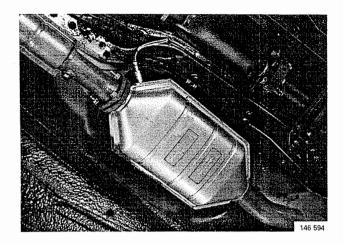
Check clearance between system and body. Adjust as required.

AN8

Check operation

Start engine.

Check system for leaks.



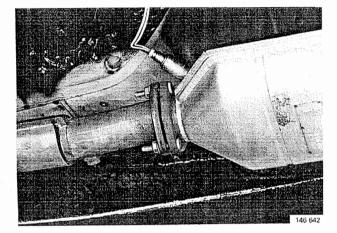
Catalytic converter

General

Different catalytic converters are used depending on engine type, model year and market.

Each converter provided with a plate stating the part number and other details.

The unit is also marked with an arrow to indicate the direction of flow.

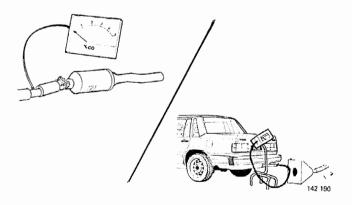


AN9

Connection to front exhaust pipe

Catalytic converter flange is fitted with fixed bolts.

Bolts may be replaced with separate bolts in the event of damage.



AN10

Check catalytic converter

Converter efficiency may be checked by measuring and comparing CO content before and after unit.

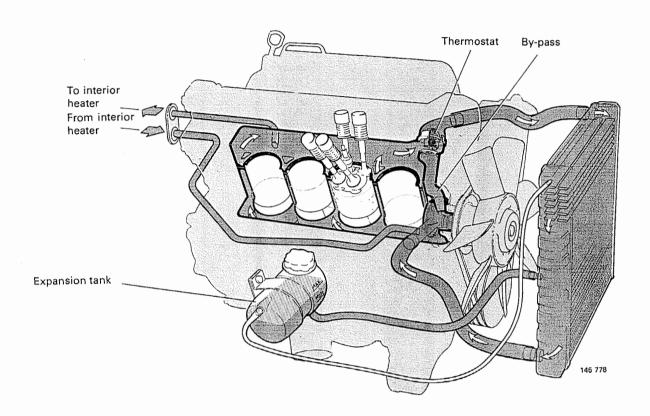
Converter reduces CO content on reaching ignition temperature (450°C/840°F).

Group 26 Cooling system

	Procedure	Page
Design/function	_	236
Cooling system, checking/overhaul		237
Coolant pump, inspection/replacement	AP1-11	240
Thermostat, checking/replacement	AQ1-7	243
Drive helts	ΔR1_2	245

Design/function

Cooling system



The liquid-cooled engine is equipped with a closed cooling system.

The system consists of an inner and an outer circuit, the latter including the radiator and expansion tank. Other parts of the system and of the car heating system are considered part of the inner circuit.

The outer circuit is isolated when the engine temperature is below the thermostat opening temperature. Under these conditions, coolant is returned to the pump inlet through a by-pass in the cylinder head.

The system is filled (either when empty or when topping up) through the expansion tank.

Genuine Volvo coolant diluted with **clean** water in proportions of **50/50** is the only coolant guaranteed by Volvo to prevent corrosion and freezing damage.

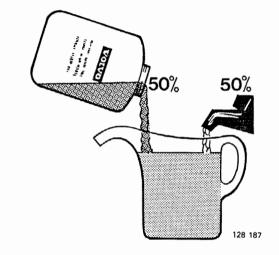
Type C (blue-green) coolant may not be mixed with any other type.

The coolant must be replaced **every second year** to ensure protection against corrosion.

Cooling system, checking/overhaul

AO. Cooling system, checking/overhaul

Special tools: 998-5496



Coolant

Since some engine components are made of aluminium, the coolant must contain an active corrosion inhibitor to prevent corrosion damage.

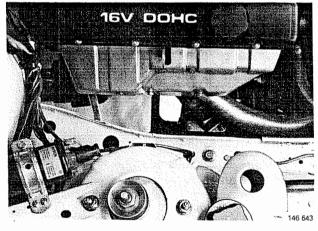
Genuine Volvo coolant diluted with **clean** water in proportions of **50/50** is the only coolant guaranteed by Volvo to prevent corrosion and freezing damage.

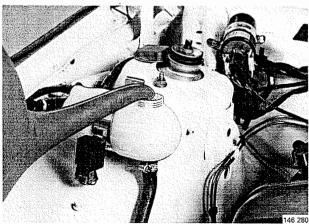
Type C (blue-green) coolant may not be mixed with any other type.

The coolant must be replaced every second year to ensure protection against corrosion.

Only type C coolant should be used as a replacement.

Capacity, manual gearbox......9.5 I (10 US qt) automatic gearbox......9.3 I (9.8 US qt)





Coolant, changing

A01

Drain coolant

Set heater control to max. heat.

Remove expansion tank cap.

Open cock on right-hand side of cylinder block. Fit hose to cock to collect coolant.

Disconnect bottom radiator hose.

Close drain cock and replace radiator hose.

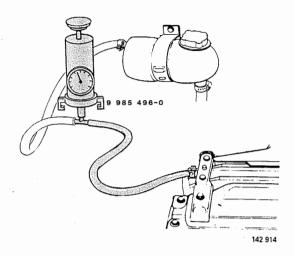
A02

Fill system with coolant

Fill system through expansion tank.

Run engine up to temperature and top up as required. Inspect system for leaks.

Cooling system, checking/overhaul



Checking system for leaks

A03

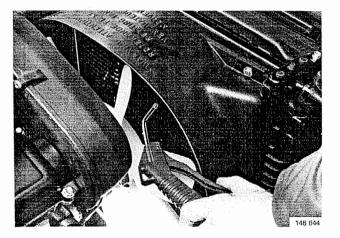
Pressure test cooling system

Use pressure tester 998 5496.

Connect tester to T-piece on vent line between expansion tank and radiator.

Increase pressure and check opening pressure and tightness of filler cap:

- correct pressure is 150 kPa (22 lb/in)
- pressure in system should be steady



Radiator, cleaning/checking operation

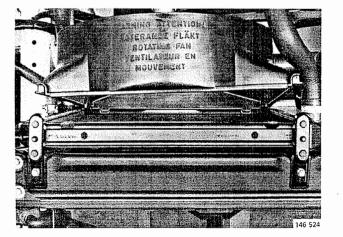
A04

Cleaning of radiator

Clean off insects and other dirt by flushing from the rear with water and blowing clean with compressed air.

N.B. Excessive pressure will damage cooling fins.

A05



Inspection of radiator

Run engine up to working temperature. Continue running for another few minutes.

Stop engine.

Remove top section of fan shroud from radiator.

Feel radiator with hand. Presence of cold areas indicates that unit is partially blocked.

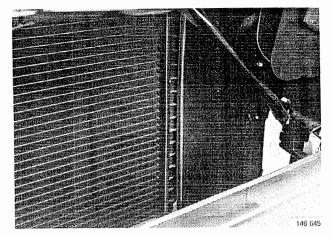
Cooling system, checking/overhaul

A06

Checking/adjustment of radiator position

Radiator must be fitted tight against front panel, otherwise air leakage may occur at sides.

Adjust position of air baffles as required.



Coolant temperature sensors

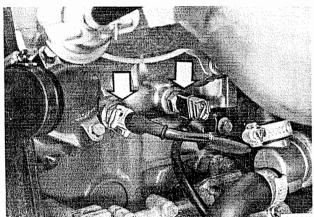
A07

Location of sensors

Sensors are located on left-hand side of cylinder head under intake manifold.

Front sensor supplies signal to ignition and fuel injection systems.

Rear sensor is connected to temperature gauge.



Radiator fan

A08

Fan blades, replacement

Remove top section of fan shroud. Remove blades from clutch housing.

Install:

- new fan blades
- fan shroud

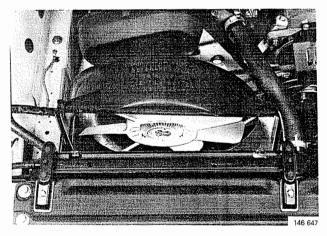
A09

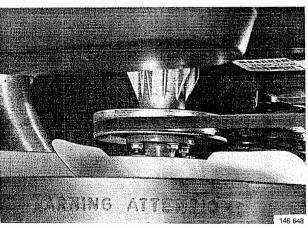


Slacken alternator drive belt.
Withdraw fan from driver on water pump.

Replace fan

Adjust alternator belt tension.

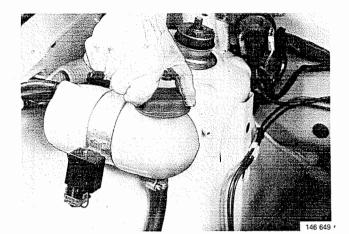




Coolant pump, inspection/replacement

AP. Coolant pump, inspection/replacement

Special tool: 998 5496



Coolant pump, inspection

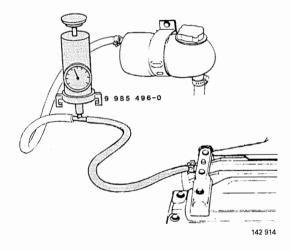
AP1

Run engine until hot

Continue running until thermostat opens.

Stop engine.

N.B. Lower pressure in cooling system. Open expansion tank cap **carefully!** Retighten cap when pressure has been reduced.



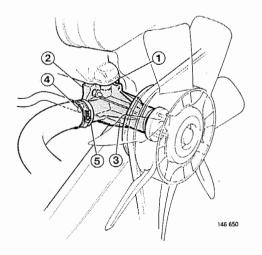
AP2

Pressure test cooling system

Use pressure tester **998 5496**. Fit T-piece in vent line between radiator and expansion tank.

Increase pressure to 150 kPa.

Pressure must not drop significantly in 3 minutes.

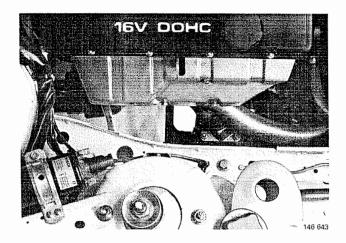


AP3

Proceed as follows in case of leakage: (Numbers refer to locations indicated on illustration)

- 1. Replace all gaskets.
- 2. Replace all gaskets.
- 3. Replace complete pump.
- 4. Replace all gaskets.
- 5. Overhaul hose connection:
 - clean off corrosion, if any
 - replace hose clip, if necessary
 - replace hose, if necessary

Coolant pump, inspection/replacement



Coolant pump, replacement

AP4

Drain coolant

Set heater control to max. heat.

Remove expansion tank cap.

Open cock on right-hand side of cylinder block. Fit hose to cock to collect coolant.

Disconnect bottom radiator hose.

Close drain cock and replace hose.

AP5

Remove:

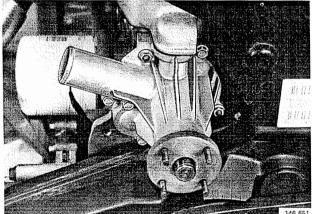
- alternator drive belt
- radiator fan and pulley



AP6

Remove coolant pump

Remove all bolts, washers and nuts.

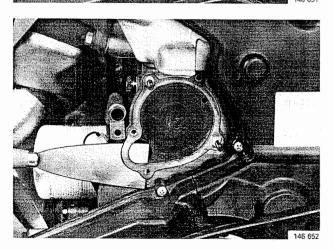




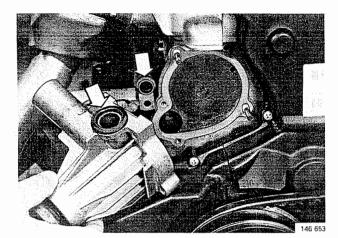
Clean joint faces and mating surfaces

Scrape all gasket remains from cylinder block.

Clean mating surface of rubber seal with cylinder head.



Coolant pump, inspection/replacement



Replace coolant pump

Use **new** gaskets between pump housing and cylinder block, cylinder head and return pipe.

Place O-ring on return pipe and gasket on block.

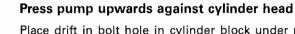
Ensure that O-ring is located in groove in pump housing.

Tighten both mounting nuts.

Tighten nuts sufficiently to eliminate play while permitting adjustment of pump position.

AP9

AP8



Place drift in bolt hole in cylinder block under pump housing.

Use screwdriver to press pump housing upwards against cylinder head.

Replace remaining washers and bolts.

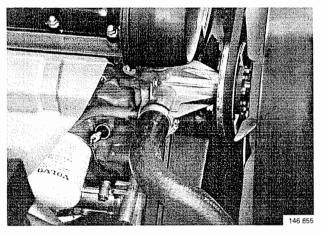
Tighten pump housing.

Reconnect return pipe.

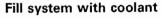
AP10

Install:

- bottom radiator hose
- radiator fan and pulley
- alternator drive belt

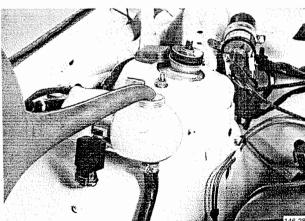


AP11

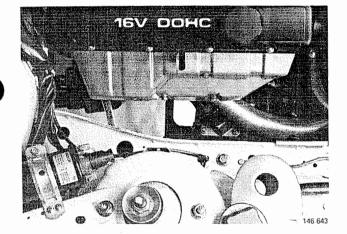


Fill system through expansion tank.

Run engine up to temperature and top up as required. Inspect system for leaks.



AQ. Thermostat, checking/replacement



Thermostat replacement

AQ1

Drain off approx. 2 litres (2 US qt) of coolant

Remove expansion tank cap.

Open cock on right-hand side of cylinder block. Fit hose to cock to collect coolant.

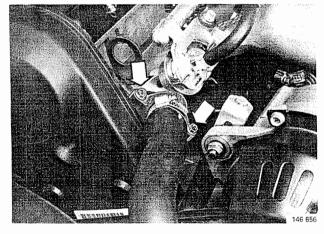
Close drain cock.

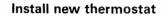
AQ2

Undo thermostat housing

Remove thermostat and gasket.

Clean joint surfaces on cylinder head and thermostat housing.



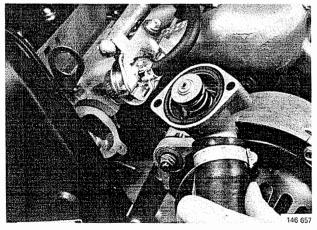


Use new gasket.

Place gasket on thermostat.

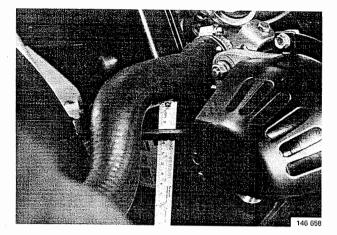
Place thermostat in housing.

Replace and tighten housing.



AQ3

Thermostat, inspection/replacement

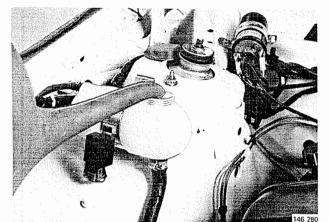


Check upper radiator hose

Clearance between alternator drive belt and hose must **not** be less than **25 mm** (1 in).



AQ4

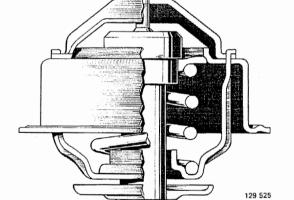


Fill system with coolant

Fill system through expansion tank.

Run engine until thermostat opens and top up as required.

Inspect system for leaks.



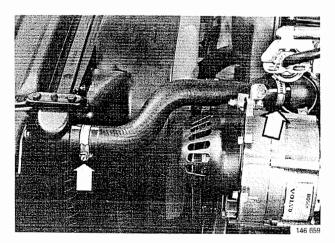
Checking thermostat

AQ6

Check opening function

Thermostat may be tested in hot water. Maximum opening must be reached within **2 minutes** in water at operating temperature.

Marking Opening commences at Fully open at 87 86–88°C (187–190°F) 97°C (207°F)



Top radiator hose, position marking

AQ7

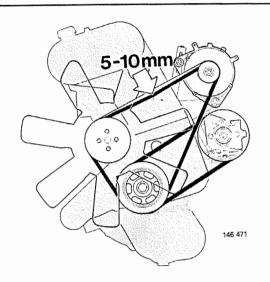
Top radiator hose, replacement

Position front marking (radiator end) facing straight upwards.

Position rear marking (thermostat end) opposite joint on thermostat housing.

Check that clearance between normally adjusted alternator drive belt and hose is at least 25 mm (1 in).

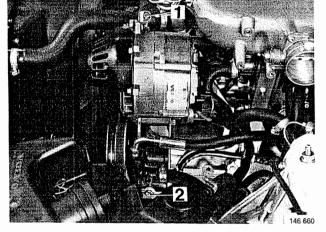
AR. Auxiliary drive belts



General

When correctly tensioned, free movement of belt between pulleys should be **5–10 mm** (3/16–3/8 in).

N.B. Replace **both** belts when renewing parts on engines with twin drive belts.



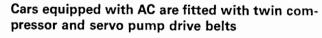
Adjust belt tension

Loosen auxiliary mounting bolts.

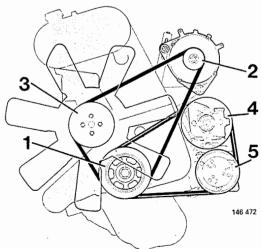
Tension belts by operating adjusters 1 (alternator) and 2 (servopump/AC compressor).

Tighten mounting boits.





- 1. Crankshaft pulley
- 2. Alternator
- 3. Radiator fan
- 4. Servo pump
- 5. AC compressor



AR1

Contents

Group 27 Engine controls

Contents

	Procedure	Page
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Cruise control

Design/function

Warning! Cruise control must not be used on wet or slippery road surfaces, or in dense traffic.



146 747

In the system, a regulator is used to control a vacuum pump in response to signals from the speedometer and from a control lever. The pump, in turn, operates a vacuum servo connected to the throttle pulley by a cable

The system maintains the speed of the car constant by continuously adjusting the vacuum in the servo in response to variations in speed.

Speed adjustment

Set switch to ON.

Accelerate to required speed (at least 40 km/h/25 mph).

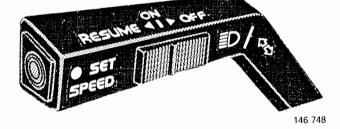
Press **SET SPEED** button in the end of the direction indicator stalk. Release button and remove foot from accelerator.

To reduce set speed

Set switch to **OFF**. When car has slowed to required speed, reset switch to **ON** and operate **SET SPEED** button.

To increase set speed

Accelerate to required speed and press **SET SPEED** button. Car will now maintain the higher speed.



Temporary speed increase

Operate accelerator in usual manner.

Car will return to previous speed setting when pedal is released.

Disengagement of system

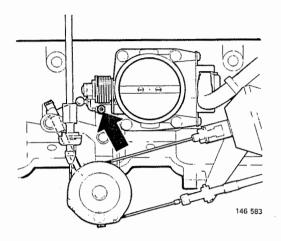
Press brake or clutch pedal lightly or set switch to OFF.

Return to set speed

After braking, the car will return to the previous speed setting if the switch is held in the **RESUME** position for a brief instant.



AS. Throttle/kickdown cable, inspection/adjustment



AS1

Basic adjustment of throttle

Disconnect air inlet hose from throttle housing.

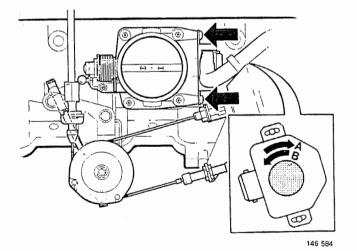
Remove throttle pulley link rod.

Undo adjuster locknut.

Screw out adjuster until throttle is fully closed. If throttle does **not** close, remove throttle switch.

Screw in adjuster until it is just in contact with throttle lever. Screw in a further turn. half farm

Lock adjuster with locknut. Ensure that adjuster does not move during this procedure.



Check throttle switch setting

Open throttle slightly and listen to switch. Switch should emit a click (indicating opening of idling contacts) as soon as throttle opens.

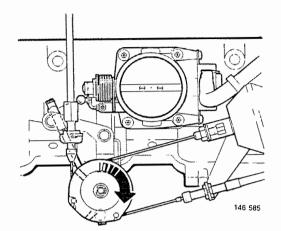
Adjust as follows:

- undo mounting screws
- turn switch slightly clockwise
- turn switch anticlockwise until click is heard
- tighten screws
- check setting

AS2

Throttle/kickdown cable, inspection/adjustment

AS3



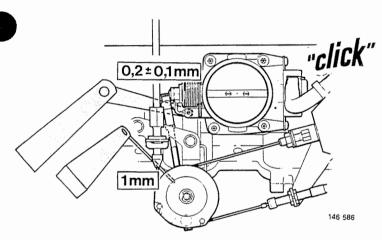
Inspect/adjust throttle pulley and cable

Pulley should turn easily without sticking.

Cable should be taut in idling position without preventing pulley from bearing against idling stop.

Adjust as required.

Press accelerator to floor and check that pulley rotates to meet full-load stop.



AS4

AS5

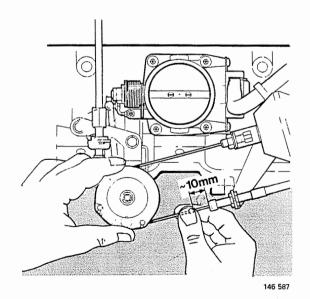
Connect and inspect/adjust link rod

Insert 1 mm (0.04 in) feeler gauge between projection on throttle pulley and idling stop.

Clearance between throttle lever and adjuster should now be 0.2 ± 0.1 mm (0.008 ±0.004 in).

Adjust link rod as required.

Check throttle switch. Switch must open immediately when link rod lifts.



Kickdown cable, inspection/adjustment

Check that cable:

- is seated in groove in pulley
- is taut in idling position without exerting pull on pulley
- moves easily in sleeve

Pull cable out approx. 10 mm (3/8 in) and release suddenly. Metallic click should be heard from kickdown cam (in gearbox) as it returns to idle position.

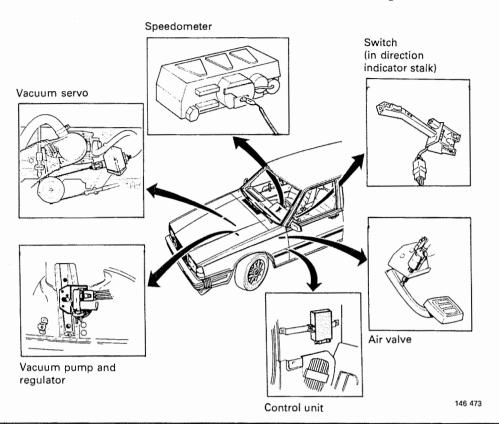
Cable over-taut: No clicking sound.

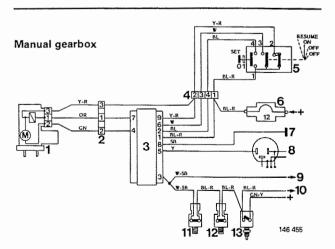
Cable slack: No kickdown action.

Correct by adjusting cable tensioner.

 $\mbox{{\bf N.B.}}$ Throttle pulley must return to stop as described in AS3.

AT. Cruise control, location of components





Cruise control, wiring diagram

Components

- 1 Vacuum pump and regulator
- 2 11-pole connector at right-hand A-post (located in black box containing three connectors)
- 3 Control unit
- 4 Connector
- 5 Switch (in direction indicator stalk)
- 6 From busbar +15 (in central electrical unit), across fuse No. 12
- 7 Earth terminal (in central electrical unit)
- 8 Speedometer
- 9 To gear change relay (manual gearbox only)
- 10 To brake lights
- 11 Clutch pedal air valve
- 12 Brake pedal air valve
- 13 Brake light switch

Colour codes

R = red

Y = yellow

BL = blue

GN = green

W = white

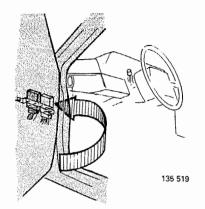
OR = orange

SB = black

AT2

AT1

Cruise control



Cruise control, checking/fault tracing

AT3

AT5

Important! Cruise control function will not operate if speedometer is out of order.

Control unit should be replaced only if remainder of system is fault-free. Replacement of unit without rectifying other system faults will result in damage to new unit.



Both cables should be taut in idling position without altering position of pulley. Pulley should bear against idling stop.

Adjust cables as required.

146 474

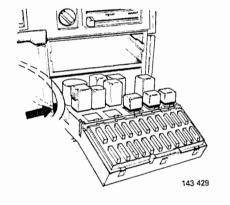
to full-load stop.

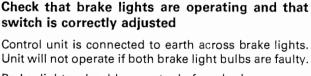
Press accelerator to floor and check that pulley moves

Check fuses No. 4 and 12

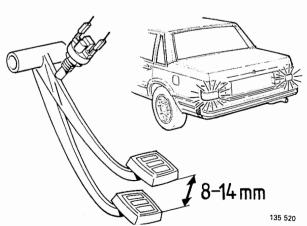
Check wiring and vacuum hoses

Hoses must be correctly connected and must not be crimped or damaged. Connections must be correctly made.





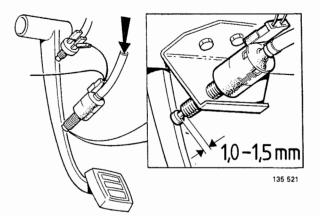
Brake lights should operate before brakes engage when pedal is depressed by 8-14 mm (1/4-1/2 in). Adjust as required.





AT6

Cruise control



AT7

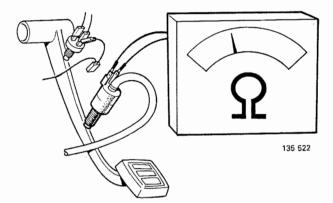
Check that brake pedal air valve is correctly adjusted and is not leaking (Repeat check for clutch pedal valve on manuals)

Valve must close, without leaking, when pedal is released, and must open when pedal is operated.

Check each valve by connecting and blowing into a tube.

Adjust as required.

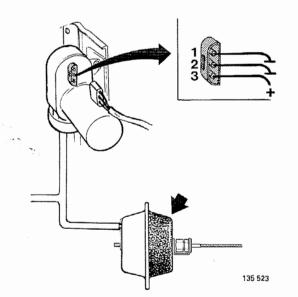




Check that air valve switches are operating correctly

Connect ohmmeter across switch terminals. Resistance must be low (circuit closed) when pedal is released and infinite (open circuit) when pedal is operated.





Check vacuum pump and regulator; check system for leaks

Three separate leads are required for checking purposes.

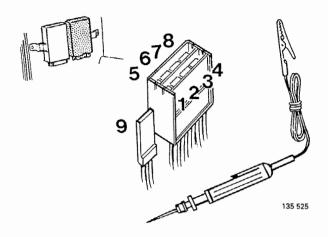
Remove vacuum pump connector.

Connect one lead between 12 V power source and pump terminal 3. Connect remaining two leads between earth and pump terminals 1 and 2. Pump should start and vacuum servo should pull cable to bottom limit. Disconnect earth lead from terminal 2. Pump should stop and vacuum servo should remain in actuated position. Absence of servo movement when pump is operated indicates leakage in system or pump fault.

Disconnect earth lead from terminal 1. Vacuum servo should return to original position. Failure to do so indicates pump fault.

Disconnect supply lead.

Replace vacuum pump connector.



AT10

Check wiring

Switch off ignition and disconnect control unit.

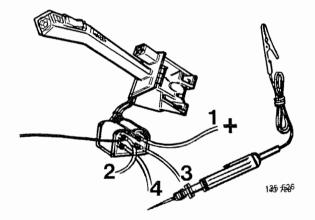
Test connector pins using test lamp as described below.

(Also see wiring diagram.)

Test procedure	Fault symptom	Cause/action
 Ignition off Switch on Connect test lamp across earth and terminals 1 to 9 in turn Lamp must not light when connected to any of terminals 	Lamp lights at certain terminal(s)	- Faulty wiring connection - Flashover
Ignition off Switch on	Lamp does not light when connected to terminal 1	- Check fuse No. 2 - Wiring open-circuit
Connect test lamp across earth and terminals 1 to 9 in turn Lamp should light when	Lamp does not light when connected to terminal 9	- Check switch - Wiring open-circuit
connected to terminals 1, 9 and 4	Lamp does not light when connected to terminal 4	- Vacuum pump not connected - Wiring open-circuit
 Ignition off Switch on Connect test lamp across earth and terminals 1 and 8 in turn Lamp should light 	Lamp does not light	- Faulty earth connection
Ignition off Switch on Connect test lamp across earth	Lamp does not light when pedals are released	Wiring open-circuit Brake light switch not connected
and terminals 1 and 9 in turn Lamp should light when pedals are released and go out when pedals are operated	Lamp does not go out when pedals are operated	- Check control switch - Wiring open-circuit
 Ignition off Switch on Press SET SPEED button Connect test lamp across earth and terminal 2. Press SET SPEED button. Lamp should light 	Lamp does not light	Check control switchWiring open-circuit

Cruise control

Test procedure	Fault symptom	Cause/action
 Ignition off Switch on Connect test lamp across earth and terminal 6. Set switch to RESUME position. Lamp should light 	Lamp does not light	Check control switch (see AT11)Wiring open-circuit
 Ignition off Switch on Connect lead across earth and terminal 7. Vacuum pump in engine compartment should emit click. Connect second lead across earth and terminal 4. Vacuum pump should start 	Click not heard and pump does not start	- Wiring open-circuit



AT11

Check cruise control switch

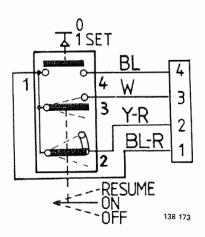
Open connector at switch.

Connect lead between 12 V power supply and terminal 1

Connect test lamp across earth and terminals 2 to 4 in turn.

Lamp should light as indicated in table below. Replace switch if faulty.

Terminal	Switch positi	Switch position and test lamp function			
	OFF	ON	ON SET SPEED depressed	RESUME	
2 3 4	not lit not lit not lit	lit not lit not lit	lit not lit lit	lit lit not lit	



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